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FAMILY RECORD

OF THE

Maltby-Morehouse Family

A LIST OF PEDIGREES

WITH GENEALOGICAL NOTES, ARRANGED FOR THE CONVENIENCE
OF THE CHILDREN OF

George Elsworth Maltby

AND

Georgia Lord (Morehouse) Maltby

BY

THEIR MOTHER

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A LIMITED EDITION PRIVATELY PRINTED.

Copyright, 1897,
By George Lord Morgan Malby.

The Tuttle, Morehouse & Taylor Press, New Haven, Conn.

MALTBY FAMILY

INTRODUCTION.

Some six months ago, the compiler of these pages being in possession of a number of family records, and feeling a desire that they should be preserved for the benefit of her children, began the task of arranging them in simple form, so that the pedigree in any family might be seen at a glance. The notes, however, becoming somewhat voluminous, it was deemed best to have them printed in order to make them available, although *they are in no sense intended for the public*, but merely for a *personal family record.*

No attempt has been made to give complete accounts of the various persons mentioned, as extensive genealogies of most of the families have already been prepared, or are now in preparation, but only such notes and records have been used as were at hand or readily obtainable. For this reason many prominent men are given but little notice, while others of less note are mentioned at length.

As everything in the work is taken from some history, genealogy, or record, the compiler has endeavored, as far as possible, to quote the exact language given—which will account for the variations in style.

As to the plan of the work—there is none, except that it is divided into four parts; Maltby, Bogert, Morehouse, and Brown—(these being the names of the grandparents of the children of the compiler, for whose convenience the record is

prepared, the pedigrees in each lineage [illegible] arranged, and carried out to the same generation, in order to do away with the necessity of referring to some other line for the continuation.

The figures refer to the number of generations, which are counted in nearly every instance from the first American ancestor; where there are two sets, however, the first indicates the complete line, and the second the American continuation.

G. L. M.

New Haven, Conn.
August [illegible], 1894.

Note of Explanation.

It will be seen that the foregoing introductory notes do not work as complete: that is, as containing the four pedigrees Malby, Bogert, Morehouse and Brown, covered only the first for Malby, and that is given. The sudden death of Mr. George Ellsworth Malby having interrupted the preparation of the work so that the publication of the complete record may be deferred for years, the compiler has decided to offer these unfinished pages as they are, trusting they may prove of service to some.

Georgia Lord Morehouse Malby

April 19, 1895.

PART I.

MALTBY.

Arms. Argent upon a bend sable three [illegible] or.
Crest: Upon a cap of dignity a [illegible] gules.

The New Eng. Hist. and Gen. Register (1867, [illegible] 299) has the following:

"List of the Pilgrims contained in [illegible] Yarmouth [illegible] taken [illegible]

"The [illegible] brought [illegible] in the Year [illegible] with few exceptions, in 1630 or 1632."

There follows a list of Yorkshire families in which [illegible] page 201: "Maltby—[illegible]."

This is undoubtedly the Middle family of Yorkshire to which William Maltby [illegible]

Strong in his [illegible] persons of the name of Maltby: John [illegible] recorded in Brampton, Conn., [illegible] signed by a [illegible]

At [illegible] "Mr. Maltby who has recently come to New Haven [illegible]

* The title Hon. was entirely [illegible] for many years was applied only to the Governor, [illegible] next after was that of Esq. and meant the same [illegible] James I.

Mr. Thomas [illegible] for 17 yrs. [illegible] Gov. the 21 time, before he was [illegible] but seven [illegible] to 1, [illegible] general affairs of the colony, [illegible]

account of [illegible] the Christian name. As William and John were young men at the time of their emigration, it seems probable that it was their father to whom reference is made, and that he was the Robert Maltby of the deed. This receives confirmation [illegible] the fact that this name is associated [illegible] with another name—James Bishop, who also signed, being the father-in-law of William Maltby.

The following is a copy of the deed:

Know all whom it may concern that I, Thomas Blatchley, of Branford, in New England, husbandman, for and in consideration of the sum of one hundred pounds of lawful money of New England to me in hand, at and before the ensealing and delivery hereof, by William Maltby, resident at New Haven in New England, [illegible] and truly paid the receipt whereof, I the said Thomas Blatchley do hereby acknowledge, and myself [illegible] contented and paid [illegible] every part and parcel thereof, do clearly [illegible] the said William Maltby, his heirs [illegible] have given, granted, bargained, sold, [illegible] grant, alienate, bargain, sell and [illegible] unto the said William Maltby, his heirs and assigns, all that my dwelling house, [illegible] garden, homestead, with all other [illegible] and all singular ways, waters, [illegible] privileges and appurtenances whatsoever, to the same, [illegible] belong or in any wise appertain, with all my other rights and title [illegible] parcels of land and meadow, viz: [illegible] adjacent to [illegible] Neck, and my [illegible] land and meadow at the [illegible]

well born. Comparatively few of the [illegible] of the town [illegible] [illegible] Masters [illegible] was a more certain [illegible] and [illegible] many men [illegible] [illegible] current [illegible] were scores of men of good [illegible] stations, who still did not possess all the requisite qualities of Master. It was seldom that young men of whatever rank were called Masters. [illegible] sometimes applied to young gentlemen [illegible] was applied [illegible] Masters and also to [illegible]

Military titles were [illegible] order. [illegible] military officer [illegible] History [illegible].

Palfrey in Hist. of N. Eng., says: [illegible] in the [illegible] tion of [illegible] the [illegible] common [illegible] always [illegible] to their names. . . . . . [illegible] Mass., proprietors, [illegible] was [illegible] to "Mr."

(Quoted from the "Tuttle Family."—*G. F. Tuttle*.)

[illegible] Scotch Cap, [illegible] be [illegible] to be [illegible] [illegible] Mr. [illegible] Nash [illegible] and other evid[illegible] [illegible] ship [illegible] other the premises [illegible] bye, his heirs [illegible] behalf of the [illegible] Mal[illegible] over, [illegible] and assigns, [illegible] with the [illegible] presents [illegible] live his heirs [illegible] and [illegible] possess and enjoy the aforesaid [illegible] other, the premises [illegible] trouble [illegible] soever of or by [illegible] assigns or any [illegible] Blachley [illegible] saved [illegible] and all [illegible] and all [illegible] and encumbrances [illegible] or [illegible] Blachley, [illegible] or any other [illegible] them, or some [illegible] their [illegible]

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this sixteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand six hundred and seventy-three. 1673.

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of
James Bishop, Assistant,
Edward Barker,
Robert Maltoye. } Thomas Blachley.

At a town meeting in the month of April 1673, Susanna the wife of Thomas Blachley did freely give her consent to the above written act and deed of sale.

Recorded by me Eleazer Stent, Recorder.

[illegible] MS. [illegible] Colonies [illegible] Provincetown [illegible] Mr. [illegible] Congress [illegible] MS. [illegible] Historical [illegible] Pendleton [illegible] Rev. W. [illegible] [illegible] America [illegible] 1677, [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible] Gov. [illegible] William Morley, and [illegible] James [illegible] New Haven [illegible] Branford, [illegible] Justice of the [illegible] Mr. [illegible] some of the [illegible] Esq. Judge W. M[illegible]."

In the [illegible] Mass. Hist. Soc. [illegible] 7, 4[illegible] series, is a letter [illegible] Whitmore, [illegible] "New Haven, April 15, 1671," which contains [illegible]:

"Here is no news [illegible] but of Mr. [illegible] arrival safe at Nevis; that ship he went in [illegible] cast away by [illegible] after the goods were landed, and [illegible] for England."

Baldwin in his Branford Annals (N. H. Hist. Soc. Papers, vol. iii, p. 265), says:

"Among the [illegible] Newark records [illegible] the Newark [illegible] William Matthew, and Samuel [illegible]."

[1] Date of course [illegible] 1656.

[2] About 1[illegible].

Page 270:

"The Wilcoxes, Maltbies, Parkers and Johnsons, that are leading actors in [illegible] of this town, some of the [illegible] have and apparently wealthy. [illegible] became [illegible] in Fairfield."

"The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]."

It has been [illegible] that Abigail Hickox may have been the second wife of William Maltby. The list of members embodied in the church Covenant at Branford, March 7, 1687-8, begins in this way, "[illegible] Russell, William Maltby," etc., "and wife, Hannah Parker, Hannah Maltby," etc. This Hannah Maltby may have been the first wife of William, as their names are mentioned together as church members April 16, 1687-8, or she may have been the wife of Robert and the mother of William.

The tombstone of William Maltby and that of his wife Abigail still stand in the burial ground at Branford, Conn. They are inscribed thus:

"Here lies William Maltby Esq., who died Sep. ye 7th 1710, aged 65 yrs."

"Here lies Abigail Maltby, wife of William Maltby Esq., who died Oct. ye 24th 1710, aged 54 yrs."

The following is the will of William Maltby:

I, William Maltby of Branford, Esq being this 28th day of August Anno Dom 1710 [illegible] and [illegible] in body but [illegible] in the mercy of God [illegible] years and [illegible] and [illegible] do hereby [illegible] ordain this my last will and testament in manner and form following—

Imprimis I [illegible] my soul to God [illegible] the grave in and my body to [illegible] my Executors hereafter named, hopeing only in the merits of Jesus Christ for the pardon of my sins and an interest in the resurrection of the just.

And as for the disposal of that temporal estate which God of his bounty and goodness hath given to me I give and dispose the same as followeth:

First I give and bequeath unto my oldest son John Maltby all that house and land which I bought for him at Savigs[illegible] Point, the [illegible] I have there with the appurtenances thereof, [illegible] and land my s[illegible] [illegible] unto him my s[illegible] John Maltby my allotment of land which I bought

* The minister.

of Capt. [illegible] and Thomas Hall in exchange about one hundred acres [illegible] the Grounds of William [illegible] Malthby own and an equall [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] forever to [illegible] which [illegible]

[illegible] Malthby [illegible] heir of my [illegible] [illegible] stand [illegible] provided my daughter [illegible] Elizabeth Malthby [illegible] any other children or [illegible] [illegible] between me and [illegible] Wm Malthby [illegible] of them given [illegible] myself and my [illegible] between me and my [illegible] and [illegible] also I give and confirm [illegible] Malthby [illegible] land at [illegible] Tobes Hill [illegible] division in Branford [illegible] parcell of land with [illegible] said [illegible] my [illegible] and [illegible] my Executors.

Item—I give and bequeath unto my loving son Daniel Malthby all that house and land that he now stands in possession of in the town of Branford the land [illegible] more or less as also all my land at Mullinars neck and my [illegible] there also. I further give my [illegible] son Daniel all [illegible] containing [illegible] acres be it more or less [illegible] shall be & remain [illegible] & assigns forever.

I give and bequeath unto my loving son Samuel Malthby and to his heirs that lieth eastward of my now dwelling house in Branford from the street to the salt meadow [illegible] & assigns forever.

Item—I give and bequeath unto my loving son Jonathan Malthby my mansion house [illegible] dwell in within the precinct of Branford and all with the [illegible] all housing [illegible] the before [illegible] it only excepted to be and belong to him his heirs and assigns forever.

Item—I give and bequeath all my other lands arrable pasture or meadows not heretofore disposed of by me or devised in this my last will & testament within the precinct of Branford or elsewhere as the same shall appear on record to be equally divided to & between my sons Samuel Malthby and Jonathan Malthby and to be and belong to them and their or each of their heirs and assigns forever.

Item—I give unto my daughter Jane Parks the bed, bedstead hangings and furniture thereof in my hall [illegible] [illegible] my [illegible]

Item—I give and bequeath to my aforesaid sons John Malthby and Daniell Malthby the remainder of my fourth division lott beyond Tobes Hill part of it being sold to Capt Fowler to be equally divided between them.

Item—My will is [illegible] my right of commonage and undivided land within the [illegible] of Branford be and shall be equally divided to and among all my [illegible] heirs.

Item—I give to my daughter Elizabeth Headley my cupboard with four drawers and long table.

Item—[illegible] by or Jonathan [illegible] to receive [illegible] of them [illegible] of my surviving [illegible].

Lastly my will and [illegible] hereby nominate and appoint my dear and loving wife [illegible] joynt Executrix of this my last will and testament and I give unto my said dear wife the [illegible] of my [illegible] according her natural life [illegible] I also [illegible] Mr. [illegible] and give assistance in the execution of this my last will and testament and do revoke [illegible].

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal in Branford this [illegible] day of [illegible] Anno Domini 1711 in the ninth year of her majesty's reigne.

I the said William Maltby do also bequeath five pounds to my son John Maltby's eldest [illegible] and five pounds to each of the rest of my eldest grandsons now living to be paid as money will by my Executors and also five shillings apiece to each of my grand children.

WM. MALTBY [SEAL]

Signed sealed and published as the last will and testament by the subscriber in presence of us

JEREMIAH OSBORNE
SAMUEL POND
UZALL WARDELL
her
MIRIAN W POND
mark

Appeared the witnesses to the last will and testament of Wm Maltby Esqr late of Branford deceased and made oath that they saw the said Wm. Maltby Esqr sign, seal and publish ye will as his last will and testament and that he was of sound mind and understanding when he so did according to the best of their judgment, whereupon the Court accept and allow of said will and order it be entered on record

Test

JOHN WINSTON, *Clerk.*

The Inventory of William Maltby's estate shows him to have been quite a large land owner. Besides the lands men-

tioned in his will he had: Plow land at Scotch Cap, also salt meadow and [illegible] land at the same place. Also [illegible] at Great Plaine and more land at Indian Neck and Point [illegible]. Meadow land at Indian Neck and salt meadow at Pocasset bridge. 24 acres of Cow pasture. 70 acres of land at sea. Hill and swamp land at Cranberry Swamp.

GENEALOGY OF THE MALTBY FAMILY

AS COMPILED BY

DEACON CHARLES FOOTE*

Of Northford, Conn.

One line of descent from William Maltby of Branford, Conn., who with his brother John came over from England.

John married Mary Bryan, daughter of Richard of Milford.

John (see appendix 1, p. 82), lost at sea, 1676, is supposed to have left no family.

John's widow, Mrs. Mary Bryan Maltby, married a Mr. Howell of Long Island, so says Jonathan Maltby of Barnesville.

WILLIAM MALTBY b. ——; m. ——; d. Sept. 1, 1710, the common ancestor of all the Maltbys in this region; was a man of note in Branford, being magistrate and repeatedly representative to the General Court; m. Abigail, d. Oct. 24, 1710, dau. of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. JOHN (Saybrook, probably a mistake, see appendix 2, p. 83), m., had three children, Rev. John N. (1741), and two daughters.
2. WILLIAM, JR., (see appendix 2, p. 83), b. June 3, 1667.
3. ELIZABETH, m. Abraham Hoadley, b. April 30, 1673; m. March 14, 1697.
4. DANIEL, b. May 19, 1679; m. Oct. 27, 1702; d. Dec. 26, 1731.
5. SAMUEL, b. Aug. 7, 1693; m. Dec. 8, 1715; d. Dec. 2, 1751.
6. JONATHAN (see appendix 3, p. 84), b. July 26, 1698.
7. Daughter, m. Daniel Parker.

CAPTAIN SAMUEL MALTBY, A.B. (b. Aug. 7, 1693; m. Dec. 8, 1715; d. Dec. 2, 1751), fifth child of above William and Abigail Maltby of Branford; was one of the two graduates

*This genealogy was not intended for publication but, through the courtesy of his widow the copy of it is included in [illegible] in the [illegible] at Northford, Conn., in the hands of Deacon William Maltby.

of Yale College, 1712, the other being Russell, also of Branford; his autograph at Yale is in Northford; m. Elizabeth Barker, d. Dec. 7, 1752; dau. of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. ABIGAIL, b. Oct. 29, 1716.
2. SAMUEL, JR., m. Rebecca Foote, b. Oct. 21, 1718; d. Dec. 1, 1770.
3. JAMES, b. June 2, 1721; d. May 24, 1742.
4. ELIZABETH, b. July 8, 1726.
5. MARY, b. Feb. 28, 1723-26.
6. SARAH, m. Edward Russell, b. Nov. 16, 1729; m. May 30, 1752.
7. REBECCA, b. July 28, 1732; d. April 19, 1734.

JONATHAN MALTBY (see appendix 3, p. 54) b. July 26, 1698; m. ——; d. ——, sixth child of William and Abigail; settled in Stamford; gave his brother Samuel deeds of land in Branford, March 22, 1722-23.

SAMUEL, JR. b. Oct. 21, 1718; m. Oct. 13, 1743; d. Dec. 1, 1770, first son of Captain Samuel and Elizabeth *Barker* Maltby, Branford and Northford; m. 1st, Abigail Wilford, dau. of ——.

CHILD:

1. ABIGAIL, b. April 22, 1744; d. March 14, 1826.

Married 2d, Rebecca Foote, b. Oct. 20, 1725; m. Jan. 22, 1746; d. Feb. 9, 1755, dau. of Stephen and Elizabeth *Nash* Foote of Branford.

CHILDREN:

1. SAMUEL, b. Nov. 15, 1746; d. Aug. 18, 1774.
2. JAMES, b. July 8, 1748; d. Feb. 11, 1829.
3. JONATHAN, b. Oct. 21, 1751.
4. REBECCA, b. May 15, 1754; d. May 15, 1755.

Married 3d, Mary, dau. of ——.

SAMUEL MALTBY, 3d b. Nov. 15, 1746; m. ——; d. Aug. 18, 1774, first child of Samuel, Jr. and Rebecca *Foote* Maltby of Northford; m. Rosanna Coe (b. Dec. 22, 1749), dau. of Simeon and Anna *Morris* Coe of Durham.

CHILDREN:

1. JOHN, b. Dec. 8, 1768; m. Oct. 5, 1791; d. Nov. 5, 1842.
2. TIMOTHY.
3. MORRIS.
4. AMY, d. Feb. 23, 1777.

JOHN MALTBY (b. Dec. 8, 1768; m. Oct. 5, 1792; d. Nov. 5, 1842), first child of Samuel, 3d and Rhoda (Cole) Maltby of Northford; m. Mrs. Elizabeth Ives (b. Sept. 17, 1770; d. Jan. 1, 1831), dau. of John and Olive (Beare) Ives of Wallingford.

CHILDREN:

1. SAMUEL CHAUNCY, b. July 17, 1793; m. June 2, 1819; d. March 1, 1829.
2. SELINA, b. March 4, 1794; m. Nov. 28, 1814; d. Sept. 5, 1884.
3. JOHN, b. May 8, 1795; m. May 15, 1827; d. May 15, 1860.
4. JULIA ANN, b. May 17, 1797; m. May 17, 1825; d. Sept. 9, 1838.
5. DENNIS, } twins, b. Oct. 8, 1801; d. Oct. 8, 1801.
6. ——, }

SAMUEL CHAUNCY MALTBY (b. July 17, 1792; m. Dec. 2, 1819; d. March 1, 1829), first child of John and Elizabeth Ives Maltby of Northford; m. Ruth Collins (b. [illegible], 1797; d. Nov. 19, 1871), dau. of Daniel and —— Collins of North Guilford.

CHILDREN:

1. JULIANA, b. June 27, 1820; d. May 25, 1837.
2. WILLIAM IVES, b. Oct. 30, 1821; d. Feb. 17, 1822.
3. SAMUEL CHAUNCY, b. Aug. 1, 1823; d. Jan. 2, 1845.

SELINA MALTBY (b. March 4, 1794; m. Nov. 28, 1814; d. Sept. 5, 1884), second child of John and Elizabeth Ives Maltby; m. Edwin Foot (b. Dec. 2, 1790; d. Feb. 18, 1877), first child of Elihu and Lucy Whitney Foot of Northford.

JOHN MALTBY, Jr. and Ruth (b. May 8, 1795; m. May 15, 1827; d. May 15, 1860), third child of John and Elizabeth Ives Maltby; m. Margaret Graves Jackson (b. Oct. 29, 1797; d. March 27, 1852), dau. of Rev. ——.

CHILDREN:

1. JOHN ROGERS, b. May 11, 1828; m. Jan. 7, 1863.
2. MARGARET ANN LORAINE, b. Sept. 7, 1829; m. Dec. 28, 1854.
3. WILLIAM JACKSON, b. April 12, 1832; d. Dec. 31, 1860.
4. SUSAN ELIZABETH, b. July 23, 1832; m. Oct. 7, 1854.
5. SAMUEL CHAUNCY GRAM, b. June 20, 1834; m. [illegible], 1865.
6. HENRIETTA CATHARINE, b. Dec. 10, 1836; m. May 14, 1861.
7. SAMUEL JACKSON, b. Dec. 18, 1839; d. Nov. 11, 1841.

JOHN ROGERS MALTBY (b. May 11, 1828; m. Jan. 7, 1856; first child of Reverend John and Margaret Graves *Jackson* Maltby, of Bangor, Me.; m. Martha Mary Cushman, Dec. 1, 1841), dau. of C. Nyese.

MARGARET ANN LORAINE MALTBY (b. Sept. 7, 1826; m. Dec. 28, 1854, second child of Rev. John and Margaret Graves *Jackson* Maltby of Bangor, Me.; m. Minot Sherman Crosby (b. June 23, 1829), son of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. ELIZABETH SHERMAN, b. Nov. 26, 1855.
2. MINOTT SHERMAN, b. Aug. 1, 1857; d. Dec. 21, 1858.
3. MARGARET LORAINE, b. Dec. 12, 1859; d. April 2, 1864.

SUSAN ELIZABETH MALTBY (b. July 22, 1832; m. Oct. 5, 1854, fourth child of Rev. John and Margaret Graves *Jackson* Maltby; m. 1st, John Alfred Greenleaf Winslow, Jan. 21, 1850; d. Dec. 6, 1855, son of ——.

Married 2d, —— Partridge, Colorado.

CHILDREN:

1. WILLIAM MALTBY, b. July 5, 1855.
2. JOHN, } twins, b. Jan. 22, 1857; { d. Aug. 22, 1857.
3. ELIZABETH MALTBY, } d. Aug. 20, 1857.
4. ALFRED, b. Jan. 20, 1858.
5. CARRIE MALTBY: b. Feb. 14, 1860; d. Sept. 11, 1860.

HENRIETTA CAROLINE MALTBY (b. Dec. 16, 1836; m. May 14, 1861, sixth child of Rev. John and Margaret Graves *Jackson* Maltby; m. Rev. John Paine Cushman, (b. Jan. 19, 1830), son of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. MARY FLOYD, b. July 24, 1870.
2. MARGARET JACKSON, b. Oct. 25, 1871.

JULIA ANN MALTBY (b. ——; m. May 17, 1825; d. ——), fourth child of John and Elizabeth *Lee* Maltby of Northfield; m. Rev. Elijah Pond, (born ——; Wood's Ashfield, Mass.), afterward of Cambridgeport, Mass., and finally for years professor in the Bangor Theological Seminary, Bangor, Maine. Rev.

Enoch Pond was son of ——, Wrentham, Mass.; his first wife was Wealthy, by whom he had —— children.

CHILDREN:

1. Elizabeth Maltby, b. May 24, 1826.
2. Mary Sutton, b. May 11, 1828; d. July 1, 1829.
3. William Chauncy, b. June 22, 1830; m. Sept. 12, 1859.
4. Jeremiah Lyons, b. June 11, 1834; m. Nov. 18, 1858.
5. Joseph Lothrop, b. March 17, 1836; d. May 6, 1838.
6. May Sophia, b. July 19, 1838; m. Sept. 20, 1859.
7. Benjamin Wisner, b. March 26, 1839; m. Dec. 19, 1861.

Daniel Maltby (b. May 19, 1679; m. Oct. 27, 1702; d. Dec. 26, 1731), fourth child of William and Abigail (Phelps) Maltby of Bradford; m. Esther Moss (see appendix 4, p. 37), dau. of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. Mary, m. —— Goodrich, b. Dec. 7, 1703.
2. William, b. Feb. 17, 1705.
3. Daniel, b. June 16, 1708.
4. Joseph, a sea captain, b. May 21, 1712.
5. Abigail, b. March 1, 1712; m. 1, John Hall of Cheshire; 2, Ephraim Parish of Cheshire, July 19, 1744.
6. Daniel, b. Oct. 23, 1715.
7. Benjamin, b. June 26, 1717.
8. Martha, m. Richard Howard, b. Sept. 19, 1720; m. May 4, 1739.
9. John, b. April 25, 1722.

I find in the records of Bradford the names of nine children of Daniel and Esther Moss Maltby with dates of birth as above.—C. F. Pope.

Another daughter, Esther, married Amos Harrison; three children, Amos, Edward, Mary.

Joseph Maltby, fourth child of Daniel and Esther Moss Maltby; m. Elizabeth ——. Guilford Probate, vol. 4, p. 22, administratrix and guardian.

CHILDREN:

1. Elizabeth.
2. Joseph.
3. Hannah.
4. William.
5. Noah.
6. Jonathan.
7. Martha.

DANIEL MALTBY, Jr. (b. Oct. 29, 1715; m. Sept. 16, 1736; d. ——), sixth child of Daniel and Esther *Moss* Maltby; m. Mary Harrison, dau. of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. ESTHER, b. Aug. 30, 1739.
2. DANIEL, b. Jan. 7, 1742; m. Dec. 22, 1763, Margaret Munson.
3. MARY, b. June 5, 1744; m. Feb. 20, 1765, Samuel Brown.
4. HANNAH, b. Sept. 25, 1746.
5. LUCRETIA, b. May 22, 1749; m. Josiah Fowler.
6. BENJAMIN, b. May 18, 1751.
7. ZACCHEUS, b. June —, 1754.
8. SABRIAN, b. May 10, 1756.
9. THANKFUL, b. Feb. 5, 1758.
10. LYDIA, bap. Dec. 18, 1760.
11. SARAH, bap. June 23, 1765.

Daniel Maltby, Jr., owned the place lately occupied by Reuben Harrison; sold to Josiah Fowler and moved to Stony Creek, Branford. A good man.—J. M. Dewey in the Congregational Church at Branford.

BENJAMIN MALTBY (b. June 29, 1717; m. ——; d. July 9, 1796), seventh child of Daniel and Esther *Moss* Maltby; m. 1st, Sarah Harrington, dau. of Deacon Samuel Harrington; m. 2d, Elizabeth Fowler (b. Oct. —, 1728; m. ——, 1753; d. Dec. 31, 1820), dau. of Josiah and Hannah *Baldwin* Fowler of Durham, and sister of Captain Josiah and Jonathan Fowler of White Hollow.

CHILDREN (by 2d marriage):

1. ELIHU, d. at 11 days.
2. BENJAMIN, b. Jan. 29, 1755; m. Jan. 22, 1778; d. May 10, 1823.
3. THADDEUS (see appendix 5, p. 37), b. Dec. —, 1757; d. Dec. 5, 1776.
4. JONATHAN, b. May 2, 1759; m. June 17, 1787; d. Sept. —, 1856.
5. ELIZABETH, b. April —, 1761; m. March —, 1783; d. March 2, 1781.
6. SARAH, b. May —, 1763; m. Oct. —, 1786.
7. ISAAC (General, see appendix 6, p. 40), b. Nov. —, 1767; m. Nov. —, 1790; d. Sept. 9, 1819.
8. STEPHEN, b. July —, 1769; m. Dec. —, 1788; d. Jan. 22, 1813.

BENJAMIN MALTBY, Jr. (b. Jan. 29, 1755; m. Jan. 22, 1778; d. May 10, 1823), second child of Deacon Benjamin and Elizabeth *Fowler* Maltby of Northford; m. Rebecca Tainter (b.

Sept. 20, 1758; d. April 22, 1836; dau. of Nathaniel and Submit *Tyler* Tuttle; opposite fourth district school house, Northford.

CHILDREN:

1. THADDEUS, b. Jan. [illegible]; [illegible]
2. BENJAMIN, b. Nov. [illegible]; m. [illegible] —, 1812; [illegible]
3. DELIVERANCE, b. [illegible]; m. [illegible]
4. ELIZABETH, b. June 20, 1784; m. May 6, 1810; d. June 12, 1840; m. Bennett Benjamin Chatfield: children: Rebecca, m. Benjamin D. F. Maltby; Susan.
5. REBECCA, b. April 29, 1786; d. May —, 1786.
6. JULIUS, b. Jan. 5, 1788; m. May —, 1819; d. Oct. 14, 1872.
7. SAMUEL, b. Jan. 27, 1790; m. Sept. 28, 1817; d. Jan. 28, 1881.
8. ELBRIDGE, b. Jan. 24, 1795; m. Nov. 23, 1822; d. March 19, 1859.
9. ERASTUS, Rev., b. Dec. 2, 1796; d. Sept. 7, 1826.
10. ELIZA REBECCA, b. April 13, 1800; m. April 27, 1820; d. Aug. 17, 1882.

THADDEUS MALTBY, b. Jan. 15, 1779; m. May 18, 1802; d. Jan. 13, 1873, first child of Deacon Benjamin and Rebecca *Tuttle* Maltby; m. Elizabeth Hall, d. July 9, 1879, dau. of ——, Wallingford.

CHILDREN:

1. WILLIAM HALL, b. Aug. —, 1810; m. Sept. 30, 1836.
2. ISAAC, b. Jan. —, 1820.

WILLIAM HALL MALTBY, b. Aug. 29, 1810; m. Sept. 30, 1836, first child of Thaddeus and Elizabeth *Hall* Maltby of Northford; m. 1st, Polly Ann Foote, b. Aug. 26, 1811; d. Nov. 27, 1872, dau. of Rufus and Elizabeth *Harrison* Foote of Northford; m. 2d, Mrs. Elizabeth Bishop, April 30, 1873, dau. of John and Esther *Cole* Bishop of Middlefield.

CHILDREN (by first marriage):

1. BENJAMIN ELBRIDGE, b. Feb. 21, 1840; d. March 20, 1841.
2. EDWARD, b. April 7, 1843; d. March 21, 1864.
3. ELBRIDGE LYMAN HALL, b. Aug. 23, 1846; m. ——, 1864.

ISAAC MALTBY, b. Jan. —, 1820; m. ——, 1857, second child of Thaddeus and Elizabeth *Hall* Maltby; m. Evelyn Atwood.

CHILDREN:

1. ELIZABETH (died young).
2. BERTIE, b. ——, 1864.

Benjamin Maltby (b. Nov. 11, 1780; m. April —, 1811; d. Aug. 18, 1843; —— of children of Deacon Benjamin and Rebecca *Tainter* Maltby; m. Wealthy W. Chamberlain.

DeGrasse Maltby (b. Sept. 13, 1782; m. Oct. 11, 1807; d. ——, eldest children of Deacon Benjamin and Rebecca *Tainter* Maltby; m. Sarah Smith, d. April 4, 1787, dau. of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. Caleb Smith, b. Aug. 10, 1811.
2. Jennette, b. Dec. 2, 1813.
3. Edward Russell, b. Nov. 21, 1816, d. April 7, 1842.
4. Sarah, b. Jan. 1, 1820; m. Nov. 11, 1857.

Caleb Smith Maltby (b. Aug. 10, 1811; m. ——; d. ——), first child of DeGrasse and Sarah *Smith* Maltby; m. Mary Foster of Wheeling, Va., dau. of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. Alice (see p. 31), b. April 4, 1843.
2. Emma, b. March 19, 1846.

Jennette Maltby (b. Dec. 2, 1813; m. ——), second child of DeGrasse and Sarah *Smith* Maltby; m. Lyman Woodward, son of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. Hattie, m. John Hemingway.
2. Ella, m. —— Stone, son of Stone Stone.

Edward Russell Maltby (b. Nov. 21, 1816; m. ——; d. April 7, 1842), third child of DeGrasse and Sarah *Smith* Maltby of East Haven; m. ——, dau. of ——.

Sarah Smith Maltby (b. Jan. 1, 1820; m. Nov. 11, 1857), fourth child of DeGrasse and Sarah *Smith* Maltby of East Haven; m. William L. Morris (b. April 15, 1818; d. Nov. 8, 1863), of Baltimore, son of ——.

Elizabeth Maltby (b. June 20, 1784; m. May 8, 1825; d. June 12, 1840), fourth child of Deacon Benjamin and Rebecca *Tainter* Maltby of Northford; m. Bennett Bronson (Judge) (b. June 14, 1775; d. Dec. 17, 1850), being his second wife; he was a son of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. Rebecca Taintor b. Feb. 10, ——; m. June [illegible] 1844, Deacon D. F. Hollow; d. Aug. 8, 1845.
2. Susan, b. Jan. 19 ——.

Julius Maltby b. Jan. 5, 1788; m. May —, 1819; d. Oct. 14, 1872, aged 84 of Dr. [illegible] Maltby; m. Melinda Fowler (b. July 7, 1791; d. Sept. 4, 1868, dau. of Deacon Solomon and Olive *Douglas* Fowler of White Hollow.

CHILDREN:

1. Douglas Fowler, b. May 7, 1820.
2. Jane Ann, b. Jan. 5, 1822.
3. Mary Melinda, b. Dec. 28, 1825.
4. Epaphras Chapman, b. Nov. 23, 1828.
5. Isabella Graham, b. Oct. 9, 1833.

Douglas Fowler Maltby (b. May 7, 1820); first child of Julius and Melinda *Fowler* Maltby of Northford; m. 1st, Rebecca Taintor Bronson (b. Feb. 10, 1822; d. Aug. 8, 1845, dau. of Judge Bennett and Elizabeth *Malthy* Bronson of Waterbury; m. 2d, Mary A. Somers (b. Aug. 30, 1829; m. Feb. 26, 1851), dau. of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. Edward S., b. Jan. 8, 1852; d. Aug. 9, 1870.
2. Kate Louisa, b. July 25, 1856
3. Benjamin, b. March 8, 1857
4. Julius, b. Jan. [illegible], 1861; m. [illegible] Jewett Fowler dau. of Dr. Benjamin Fowler of Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
5. Susan Bronson, b. [illegible] 26, 1864; m. A. Smith, a manufacturer of Waterbury.
6. Henry Ellsworth, b. [illegible] 4, 1868.
7. Cornelia Benedict, b. May 5, 1866.

Epaphras Chapman Maltby (b. Nov. 23, 1828); m. April 8, 1851), fourth child of Julius and Melinda *Fowler* Maltby of Northford; m. Hannah Smith Hoadley (b. Dec. 27, 1829), dau. of Rev. L. Ives and Lydia *Smith* Hoadley.

CHILDREN:

1. Harriet Amelia, "Hattie," b. May 17, 1852; m. Oct. 3, 1877.
2. Flora Bell, b. July 8, 1854; m. May 18, 1876.
3. Clara Hoadley, b. Sept. 27, 1856; m. Oct. 9, 1879.

4. ARTHUR IVES, b. Feb. 15, 1869.
5. ROBERT, b. Sept. 16, 1864.
6. WILBUR STEVENS, "WILLIE," b. Nov. 3, 1866.
7. DOUGLAS FOWLER, b. Aug. 30, 1870.
8. MIRA IRENE, "MAY," b. Sept. 3, 1873.

HARRIET AMELIA MALTBY (b. May 17, 1852; m. Oct. 3, 1877), first child of Epaphras Chapman and Hannah Smith *Hoadley* Maltby of Shelton; m. Seneca Stevens, son of David S. and ——.

CHILDREN:

1. BENJAMIN SCOTT, b. Feb. 3, 1879.
2. FREDERICK MALTBY, b. Aug. 14, 1880.
3. ——, b. ——, 1885.

FLORA BELL MALTBY (b. July 8, 1854; m. May 18, 1876), second child of Epaphras Chapman and Hannah Smith *Hoadley* Maltby; m. John Mason Dutton, son of ——.

CHILD:

1. JULIUS MALTBY, b. Dec. 14, 1877.

CLARA HOADLEY MALTBY (b. Sept. 27, 1856; m. Oct. 9, 1879), third child of Epaphras Chapman and Hannah Smith *Hoadley* Maltby; m. David S. Stevens, Jr., son of David S. Stevens.

CHILD:

1. DOUGLAS MALTBY, b. Sept. 14, 1880.

ISABELLA GRAHAM MALTBY (b. Oct. 9, 1833; m. ——), fifth child of Julius and Melinda *Barney* Maltby of Northford; m. Carlos Smith, son of Nathaniel Stacy and Eliza *Frisbie* Smith of Northford.

CHILDREN:

1. STELLA AUGUSTA, b. July 8, 1858.
2. DOUGLAS, b. March 26, 1863.
3. CHARLES SERENO, } twins, b. July 21, 1867.
4. CAROLINE (deceased), }
5. FREDERICK CARLOS, b. May 21, 1871.

SAMUEL MALTBY (b. Jan. 27, 1790; m. Sept. 28, 1817; d. ——), seventh child of Deacon Benjamin and Rebecca *Tainter* Maltby of Northford; m. Charlotte DeWitt (d. Oct. —, 1870), dau. of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. EMILY b. Oct. 1, 1818; m. Sept. 18, 1845.
2. [illegible] b. [illegible] 1841; d. April —, 1849.
3. CHARLES DEWITT, b. July —, 1822; m. Sept. 18, 1845; d. March 1, 1881.
4. HARRIET b. Dec. 7, 1827; d. June 1, 1851.

EMILY MALTBY b. Oct. 1, 1818; m. Sept. 18, 1845, first child of Samuel and Charlotte *De Witt* Maltby of Northford; m. Rev. Benjamin St. John Page, son of Isaac and Philomela *Stillman* Page.

CHILDREN:

1. BENJAMIN MALTBY, M.D., b. July 18, ——; m. June 10, 1870, Cornelia Blakeslee, dau. of George E. Blakeslee. Daughter Elizabeth, unm. Grace Augusta m. John Barnes. They have one son, Benjamin Edwin, b. Oct. 16, 1877.

ELIZABETH MALTBY b. Oct. 1, 1818; m. Sept. 19, 1844; d. April 15, 1882, second child of Samuel and Charlotte *De Witt* Maltby; m. David Atwater Tyler, M.D., son of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. JOHN DEWITT, b. Jan. 6, 1847; d. Nov. 16, 1882.
2. ELLEN ELIZABETH, b. April 6, 1852.
3. ROBERT M., b. Aug. 6, 1858; d. Nov. 19, 1869.

Ellen Elizabeth Tyler (second child), m. Rev. Samuel J. Bryant; had one child, b. March 11, 1877.

CHARLES DEWITT MALTBY b. July 17, 1822; m. Sept. 18, 1845; d. March 1, 1881, third child of Samuel and Charlotte *De Witt* Maltby of Northford; m. Mary Augusta Linsley, dau. of Colonel Eliakim and Jennette *Hall* Linsley of Northford.

CHILDREN:

1. CHARLOTTE E., b. March 23, 1848.
2. JENNETTE LINSLEY, b. Aug. 31, 1850.
3. SAMUEL DEWITT, b. Dec. 9, 1852.
4. CHARLES LINSLEY, b. Dec. 26, 1855.
5. CAROLINE LOUISA, b. July 23, 1859.
6. BENJAMIN JOSIAH, b. ——.

JENNETTE LINSLEY MALTBY b. Aug. 31, 1850; m. Jan. 6, 1870, second child of Charles DeWitt and Mary Augusta *Linsley* Maltby; m. Charles E. Alling, son of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. Morris, b. Nov. 9, 1879.
2. Mary Martha, b. July 9, 1880.

Samuel DeWitt Maltby (b. Dec. 9, 1853; m. Nov. 20, 1871, [illegible] of Charles DeWitt and Mary Augusta Linsley, Maltby; m. Ellen Augusta, d. Nelson, b. March 9, 1854; m. Dec. 17, 1885, dau. of Philo and Ellen Louisa Williams of Northford.

CHILDREN:

1. Leila Augusta, b. March 12, 1876.
2. Alice Gertrude, b. July 31, 1877.
3. Maud Elizabeth, b. Aug. 23, 1879.
4. Charles DeWitt, b. Aug. 3, 1881.

Charles Linsley Maltby (b. Dec. 26, 1855; m. ——, fourth child of Charles DeWitt and Mary Augusta Linsley Maltby; m. Ida E. Fancher, dau. of ——.

CHILD:

1. George Fancher, b. April 6, 1884; d. April 12, 1884.

Caroline Louisa Maltby (b. July 23, 1850, fifth child of Charles DeWitt and Mary Augusta Linsley Maltby; m. Josiah James Linsley, son of Dr. Jared and ——.

Eldridge Maltby (b. Jan. 23, 1792; m. Nov. 23, 1822; d. ——, 1870, [illegible] child of Deacon Benjamin and Rebecca Talcott Maltby; m. June Bull (b. May 4, 1801; d. Aug. 10, 1878), daughter of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. Ellsworth P., b. Oct. 28, 1823; m. Feb. 12, 1849.
2. Augusta, b. April — 1829.
3. Henrietta, b. Dec. 13, 1831.

Ellsworth P. Maltby (b. Oct. 28, 1823; m. ——, 1849, first child of Eldridge and Jane Bull Maltby of New York; m. Sarah A. C. Durkee, dau. of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. Louisa, b. May 5, 1850.
2. Augusta, b. Jan. 25, 1854.
3. Harriet L., b. ——.

Dr. Benjamin Maltby Foster

wife #1 Harriet Jewett Nickerson

#2 Mary Payne, dau of Thomas Payne (1785-1834 who married Sarah Bartlett 1816.

Through both sides of the family I may trace to the Mayflower Colony (Hopkins, Bangs, Nicholas Snow, Thomas Payne, Robert Bartlett, Wm Brewster, Rev John Doane & Wm. Collier)

AUGUSTA MALTBY (b. Jan. 25, 1854), second child of Ellsworth P. and Sarah A. C. *Parker* Maltby; m. Robert Spoller, son of ——.

REV. ERASTUS MALTBY (b. Dec. 2, 1796); m. Sept. 7, 1826; (1. ——, daughter of Deacon Benjamin and Rebecca *Talcott* Maltby; m. Almira Smith (b. Sept. —, 1800; d. Dec. 8, 1876), dau. of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. HENRY O., b. Aug. —, 1828; d. May —, 1832.
2. CATHARINE B., b. Oct. —, 1830; d. May —, 1832.
3. SARAH B., b. Aug. 5, 1832.
4. MARY A., b. Aug. 1, 1835.
5. ELIZA F., b. Nov. 28, 1838; d. Nov. —, 1844.
6. EDWARD B., b. July 7, 1841.

SARAH B. MALTBY (b. Aug. 5, 1832; m. Nov. 22, 1855), third child of Rev. Erastus and Almira *Smith* Maltby of Taunton, Mass.; m. Charles Lovering (b. Aug. 31, 1830), son of ——.

CHILD:

1. MARY L., b. Dec. 20, 1856.

ELIZA REBECCA MALTBY (b. April 13, 1800; m. April 27, 1820; d. Aug. 18, 1882), fourth child of Deacon Benjamin and Rebecca *Talcott* Maltby; m. Jonathan Clark Fowler (b. Jan. 29, 1797; d. Jan. 13, 1866), son of Levi and Fannie *Clark* Fowler of White Hollow.

CHILDREN:

1. BENJAMIN MALTBY, M.D., b. Jan. 22, 1821; m. ——, 1847; d. Sept. —, 1858.
2. LEVI, b. Feb. 16, 1823; m. ——, —, 1872; d. July 28, 1870.
3. OSCAR ALONZO, b. Sept. 23, 1830; m. June 2, 1863.

DR. BENJAMIN MALTBY FOWLER (b. Jan. 22, 1821; m. ——, 1847), first child of Jonathan Clark and Eliza Rebecca *Maltby* Fowler of Northford; m. 1st. Harriet Jewett, daughter of ——; m. 2d, ——, dau. of ——.

CHILDREN (by 2d marriage):

1. WILLIAM STANTON, b. Nov. 8, 1872; d. Feb., 1871.
2. BENJAMIN MALTBY, b. April 27, 1851; m. in New Jersey.
3. HARRIET JEWETT, b. March 13, 1856; m. Julius Maltby, son of Deacon D. F. Maltby of Waterbury.

Rev. Jonathan Maltby (b. May 2, 1759; m. June 17, 1787; d. ——, 1818), fourth child of Deacon Benjamin and Elizabeth *Fuller* Maltby; m. Submit Tainter, dau. of Nathaniel and Submit *Tainter* Tainter of Northford.

CHILDREN:

1. Isaac Tainter, b. Aug. 29, 1788; d. March 1, 1811.
2. Jonathan, b. March 19, 1790; m. Dec. 13, 1819.
3. Abiel Holmes, b. May 12, 1792; m. Feb. 18, 1819.
4. Oliver Ellsworth, b. May 12, 1794.
5. George, b. Oct. 16, 1796.
6. Lucius, b. Jan. 25, 1798.
7. Amoret Submit, b. Jan. 11, 1801; d. Nov. 27, 1879.
8. Harriet Grace, b. Aug. 14, 1804.

Jonathan Maltby, Jr. (b. April 19, 1790; m. Dec. 13, 1819; d. ——), second child of Rev. Jonathan and Submit *Tainter* Maltby of New Haven; m. Betsey Warren, dau. of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. Harriet E. S.
2. Sarah Almira.
3. Joseph Holmes.
4. Ellen Warren.

Abiel Holmes Maltby (b. May 12, 1792; m. Feb. 18, 1819; d. ——), third child of Rev. Jonathan and Submit *Tainter* Maltby; m. Sarah Booth Lyon, dau. of Nathaniel Lyon of New Haven.

Oliver Ellsworth Maltby (b. May 12, 1794; m. ——; d. ——), fourth child of Rev. Jonathan and Submit *Tainter* Maltby; m. Harriet Board, dau. of —— of New Jersey.

CHILDREN:

1. Harriet.
2. Ellsworth.

George Maltby (b. Oct. 16, 1796; m. ——; d. ——), fifth child of Rev. Jonathan and Submit *Tainter* Maltby of New Haven; m. Jane Betsey Dixon, dau. of ——.

Lucius Maltby (b. Jan. 25, 1798; m. ——; d. ——), sixth child of Rev. Jonathan and Submit *Tainter* Maltby; m. Sarah Parks, dau. of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. ELLSWORTH.
2. [illegible]
3. [illegible] UTSON.
4. [illegible]
5. [illegible] ALBERT.

DEACON STEPHEN MALTBY (b. July —, 1739; m. Dec. —, 1788; d. Jan. 22, 1812), eighth child of Deacon Benjamin and Elizabeth *Foote* Maltby; m. Abigail Williams (b. Jan. 2, 1769; d. Dec. —, 1[illegible]), dau. of Rev. Warham and Anne *H.* Williams of Northford, Conn.

CHILDREN:

1. AUGUSTUS (see p. 29).
2. ELIZUR BELIZUR.
3. STEPHEN ELUTHEROS.
4. JULIA ANN, m. —— Bidwell, had son Henry.

JULIA ANN MALTBY (b. ——; m. ——), fourth child of Stephen and Abigail *Williams* Maltby; m. Henry Bidwell.

CHILD:

1. HENRY STUART.

SARAH (SALLY) MALTBY (b. May —, 1763; m. Oct. —, 1786; d. ——), sixth child of Deacon Benjamin and Elizabeth *Foote* Maltby; m. James Linsley, son of Daniel and Anne *Tyler* Linsley of Northford.

CHILDREN:

1. JAMES HARVEY.
2. OLIVE.
3. ESTHER.
4. EMILY.
5. ELIZABETH BEISEY.
6. DAN. EVELYN.
7. SARAH MALTBY.
8. DELIGHT URANIA.
9. JOHN STEPHEN.
10. JEREMIAH, d. at 17 mos.

JAMES MALTBY (b. May 30, 1749; m. ——; d. Feb. 11, 1820), second child of Samuel, Jr. and Rebecca *Foote* Maltby of Northford; m. Sarah Coe, dau. of Simeon and Anna *Morris* Coe of Durham, and sister of Rosanna Coe, who m. Samuel Maltby, brother of James.

CHILDREN:

1. JAMES.
2. SARAH.
3. EUNICE.
4. WILLIAM BOTSFORD, d. Oct. 4, 1820.
5. HENRY, [illegible] ——.

JAMES MALTBY, b. ——; m. ——; d. ——, eldest child of James and Sarah (Botsford) Maltby of Northford; m. 1st, Lydia Williams, dau. of ——; m. 2d, Betsey Graves, dau. of ——; m. 3d, Lavinia Crocker, dau. of ——.

CHILDREN (by 1st marriage):

1. ELIZABETH, m. Lewis Yale; 3 children, Sarah, Eugene and Charles.
2. An infant, d. early.

SALLY MALTBY, b. ——; m. ——; d. ——, second child of James and Sarah (Botsford) Maltby of Northford; m. Augustus Tyler, son of Ethanhan and ——.

CHILDREN:

1. MARTHA.
2. DAVID ATWATER, M.D.

DR. DAVID ATWATER TYLER (b. ——; m. ——; d. ——), second child of Augustus and Sally (Maltby) Tyler of Northford; m. Elizabeth Maltby, dau. of Samuel and Charlotte *De Witt* Maltby.

CHILDREN:

1. JOHN DEWITT, b. Jan. 6, 1847; d. Sept. 16, 1882.
2. ELLEN ELIZABETH, b. April 6, 1852.
3. ROBERT M., b. Aug. 6, 1858; d. Nov. 19, 1869.

HENRY MALTBY (b. March 29, 1799; m. ——; d. July 25, 1872), fifth child of James and Sarah (Botsford) Maltby of Northford; m. Ruth Hart (b. Aug. 6, 1809), dau. of John and Sally (Cox) Hart of Durham; Daniel and Hannah (*Hubbard*) Hart of Durham.

CHILDREN:

1. WILLIAM (Deacon), b. March 19, 1825; m. June 4, 1857.
2. JANE, b. March 29, 1833; d. June 23, 1842.
3. HENRY, b. Jan. 8, 1838; d. March 31, 1875.

Deacon William Maltby (b. March 19, 1825; m. June 4, 1857, first child of Hezekiah and Ruth *Hart* Maltby of Northford and Durham; m. Esther Hall (b. Dec. 11, 1835, dau. of Dr. Pierce and Esther *Hall* Hall of Wallingford.

CHILDREN:

1. ——, b. July 3, 1858; d. July 4, 1858.
2. William Tyler, b. March 31, 1860; d. Oct. 9, 1862.
3. Ophelia Hall, b. Nov. 22, 1863.
4. Mary Jane, b. Nov. 7, 1865.

Henry Maltby, Jr., b. Jan. 8, 1828; m. Nov. 4, 1860; d. Mar. 31, 1873, first child of Henry and Ruth *Hart* Maltby of Northford and Durham; m. Sophia Eliza Linsley (b. Dec. 19, 1826, dau. of Colonel Elizabin and Jennette *Hall* Linsley.

CHILDREN:

1. Morris Henry, b. Sept. 16, 1862; d. Sept. 29, 1866.
2. William Linsley, b. June 3, 1865; d. Sept. 12, 1866.
3. Edward (Eddie), b. Jan. 14, 1868.

The following is added by George Ellsworth Maltby of New Haven, Conn.:

Augustus Maltby (b. ——, 1789; m. ——; d. Dec. 21, 1821, first child of Colonel and Deacon Stephen *Maltby* and Abigail *Williams* Maltby of Northford, Conn.; m. Nancy Townshend, dau. of Robert and Hannah *White* Townshend.

CHILDREN:

1. Theodore Dwight, b. about 1816.
2. Augustus, b. Dec. —, 1818.
3. George Williams, b. Sept. 11, 1820; m. May 14, 1846.
   Also two daughters who d. in childhood.

Augustus Maltby (b. Dec. —, 1818; m. ——; d. ——), second child of Augustus and Nancy *Townshend* Maltby; m. Eliza Cosad, dau. of ——.

CHILD:

1. Theodore George.

George Williams Maltby (b. Sept. 14, 1820; m. May 14, 1846), third child of Augustus and Nancy *Tompkins* Maltby; m. Sarah Bogart (b. May 10, 1824), dau. of Isaac and Hester *Terhune* (Tallman) Bogart of Bergen County, N. J.

CHILDREN:

1. Theodore Augustus, b. March 19, 1847.
2. Emily Williams, b. Nov. 8, 1848.
3. Eleanor Augusta, b. May 12, 1850.
4. George Ellsworth, b. Feb. 9, 1852.
5. Charles Townshend, b. Sept. 8, 1858.

Theodore Augustus Maltby (b. March 19, 1847; m. April 30, 1872), first child of George Williams and Sarah *Bogart* Maltby; m. Emma D. Clark, dau. of Bryan Clark, New Haven.

CHILDREN:

1. Grace Sarah Tryon, b. Jan. 3, 1876.
2. Edith Rebecca, b. June 13, 1878.

Emily Williams Maltby (b. Nov. 8, 1848; m. Oct. 22, 1873), second child of George Williams and Sarah *Bogart* Maltby; m. Charles E. Alling, son of George and Mary (Averson) Alling.

CHILDREN:

1. Charles Edward, b. Feb. 16, 1874.
2. Mary Eleanor, b. Nov. 24, 1876.
3. Percy Williams, b. June 5, 1879.
4. Roger Ellsworth, b. Jan. 16, 1882.

Eleanor Augusta Maltby (b. May 12, 1850; m. April 16, 1872), third child of George Williams and Sarah *Bogart* Maltby; m. Henry H. Benedict, son of Henry W. and Sarah *Hemingway* Benedict.

CHILDREN:

1. Henry Hobart, b. March 22, 1873.
2. Paul Maltby, b. July 2, 1877.
3. Helen Davenport, b. May 17, 1880.

George Ellsworth Maltby (b. Feb. 9, 1852; m. May 6, 1872), fourth child of George Williams and Sarah *Bogart* Maltby; m. Georgia Lord Morehouse (b. April 22, 1854), dau. of Louis Peck and Harriet *Brown* Morehouse.

CHILDREN:

1. MAUDE EVELYN TOWNSHEND, b. Sept. 9, 1873.
2. DOROTHY LORD MAY VICKERY, b. May 13, 1877.

CHARLES TOWNSHEND MALTBY, b. Sept. 8, 1858; m. ——, fifth child of George Williams and Sarah *Bogert* Maltby; m. ——.

ALICE ELIZA MALTBY* b. April 4, 1843, in Tri delphia, Va.; m. ——, first child of Caleb Smith and Mary *Foster* Maltby; m. Edw. Howard Townshend, son of William Kneeland Townshend.

CHILD:

1 MAUD, b. June 21, 1871; d. July 25, 1871.

EMMA MALTBY* b. March 19, 1849; m. ——, second child of Caleb Smith and Mary *Foster* Maltby; m. William Copp, son of ——.

CHILDREN:

1. WILLIAM MALTBY.
2. ETHEL.

See p. 20.

APPENDIX.

1. (p. 13).

Concerning John Maltby, brother of William Maltby, the following is taken from the Dwight Strong Genealogy, p. [illegible]. "Rev. Joseph Strong, son of Capt. Joseph Strong of Coventry, Ct., and Elizabeth, daughter of Preserved and Tabitha (Bliss) Strong, Coventry, Ct., b. Mch. 20, 1728-9; m. June 7, 1753, Jane Gelston of Southampton, L. I., b. Apl. 13, 1729, d. of Judge Hugh Gelston of Southampton, L. I., by his wife Mary Maltby, his wife. . . . . His father Hugh Maltby was the eldest son of John Maltby, Jr., b. [illegible], June 1, 1670, and Sarah, Chas. his wife. They had two children, Mary and Sarah, b. 1705, who died Sept. 8, 1723. John Maltby, Sr., father of John Maltby, Jr., came with his brother William, both of the rank of "gentleman," from Yorkshire, Eng., to New Haven, about 1639.

"They engaged land [illegible] John Maltby married about 1671, Mary Bryan, [illegible] daughter of Richard Bryan and great daughter of Hon. Alexander Bryan, who came from Nottingham, Eng. [illegible] in Milford, 1654.

"Their children were, John, [illegible] Mary, [illegible] of New Haven, Jan. 1, 1679, [illegible] Maltby, [illegible] in 1677 [illegible] also his wife [illegible] about 1680 Rev. Joseph Taylor of Southampton, L. I., who d. Apl. 4, 1692, aged 31.

"She married 3d, Jan. 30, 1699, John Howell, Jr., of Southampton, L. I., who d. Mch. 8, 1732, [illegible] 44, and she was then left for the third time a widow, when but 48 yrs. old. John Maltby, Jr., went [illegible] to Southampton at the time of her second marriage. [illegible] Jan. [illegible], 1704, [illegible].

"Mary Maltby, [illegible] Dec. 5, 1694, Major Joseph Fordham, son of Rev. [illegible] Southampton.

They had [illegible] children: Mary, Feb. 11, 1691; Joseph, Sept. 19, 1693; Paul, July 22, 1696; Alexander, Oct. 3, 1701; John, Oct. 27, [illegible]; Hannah, Aug. 13, 1705.

Mrs. Mary (Maltby) Gelston died [illegible] 1737, and Judge Gelston married [illegible] for his second wife Mary Maltby, widow of Major Joseph Maltby, who died Aug. 19, 1718, [illegible] Nov. 21, 1723, [illegible] daughter of Major [illegible] Maltby, of Southampton, L. I., Dec. [illegible] 1723, d. Sept. 22, 1779; [illegible] Mch. 10, 1726; m. Dec. 29, 1748, Elizabeth [illegible] of Southampton. Second Gelston, M.D., of Newburyport, Mass., Mch. 24, 1727; Jesse, April 13, 1729, m. Rev. Jonathan Strong of Williamsburg, Mass., she d. Sept. 21, 1817; Hannah, [illegible] 19, 1731, d. May 19, 1734; John, July 17, 1732, d. Feb. 26, 1794; Thomas, May 15, 1734, d. Aug. 31, 1772; Hannah, [illegible] Sept. 13, 1735, m. Nov. 1763, Phineas Howell, d. of Thomas Howell of Newark, Sept. 18, 1772, m. [illegible] Foster, d. of Ebenezer Foster, d. April, 1803. He was a farmer at Southampton, L. I., d. at Sharon, Ct., Dec. 1, 1815, aged [illegible]. He had but one child, Rev. Mills Gelston, b. July 17, 1777, served for 45 years in the ministry at Sharon, Ct., d. Dec. 15, 1856. He m. July 17, 1798, Jane Mills Bordwell, d. of Rev. Joel Bordwell, of Kent, Ct. The [illegible] children, and two of them were clergymen: Rev. Mills Gelston, b. Aug. 20, 1800, resided Ann Arbor, Mich.; and Rev. Mills Bordwell Gelston, b. Aug. 27, 1817, settled in Naples, N. Y."

2. p. 13.

This is probably a mistake, as the Davenport genealogy—A. B. Davenport—states that Rev. John Maltby, and his two sisters, were the children of Captain William Maltby of New Haven, and Sarah Davenport, daughter of Rev. John Davenport of Stamford, Conn.

As Rev. John Davenport married for his second wife Elizabeth (Morris) Maltby (who was mother-in-law to the widow of William Maltby, if she was never probably the wife of William Maltby of Elizabeth), Maltby Davenport, and the daughter (Sarah) of Rev. John Davenport (of his first wife Martha (Gold) Sellack), should have married.

The following is an extract from the Davenport genealogy, p. 203:

"Sarah Davenport, born July, 1702, was married first to Captain William Maltby* of New Haven, [illegible] and [illegible] Nathan, graduate of Yale [illegible] 1737, and for a number of years a merchant [illegible] West Indies. He afterwards removed to Greenwich, Conn., and, from impaired health, he removed to Hartford, Mass., where he died in 1771. His widow married Judge Hall, his step-father, Dr. Wheelock.

"One of the daughters died in youth, [illegible] and piety, and the other, Elizabeth, was married May 15, 1734, to Dr. Theophilus Betts, a highly respected physician of Norwalk, Conn., who was the father of Judge William Cooke Betts, and the grandfather of Hon. Theophilus Betts, Lieut.-Gov. of Conn., who represented his native State in the Senate of the United States, and who died at Washington in 1840, aged 52 years.

"After the death of Capt. Maltby his widow married, in 1735, the Rev. Eleazer Wheelock of Lebanon, Conn."

Dr. Wheelock was the founder of Dartmouth College, of which he was the first president.

3, (p. 14).

The following genealogy of Jonathan, eldest child of William and Abigail Maltby, was furnished for Appendix (14):

Jonathan, son of William and Abigail Maltby, b. Lisbon, 31 Dec., m. Sept. 25, 1729, at Stamford, Conn., to Sarah Porter.

CHILDREN:

JONATHAN, b. June 24, 1730.
ABIGAIL, b. Aug. 26, 1725.
DAVID, b. Feb. 7, 1737-8.
SARAH, b. July 5, 1731.
MARY, b. March 14, 1733-4.
HANNAH, b. Oct. 5, 1741.
DAVID, b. May 14, 1748.

JONATHAN, Jr., first child of Jonathan and Sarah Porter Maltby, m. Abigail Holmes of Greenwich, Conn., Feb. 27, at evening. Their only child JONATHAN, 2d, b. Dec. 17, 1774.

* First son of William and Elizabeth Morris Maltby.

1704937

DAVID, son of Jonathan and Sarah Maltby, m. by his honored father, one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, Sept. 25, 1749.

CHILDREN:

SARAH, b. May 1, 1750.
HANNAH, b. Oct. 10, 1751.
DAVID, b. [illegible] 23, 1753; d. Jan. —, 1758.
ABIGAIL, b. July 21, 1756.
DAVID, b. April —, 1759.
HANNAH, b. April 29, 1762.

Mr. David Maltby died Oct. 5, 1767.

SARAH, dau. of Jonathan and Sarah Maltby, m. Stephen Newman, by her honored father, Nov. 11, 1766.

JONATHAN 3d, son of Jonathan Jr. and Abigail (Holmes) Maltby, m. Elizabeth, dau. of David and Sarah (Gold) Allen of Fairfield, Conn., Oct. 25, 1768. Children: The only one of whose birthdates the writer knows were HANNAH and a son who settled in the South.

Hannah, dau. of Capt. Jonathan and Elizabeth Allen Maltby, b. at Fairfield, Conn., April 7, 1789, m. Stephen Coley, son of Benjamin and Sarah Sanford Coley Lynes, Feb. 6, 1815.

CHILDREN:

MARY ANN, b. Jan. 25, 1816.
WILLIAM MALTBY, b. Oct. [illegible], 1817.
BENJAMIN, b. September 16, 1819.
SAMUEL, b. Dec. [illegible], 1821.
EDWARD, b. May 8, 1824.
JULIA, b. Nov. 19, 1824.
STEPHEN COLEY, b. Nov. 14, 1829.
GEORGE, b. Jan. 25, 1833.

WILLIAM MALTBY, son of Stephen C. and Hannah (Maltby) Lynes, m. Hannah Knox, of Ridgebury, Ct., Nov. 27, 1842.

CHILDREN:

SARAH CORNELIA, b. Nov. 22, 1843.
GEORGIANA, b. Aug. 8, 1845.
MARY ESTELLA, b. [illegible] 6, 1847.
HANNAH MALTBY, b. April 13, 1849.
WILLIAM MALTBY, b. Aug. 8, 1853.
JULIA GERTRUDE, b. Dec. 20, 1861.

BENJAMIN, son of Stephen C. and Hannah (Maltby) Lynes, m. Elizabeth Greenwood, New York, July 16, 1845.

CHILDREN:

ELIZABETH, b. April 16, 1846.
BENJAMIN, b. Nov. 5, 1848.
CATHERINE GREENWOOD, b. Mch. 2, 1850.
BENJAMIN, b. [illegible], d. [illegible], 2, 1852.
STEPHEN COLEY, b. Nov. [illegible], 1856.
CHARLES, b. April 2, 1858.
GRACE ELIZABETH, b. Aug. 15, 1859.
EUGENE GEMMEL, b. Nov. 25, 1860.

EDWARD, son of Stephen Coley and Hannah (Maltby) Lynes, m. Augusta Hoffman, of Claverack, N. Y., Dec. 25, 1851.

CHILDREN:

MARY AUGUSTA, b. Nov. 17, 1852.
ELIZABETH LOUISE, b. Jan. 9, 1856.
LILLIE ANNIE, b. July 30, 1858.
EDWARD HOFFMAN, b. June 10, 1860.
DUEYEE WILSON, b. May 10, 1862.
LOUIS MALTBY, b. May 15, 1869.
ROBERT IRVING, b. Nov. 16, 1870.

STEPHEN COLEY, son of Stephen Coley and Hannah (Maltby) Lynes, m. Caroline T. Rowland, of Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 25, 1855.

CHILDREN:

EDWARD, b. Nov. 20, 1855.
CARRIE ROWLAND, b. Jan. 24, 1858.
ALFRED MALTBY, b. Nov. 6, 1859.
JOSEPHINE MARVIN, b. May 30, 1861.
JONATHAN, b. Feb. 2, 1864.

DR. SAMUEL LYNES, son of Stephen Coley and Hannah (Maltby) Lynes, m. Emily Augusta Sherry, Norwalk, Ct., June 23, 1858.

CHILDREN:

CHARLES SHERRY, b. April 2, 1859.
EMILY AUGUSTA, b. Aug. 15, 1860.
SUSAN ST. JOHN, b. Jan. 28, 1863.
SAMUEL, b. April 13, 1865.

DEATHS.

JONATHAN MALTBY,* Jun., d. at Stamford, Ct., Aug. 18, 1747.

ABIGAIL (HOBART) MALTBIE, wife of Jonathan, Jun., killed by lightning at Stamford, Aug. 9, 1747.

CAPT. JONATHAN MALTBIE, 3D, d. at Fairfield, Ct., Feb. 11, 1785, aged 53 years.

He served his country as 1st Lieutenant of the Continental Cruiser "Trumbull" during the Revolutionary War, and at the time of his death, was in command of the "Argus," a cutter in the service of the United States for the protection of the revenue.

Date of Jonathan Maltbie's commission as lieutenant, by John Hancock, Oct. 12, 1776. Date of commission as Captain, by George Washington, March 21, 1791.

ELIZABETH (ATLEE) MALTBIE, wife of Capt. Jonathan 3d, d. Fairfield, Ct., Mch. 14, 1799. Aged [illegible] years.

HANNAH MALTBIE, wife of Stephen C. Lynes, d. at New York, April 8, 1871. Aged 82 years and 1 day.

STEPHEN C. LYNES d. at New York, Oct. 9, 1872. Aged 84 years and 11 months.

MARY ANN, dau. of Stephen C. and Hanna. (Maltbie) Lynes, was drowned in crossing Fulton ferry, July 24, 1859.

SAMUEL LYNES, M.D., son of Stephen C. and Hannah (Maltbie) Lynes, d. at Norwalk, Ct., July 20, 1878. Aged 57 years, 7 months, 20 days.

4, (p. 17).

Mrs. Esther Maltby of Branford, a widow, married Samuel Todd, June 20, 1739. (Tuttle Fam. Gen., p. 325.)

5, (p. 18).

1775. "IN TIME OF THE REVOLUTION." COPY.

Northford was a village of true patriots, only three Tories. The Whigs were ardent and forward in the service of their

* The name Maltby was formerly written in various ways. This world Wilt in Maltby's record book on page 6, Maltbie; page 8, Maltbie; Maltby; Maltbie; Maltby; Maltbie, etc. He signed his name at this time, and prior to the Revolution Mal[illegible] or Mal[illegible]. As the name is [illegible] in the [illegible] form, for the sake of uniformity we have given Maltby in this record.

country and persevered to obtain their Liberties and Independence. Thus [illegible] in the good cause. Some of the first young men, the flower of [illegible] fell in the contest, much lamented. Mar. 1775, Capt. William Douglas commanded [illegible] Sergeant Levi Munson, Corporals Josiah Fowler, Jun., and Benjamin Hosley, privates Nathaniel Bunnel, Calvin Cooke, John Elwell, Samuel Cook, Joseph Hawkins, Abner Thrap (Thorp), from Northford. He marched to New York thence to the capture of St. John's, Canada. The capture of that place occasioned a [illegible] of joy. A brother of Gen. Ethan Allen brought the good tidings to New Haven.

Col. Fitch ordered out the cannon; thirteen thunders, one for each state echoed to the shouts of the young liberal freemen. The gallant Allen, soldier like, [illegible] at the last fire, swaying his hat and crying "[illegible] the Continental Congress." "Three Cheers." O, it was [illegible] the fire. It was my first term in Yale College. January 17, 1776 another detachment under Major Douglas of three months' men was ordered to New York. Ensign Titus Munson died on Long Island March, 1776. Joseph Bunel, Solomon Lindy, and my brother Thaddeus Maltby were a part. Again in May, 1776, Lieut. Ambrose Baldwin, Sergeant Benjamin Norton, Corporal Timothy Mix [illegible] Dan Bunel [illegible]; Peter Farnum, Foster Munson and Dick Negro, several men from that little village marched to the Northern army. Four of these free born sons fell victims to the cause of their country. Thaddeus Maltby, Dan Bunel [illegible], Foster Munson and Dick Negro and two of the militia to New York. Epaph Fowler and Dan Page. Col. Douglas commands the regiment of leather caps (cap of his invention). It was said to be the first regiment of the Connecticut troops. In August the militia were ordered to New York and Col. Douglas acts as General of Brigade. After his decease May 1777, the Reg. was commanded by Col. Mix [illegible] during the war. The regiment was always a terror to the enemy. Sergeant Levi Munson and Ser. Benjamin Norton each entered the army and retired 1783. Lieut. Sergeant Munson was captured with Gen. Allen and was in prison with him two years in England. On his

excellence he was told "You have seen enough you will never trouble us again." "I will fight you the first opportunity," was his reply. He was appointed Lieutenant and served during the war. Capt. Lewis Foote was a warm and active officer; [illegible] of the regiment. New York 1775. Jonathan Maltby and Solomon Talmage of this same troop were [illegible] under Capt. [illegible] of Milford to the capture of Burgoyne. Her sons were in many battles. Mr. Josiah Fowler and brothers were with Major Meigs in the expedition to Long Island when many of the enemy were captured.

They were invaded one night in the Episcopal Church in Northford on their way to Hartford. Mr. Elihu Fowler was in the battle of White Plains, was a marksman, said he had many fair shots at the enemy as he never modest a squirrel. Jonathan Finch served during, and Peter Lyon were at the taking of Cornwallis, and in many other perils of the Revolution.

The whole mass were engaged in emergencies and Northford left destitute of male inhabitants. When the enemy came to New Haven some of the dear patriot ladies for fear fled to the mountains with food and bedding, assisted by a faithful colored man. Capt. Jonathan Munson, Capt. Solomon Talmage, Mr. Elihu Foot, Squire John Porter and Mr. James Linly were pensioners. The war of the Revolution was a time that tried men's souls and women's too, sometimes. Vile characters would tell frightful stories that the enemy were coming, to drive women and children from themselves. Blessed the God of peace and peace; we live in the time of peace, plenty and in the Land of Freedom.

Northford has furnished a large proportion of Teachers of Church Music. Rev. Lemuel Tyler of Preston, Conn., taught in Fairfield and in Fishkill, N. Y. Dr. Augustus Williams of Canandaigua, N. Y., taught in Newburyport, Mass. Gen. Isaac Maltby and Col. Stephen Maltby were eminent teachers, were much employed at home and abroad. Mr. Solomon Fowler and Mr. Lewis Fowler were teachers. Mr. L. Fowler taught in Pennsylvania and many years in Northford. There has ever been a little band of vocal and instrumental music.

For more than sixty years church music has been cultivated. First by Rev. Andrew Law. Since, [illegible] in life and their descendants. There is [illegible] of the select and High school teachers. Musical [illegible] a [illegible] remark: "*The [illegible]*."

New Haven, [illegible], 1-7. [illegible] that all the Presidents with one exception are [illegible] the dust, and every one who taught church music and all but thirty-one choir [illegible] Yale College [illegible]. Of my class Hon. Elizur Goodrich and myself are all that I know of living.

"Soon will the grave receive me
My exit from this world of care."

JONATHAN MALTBY.

See p. 18.

6, (p. 18).

The New Eng. Hist. and Gen. Register 1865, Vol. 19, p. 338, has an article headed: "Reminiscences connected with the War of 1812." It commences as follows:

"In the summer of 1814 many portions of the militia of Mass. were called into actual service for the defence of the seaboard, especially in and near Boston." (Then mentions regiments and officers.)

"Another brigade of three thousand militia was organized and placed under the command of Brigadier General Isaac Maltby, of Hatfield." [illegible] "The regiment went into camp at Cambridge [illegible] days. [illegible] to a place called Commercial Point, Dorchester, where were better accommodations.

"At Commercial Point, the regiment was drilled daily in the manual exercise, marching, wheeling, etc. It was reviewed twice at a place called Cedar Point, and on Boston Common by Governor Strong, Adjutant General Brooks, Generals Cobb, Mattoon, White, Dearborn, their subordinates, Genl. Cobb remarking, 'That regiment by [illegible] and let the ignorance [illegible] know.'" Page 341 says: "General Maltby was a representative in the legislature. He removed

to Waterloo, N. Y., where he died in 1819. He published 'Elements of War,' 12mo, 1812, 'A Treatise on Courts Martial and Military Law,' 1813."

The New Eng. Hist. and Gen. Register, 1878, Vol. 32, p. 235, in a short account of the Murray family says:

"Seth Murray, [illegible] of William, [illegible] served in the Revolutionary army; was commissioned as Major, 1781, in 1789, and subsequently as Brig. General. He married, at Hatfield, Elizabeth White. They had one child, Lucinda, who married Isaac Maltby (Yale College 1786), Brigadier General Mass. militia, 1814, and author of several military works. Descendants known."

PEDIGREES IN THE FOLLOWING FAMILIES.

Alling.
Atwater.
Baker.
Baldwin.
Bartlett.
Bishop—James.
Bishop—John.
Brenton.
Burton.
Clark.
Coe.
Coit.
Cooper.
Cruttenden.
Davenport.
Davis.
Dickerman.
Eliot.
Ford.
Fowler.
Gold.
Hall.
Hodgkins.
Holgrave.
Holt.
Hubbard.
Jenners or Ganners.
Kilborne.
Kitchell.
Lamberton.
Lamson.
Lathrop.
Law.
Lyman
Maltby.
Mather.
Mitchell.
Moss.
Mould.
Mountfort.
Nash.
Osborne.
Parke.
Peck.
Pierson.
Plumbe.
Ranger.
Sayre.
Scudder.
Sellick.
Sheafe.
Stratton.
Stone.
Townshend.
Walker.
Warham.
White.
Williams.
Wollen.
Wolley.

ALLING.*

The will of James Allen of Kempston, Bedford Co., Eng., made Jan. 7, 1656—proved Jan. 29, 1657, names his "son Roger in New England;" his "daughter Joane, wife of Abraham Doolittle," etc. (See New Eng. Gen. Reg. July 1892, pp. 330, 331.)

1. ROGER[1] ALLEN (or ALLING) signed the contract "at the very beginning at New Haven." He was Sergeant, Deacon, and Treasurer of the Colony.

He married Mary, d. of Thomas Nash.

2. HON. JOHN[2] ALLING, s. of Roger[1] and Mary (*Nash*) Alling was Governor's Assistant, and treasurer of Yale College from 1702 till 1717. His wife was Susanna, d. of Robert Coe.

3. SUSANNA[2] ALLING, d. of Hon. John[2] and Susanna (*Coe*) Alling, m. Capt. John White. (See White.)

4. DEA. JOHN[3] WHITE m. Mary Dickerman.
5. HANNAH WHITE m. Robert Townshend
6. NANCY[4] TOWNSHEND m. Augustus Maltby.
7. GEORGE[5] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

ATWATER.

The following concerning the English ancestors of David Atwater, the emigrant, is a copy of an original manuscript written by the late Rev. Edward E. Atwater, and kindly loaned the compiler by his widow.

THE ATWATER FAMILY.

CHAPTER I.

The English Ancestors of the American Atwaters.

ALL in America who bear the family name of Atwater are descended from David Atwater, who emigrating in 1637 from the Parish of Lenham in the county of Kent, England, where his ancestors had resided about two centuries, became one of the first planters in New Haven, Connecticut. Of these ancestors of the emigrant, *Thomas Atwater* of

* For another pedigree in this family see Part 4.

[illegible] His will [illegible] [illegible] April [illegible] January 16, 1497, [illegible]

John Atwater, [illegible] 14, 1501, bequeaths his soul [illegible] his mother [illegible] buried in the [illegible] at [illegible] He mentions his sons, John and [illegible] his daughter [illegible] and his daughter [illegible] wife of [illegible] Turner. After [illegible] for others he [illegible] I bequeath to [illegible] the world [illegible]."

"*Robert* [illegible] Dec. 22 [illegible] queaths [illegible] of our layde [illegible] thirty-two [illegible] church of [illegible] of a quarter of a year." [illegible] ter. Mention is made of his sisters [illegible] and [illegible] Turner.

[illegible] is one of the lands [illegible] of an[illegible] he [illegible] without [illegible] of the [illegible] emigrated to [illegible] Thomas, [illegible]

Thomas Atwater [illegible] of our sovereign [illegible] Henry the [illegible] as "Thomas Atwater [illegible] in the parish of [illegible]" The will, which was proved three days after its date, mentions [illegible] his wife; Thomas, Christopher, Edward, and William, his sons; and Alice his daughter. The property mentioned are [illegible] wards and one garden [illegible] lying, and being at [illegible] "my house which I [illegible] of land," among [illegible] Brom[illegible]croft, and [illegible] He devises to his son Christopher, [illegible] whom is the [illegible] American Atwaters, the messuage and garden at [illegible] Gate and five pieces of

land, whereof one-all of Bromfield, another Bromfield, another called Randall's were in Boughton Malherbe, and "the other two pieces of land near unto the house or tenement of aforesaid."

A provision of his will reads as follows, viz:—

"I will that my sons shall enjoy all of his or their lands or tenements [illegible] shall come to the age of 21 years, then I will that [illegible] shall have [illegible] his other brethren to be had to them and to their heirs forever."

Christopher Atwater, the second son of Thomas, died at Royton in 1573. (?) His will, dated Feb. 24, 1573, in the 15 year of Queen Elizabeth, was proved on the sixth day of April next following. He mentions his wife Marion; his sons, David, Matthew, George and John; his daughter Joan; his brothers, Thomas and William; and "my nephew Adam Water."

The following quotations from his will may be interesting to his descendants.

"I trust my soul into the hands of Almighty God, trusting assuredly by his mercy and in the death and passion of our Savior Jesus Christ, to obtain remission and forgiveness of all my sins when it shall please God to take me." "I will my body to be buried in the churchyard of Lenham aforesaid."

"This is the last will of me the said Christopher Atwater, made and delivered the day and year above written, conveying all my lands and tenements situate, lying and being in Lenham aforesaid and Boughton Malherbe or elsewhere."

"First, I will that Marion my wife shall have the profit of my three pieces of land called Parkfields and Randalls, lying in Lenham and Boughton Malherbe, until my son David come to the full age of 24 years. And when the said David cometh to the age of twenty and four years, I will that the said David shall have the three pieces of land called Parkfields and Randall's to be had to him and to his heirs forever."

"I will that [illegible] of Kent in [illegible] shall have the lease and profits of my tenement that I now dwell in and the residue of my land until my son John cometh to the age of twenty and four years. I will that the said tenement and land not before willed shall remain unto the said George and John my sons, to be had to them and to their heirs forever. . . . . and if either the said George or John fortune to die without heirs, then I will the one to be the other's heir. . . . . If any of my sons do alienate or sell his part before willed, before he come to the age of thirty years, then my will is that his brothers shall enter upon it as their own."

"Further my will is that if it fortune my said wife to die before my children come to the age as is above limited and appointed, that my brothers Thomas and William, or one of them, shall receive the profit of my land to the use of my sons, and also have the order of bringing up my children until they severally come to the age as is aforesaid.

"Further, my will is that if the said Marion my wife [illegible] to marry before she [illegible] my children [illegible] William [illegible] of all my [illegible] well and truly [illegible]."

The record of baptisms in the parish of Lydd [illegible] about fifteen years before the death of Christopher Atwater. No record has been found of the baptism of David, the eldest son, or of Joan his daughter; probably both were born before they were baptized [illegible] the record was [illegible] Lydd [illegible] Bethersden, 1573. Of his sons George and Thomas [illegible] appears from the following record.

"Mensis Februarius Die 3. Georgius filius Christopher
Atwater [illegible]
" " Die 2 Mar. [illegible] Christopher
Atwater [illegible]"

The baptism of these two children on the same day suggests the hypothesis that they were twins. George is mentioned [illegible] in the parish register, and [illegible] in their father's will. On the seventh day of March, 1573, William, son of Christopher Atwater was baptized. "William, son of Christopher Atwater was buried April 4, 1569."

On the fifth day of March, 1579-80, John, son of Christopher Atwater was baptized. This [illegible] the youngest son of Christopher Atwater, became the father of [illegible] Atwater who emigrated to America. If Christopher Atwater died in 1573 according to new style, his son John [illegible] if 1573 according to old style is meant, John was about four years old when his father died.

Joan, the [illegible] daughter of Christopher Atwater, married Stephen Cook of Smarden in Kent, by which [illegible] from the wills of her brothers, she had three children, viz.: [illegible] Amy, whose name after marriage was Amy Atwood, and Marion, whose name became by marriage, Marion Best.

Of Matthew Atwater, no later mention has been found, than that in his father's will bequeathing to him [illegible] in Bethersden Manorbe. The absence of his name in the wills of his brothers leads to the conclusion that he died earlier than they and Atwater [illegible].

David Atwater, [illegible] of Christ [illegible] made his will, July 15, 1620. He was then residing in the [illegible] parish of Charing. His burial is thus recorded in the parish register of Lenham:

"1620, July 11th. David Atwater was borne in Lenham of Charing."*

* There is of course a mistake in some of these dates. I think the Parish Register gives the date of burial incorrectly.

His will was proved 8 Sept. 27, 1620, by the oath of Susannah Atwater, widow, the relict, the sole executrix. In it he mentions his wife Susan, brothers George and John, the children of his sister Cook. The following great-nieces relate to the marriage of his brother John.

"Item, I give and bequeath unto my brother, John Atwater, one annuity or yearly rent of four pounds, ten shillings, of the value, issuing unto me by one James Cotton, Esq. Mallinge in the county aforesaid, together with a legacy of twenty pounds, to be had unto the said John Atwater, my brother, his heirs and assigns forever, in lieu thereof to Anne his daughter the sum of ten pounds lawful money of England."

"I give and bequeath unto George Atwater, my brother, my house called the Vine, lying and being in the town of Loxham aforesaid, and one piece or parcel of land lying and being in Westwell aforesaid, to be had unto him and his assigns for and during the whole term of his natural life. After his decease I will that the said house called the Vine with all the appurtenances, lying and being in Loxham Town aforesaid shall be and remain unto David Atwater, my Godson, the son of my brother John Atwater, and to his heirs forever, and that my said piece or parcel of land lying and being in Westwell aforesaid, shall be and remain unto Joshua Atwater, one other of the sons of my brother, and to his heirs forever."

"Item, I give and bequeath unto John Atwater, my brother, all those my lands called by the name and names of Parkfields, ... and one piece or parcel of land called Bird's lying and being in Boughton Malherbe aforesaid to be had unto him for and during the whole term of his natural life; and after his decease, I will that the said lands shall be and remain unto David Atwater his son and to his heirs forever."

George Atwater, another son of Christopher, died in the parish of Rodmersham in 1622. His will dated February, 1621-2, was proved April 26, 1622. He mentions his wife Anne, the children of his brother John, viz: Joshua, David and Anne; his sister, Joan Cook, wife of Stephen Cook of Sandwich; Sarah Cook and Amy Atwater, her children; and "the children of Marion Best the daughter of the said Joan Cook."

The following are extracts from his will.

"Item, I give and bequeath unto Anne, my wife, all that my house, barns and buildings, with all my lands thereunto belonging, situate, lying and being in Loxham in the county of Kent and also place called Grant's Garden, for her during her natural life; and after her decease I give the said house and lands unto David Atwater, the son of my brother, John Atwater."

"Item, I give unto Joshua Atwater, the son of my brother John Atwater, Ten pounds."

"Item, I give and bequeath unto Ann Atwater, the daughter of my brother John Atwater, Five pounds." "And my will is further that my wife shall appoint that after her decease, all such writings and evidences as concern the aforesaid lands shall be delivered to the hands of my nephew David Atwater. And I do make Ann my wife, my whole and sole executrix of this my last will and testament."

The legacies of money to Joshua, Anne [illegible] were ordered to be paid to all to pay [illegible] and [illegible] paid [illegible].

It does appear that the sons of David Atwater [illegible] no surviving [illegible]. [illegible] leaving [illegible] at least one child. [illegible] David and [illegible] Christopher. [illegible] David Atwater was buried March 5, 1692, and [illegible] the [illegible], this record, [illegible] David Atwater [illegible]. Leaving no children [illegible] his property divided to John and his sons Joseph and David, all [illegible] real estate.

From the above it appears that the English ancestors of David Atwater, the settler of New Haven, as far as proved, were:

1. Thomas; wife Elinor; will 1480.
2. John; wife Maryon.
3. Robert.
4. Thomas; wife Joan.
5. Christopher; wife Marion.
6. John, bap. March 5, 1569–70.

7. 1. David[1] Atwater was one of the first planters of New Haven, and in the first division of lands among the settlers a farm was assigned him in the "Neck," as the tract between Mill and Quinnipiac Rivers was called, upon which, it is believed, he lived till his death, which occurred Oct. 5, 1692.

His wife was Damaris, d. of Thomas Sayre, of Southampton, L. I.* In New Haven town records it is stated, "She died April 1, 1691."

CHILDREN:

Mercy[2], b. Feb. 20, 1647; m. John Austin.
Damaris, b. Nov. 12, 1648; m. John Pendleton.
David, b. July 13, 1650.
Joshua, b. Jan. 11, 1652.
John[2], b. Nov. 1, 1654.
Jonathan, b. July 12, 1656.
Abigail, b. March 3, 1660; m. Nathaniel Jones.
Mary[2], b. March 31, 1662; m. Ichabod Stow.
Samuel[2], b. Sep. 17, 1664.
Ebenezer, b. Jan. 13, 1666.

8. 2. Jonathan[2], s. of David and Damaris (Sayre) Atwater, b. July 12, 1656, married Ruth, d. of Rev. Jeremiah Peck, June 1, 1681, and died June 3, 1726.

He is described in a deed as a merchant.

*See N. Y. Prob. Rec., Vol. I, p. 119.

CHILDREN:

JOSHUA[1], b. Feb. 29, 1682; d. March 16, 1682.
DAVID, b. [illegible]
JEREMIAH, b. Jan. 31, 1685.
MARY, b. [illegible] 1686; m. Isaac Dickerman.
[illegible]
JONATHAN, [illegible]
LYDIA, b. April [illegible]; d. Aug. 2, 1694.
JOSEPH[2], b. Dec. 9, 1694.
STEPHEN, b. Dec. 4, 1696.
DAMARIS[2], b. Oct. 9, 1698; m. Caleb Hall.
LYDIA, b. July 31, 1701; d. Mar. 20, 1708.

9. 3. MARY[3], d. of Jonathan and Ruth (Pease) Atwater, b. Dec. 31, 1686; m. Capt. Isaac Dickerman. (See Dickerman.)

10. 4. MARY[4] DICKERMAN m. Lieut. John White.
11. 5. HANNAH[4] WHITE m. Robert Townshend.
12. 6. NANCY[4] TOWNSHEND m. Augustus Maltby.
13. 7. GEORGE[4] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

BAKER.*

1. JOHN[1] BAKER, England.

2. NICHOLAS,[2] Herts, Eng. m. Mary Hodgetts.

3. 1. MARGERY[3] BAKER m. Thomas Nash, who came to America. (See Nash.)

4. 2. MARY[3] NASH m. Roger Alling.
5. 3. HON. JOHN ALLING m. [illegible]
6. 4. SUSANNA[4] ALLING m. Capt. John White.
7. 5. DEA. JOHN[4] WHITE m. Mary Dickerman.
8. 6. HANNAH[5] WHITE m. Robert Townshend.
9. 7. NANCY[5] TOWNSHEND m. Augustus Maltby.
10. 8. GEORGE[6] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

* For another pedigree in this family see Part 4.

BALDWIN.

1. JOSEPH[1] BALDWIN, Settler, Milford, 1639, had wife Hannah ———. He was brother of Nathaniel and Timothy.

From "Ye Story of ye Memorial."[*]—*Northampton Pond.*

"No. 15. JOSEPH BALDWIN,
Obit. 1690.
HANNAH HIS WIFE.

Many of the prominent Baldwins of Milford are his descendants and have had considerable influence in Milford's prosperity. Nathan A. Baldwin and Albert A. Baldwin have paid out millions to their operatives, and at this writing give employment to a large number. Joseph's house lot was next to that of Nicholas Camp (22), and some of his descendants are now living on it. His son David married Mary, daughter of Ensign John Stream (23) and those now in Milford came from this marriage.

This stone is the gift of Mrs. Lucy Baldwin Stevens of New York."

NOTE.—The [illegible] No. 14 Nathaniel Baldwin, says that Nathaniel (1), Joseph (1) and Timothy [illegible] Baldwin, [illegible] Buckingham [illegible] Henry Porter Baldwin, M. C. from [illegible]; Henry Baldwin, Judge of the United States Supreme Court [illegible] Pennsylvania; [illegible] Baldwin, M. C. from Brooklyn, N. Y.; and Lafayette Baldwin, Judge Supreme Court, California.

2. SERGT. JONATHAN[1] BALDWIN, of Joseph[1], born Feb. 15, 1649, married 1667, Hannah Ward, who died in 1693. He married 2d, Thankful Strong, daughter of Elder John Strong, of Windsor, born 1663. He was a prominent citizen of Milford; called in records "Sergeant."

3. HANNAH[2] BALDWIN, daughter of Joseph and Thankful (*Strong*) Baldwin, was baptized in 1696; married Jan. 6, 1723, Josiah Fowler, and removed to Durham. She died Dec. 10, 1776, and was buried at Northford. (See Fowler.)

[*] Memorial Bridge—Milford, Conn.

4. ELIZABETH[4] FOWLER m. Dea. Benjamin Maltby.
5. COL. STEPHEN[5] MALTBY m. Abigail Williams.
6. AUGUSTUS[6] MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
7. GEORGE[7] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

BARTLETT.

1. DEA. GEORGE[1] BARTLETT, Guilford 1641, Branford 1649, married Sep. 14, 1650, Mary, daughter of Abraham Cruttenden. He was lieutenant, and representative, 1665; died Aug. 3, 1669. His widow died next month.

2. ELIZABETH[2] BARTLETT, daughter of Dea. George[1] Bartlett, married Aug. 29, 1677, Abraham Fowler. (See Fowler.)

3. JOSIAH[3] FOWLER m. Hannah Baldwin.
4. ELIZABETH[4] FOWLER m. Dea. Benjamin Maltby.
5. COL. STEPHEN[5] MALTBY m. Abigail Williams.
6. AUGUSTUS[6] MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
7. GEORGE[7] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

BISHOP (JAMES).

1. HON. JAMES[1] BISHOP, New Haven, 1648. He was Secretary of the Colony in 1651; Representative, 1665; Assistant, 1668; and Deputy Governor from 1686 until his death, June 22, 1691.

His wife was Mary, d. of Capt. George Lamberton, of the "*Phantom Ship*."

2. ABIGAIL[2], daughter of Hon. James[1] Bishop, b. Oct. 30, 1659, married Judge William Maltby of Branford, and died, as it states on her tombstone, "Oct. ye 24th, 1710, aged 51 years." (See Maltby).

3. DANIEL MALTBY m. Esther Moss.
4. DEACON BENJAMIN[4] MALTBY m. Elizabeth Fowler.
5. COL. STEPHEN[5] MALTBY m. Abigail Williams.
6. AUGUSTUS[6] MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
7. GEORGE[7] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

BISHOP JOHN

1. Jonas[1] Bishop, [illegible] 1639, [illegible] the [illegible] of the [illegible] of Massachusetts, the [illegible] East River and [illegible] Sound, [illegible] all the present town of Guilford. The History of Guilford (Smith) gives the names of [illegible] Henry Whitfield, Robert Kitchell,* William Leete, William Chatfield, John Bishop,* and John [illegible].

The first settlers of this town were adventurers from Surrey and Kent, near London, and, unlike their [illegible] who peopled New Haven [illegible] the town Guilford in remembrance of Guildford [illegible] town, the capital of Surrey, where [illegible].

The six persons who purchased the land of Indians of the planters were to hold it in trust for them [illegible] could be formed to secure the power [illegible] in fact until that time only four persons were [illegible] civil power, viz: Robert Kitchell, William Chatfield, John Bishop,* and William Leete, [illegible] and the peace [illegible] formed in 1643, the [illegible] from the Indians [illegible] resigned [illegible] their power [illegible] formation of the church.

The government of the [illegible] formation of the jurisdiction or [illegible], in 1643, [illegible] in a general court for [illegible], which court consisted of [illegible] governor, deputy governor, [illegible] or more magistrates; the other consisting of deputies elected by [illegible] semi-annually, but in Guilford [illegible] and fall of each year. [illegible] was the first person appointed magistrate for Guilford, and his [illegible].

* It being [illegible] were associated [illegible] attention [illegible]

chosen [illegible] the freemen of the town, were Wm. [illegible], Wm. Leare, and Robert Kitchel,* and some other Mr. [illegible] Bishop."†

It is worthy of notice that John Bishop is [illegible] Hist. of Guilford, is a list of the freemen of [illegible] in 1657. Of the [illegible] two who have the prefix of respect are Mr. Benjamin [illegible] and "Mr. John Bishop." In view of this fact the following extract from the New Eng. Hist. and Gen. Register (Vol. [illegible], p. 156, 1854) is given.

Mr. Bishop, the Taunton Schoolmaster.

Lechford in his Plain Dealing, p. 40, in giving an account of the gathering of the church at "Taunton, alias Tetton," informs us that Master Hake [illegible] Bishop, a School-Master, and one Parker, [illegible] Francis Bayfield in his researches [illegible] Memoir of the County of New Plymouth," was unable to ascertain the Christian name of Mr. Parker. [illegible] which led him to think that Mr. Bishop [illegible] Haven. (Bayfield's Plym. Pat. H. [illegible]) Rev. S. H. Emery (History of Taunton, Vol. I, p. [illegible]) [illegible] further respecting Plym. [illegible] Mr. Winslow's History of Plymouth [illegible] been met with only at Taunton. [illegible] poetry of Mr. [illegible] mentioned by Lechford, [illegible] "Mr. [illegible] were divided in [illegible] (Plym. Pat. H. [illegible])

In [illegible] at the Taunton church in [illegible] Rev. John Brown [illegible] afterwards [illegible] in New Haven [illegible] as the successor of Rev. Nathaniel Brumhill, in his History of Connecticut, Vol. I, p. [illegible], gives the following account of the schoolmaster and his settlement.

"The church sent several of their members to seek them a [illegible] They travelled on foot [illegible] forward to Boston, where they [illegible] John Bishop, who had been a school-master, [illegible] studies, and [illegible] to go with them to Stamford. He [illegible] in the [illegible]

* See [illegible].

† Dr. [illegible] John Cotton, son of the [illegible] John Cotton of Massachusetts.

great a distance. [illegible] people were suited to [illegible] and [illegible] with them in the [illegible] fifty years.

. . . . . [illegible] Boston [illegible] as it is likely that [illegible] Farmer [illegible].

QUERY.—Would not this description, or [illegible] Mr. John Bishop, who, [illegible] "pioneer" [illegible] New Haven," apply equally well to Mr. John Bishop of Guilford?

According to Savage, the wife of Mr. John Bishop was Ann ———, and he had sons John and Stephen. The will of his widow, June, 1670, at Hartford, names son-in-law James Steele, who [illegible] Bethia, and gr. d. Elizabeth Hubbard. Mr. John Bishop died in Jan. 1661.

2. MARY[2], d. of Mr. John* Bishop, m. Deacon George Hubbard. (See Hubbard.)

3. MARY[3] HUBBARD m. John Fowler.
4. ABRAHAM[4] FOWLER m. [illegible] Bradlett.
5. JOSIAH[5] FOWLER m. Hannah Baldwin.
6. ELIZABETH[6] FOWLER m. Dea. Benj. Maltby.
7. COL. STEPHEN[7] MALTBY m. Abigail Williams.
8. AUGUSTUS[8] MALTBY m. Nancy Townsend.
9. GEORGE[9] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

BRENTON.

(HERTFORDSHIRE.)

Arms: Argent, a chevron gules between three [illegible]
[illegible] Out of a naval crown or, a swan [illegible]
Motto: [illegible] By others it is [illegible] have [illegible].

Their arms are elsewhere described as, gules, a lion rampant or, between three martlets argent.

Crest: Out of a naval crown or, the circle inscribed spartan, a swan argent, gutteé d'eau.
Motto: Go through.

1. HON. WILLIAM[1] BRENTON, Colonial Governor of Rhode Island, came to Boston in the ship "Griffin," 1633, with Rev. John Cotton. He joined the church soon after his arrival, and was made "teaching elder." He, with several

* See Guilford Records. *Dr. Alvin A. Talcott.*

friends who accompanied him, had ample means. His estate of Hessenmouth took its name from his native place in England. From [illegible] freeman, May [illegible], 1644; representative, 1647, [illegible] 1654-7. In [illegible] Roger Williams [illegible] Island; was president of that colony 1659 [illegible] at Boston, [illegible] as selectman, 1652-7. He contributed more than any other, except one, for the erection of a town house at Newport. He was made Governor of Rhode Island, 1666-67-68. He died at Taunton, 1670-72, and died at Newport in 1674, where Brenton's Beach, Brenton's Reef, and Brenton's Point represent the name. He also had large tracts of land on the present site of Litchfield, New Hampshire.

His wife was Martha, daughter of Thomas Brenton, Esq., of Newport, R. I., by whom he had eight children. Of these Sarah married Rev. Joseph Eliot.

Some of the Brenton family adhered to the Royal cause in the Revolution, and left the country when the struggle terminated in favor of the patriots.

There are several distinguished branches of the family in England, well known in naval annals.

2. SARAH[2] BRENTON, daughter of Gov. William[1] and Martha (Burton) Brenton, married the Rev. Joseph Eliot, son of Rev. John Eliot, the "Apostle." [illegible] Eliot.

3. ANNE[3] ELIOT, m. Gov. Jonathan Law.
4. ANNE[4] LAW m. [illegible]
5. ANNE[5] HALL m. Rev. Warren Williams.
6. ABIGAIL[6] [illegible] Eliot [illegible] y.
7. AUGUSTUS[7] MALTBY m. Nancy Townsend.
8. GEORGE[8] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

BURTON.

1. THOMAS[1] BURTON, Esq., Hingham 1640, and Newport, R. I., is spoken of by Savage as a "great disturber of the political state."

2. MARTHA[2] BURTON married Gov. William Brenton, of R. I. (See Brenton.)

3. SARAH BURNTON m. Rev. Joseph Hull.
4. ANNE[4] ELIOT m. Gov. Jonathan Law.
5. ANNE LAW m. [illegible] Hall.
6. ANNE HALL m. Rev. Wardwell Williams.
7. ABIGAIL[3] WILLIAMS m. Col. Stephen Maltby.
8. AUGUSTUS MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
9. GEORGE[7] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

CLARK.

1. DEACON GEORGE[1] CLARK was an original settler of Milford, Conn., 1639. His wife's name was Mary ———.

He has a stone in Milford Memorial Building and is mentioned in Ye Story of ye Memorial.—*Nathan G. Pond.* (No. 8.)

CHILDREN:

DEA. THOMAS[2] CLARK, m. Hannah Gilbert.
GEORGE[2] CLARK, m. [illegible] Fairchild.
SAMUEL[2], m. Mary, daughter of "Farmer" Geo. Clark.
SARAH[2], m. Hon. Jonathan Law.

2. SARAH[2] CLARK, daughter of Dea. George[1] and Mary Clark, married Hon. Jonathan Law. (See Law.)

3. GOV. JONATHAN LAW m. Anne Eliot.
4. ANNE[4] LAW m. Rev. Samuel Hall.
5. ANNE HALL m. Rev. Wardwell Williams.
6. ABIGAIL[3] WILLIAMS m. Col. Stephen Maltby.
7. AUGUSTUS MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
8. GEORGE[7] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

COE.*

1. ROBERT[1] COE, Watertown, 1634, came in the "Francis" from Ipswich, aged 38, with his wife Ann, aged 33. He removed to Stamford in 1650, then to Stratford, and last to Hempstead, L. I.

He "was entrusted with some power by Connecticut, and in New York jurisdiction was made Sheriff." His name is often mentioned in the History of Stamford (Conn.).

Hurd's History of Fairfield says that he was born in Norfolk Co., Eng., 1596. That he removed from Wethersfield to

* For another pedigree in this family see Part 4.

Stamford, [illegible] 30[illegible]. There was a [illegible] at that place at the [illegible] Court at New Haven. He was [illegible] from the [illegible] Court of Conn. in 1664, and was Sheriff of [illegible] from 1659 to 1672.

2. Robert Coe, d. [illegible], son of Robert and Anne ——— Coe, married H[illegible] [illegible] 20 [illegible] 1660.

3. Susanna[2] Coe, daughter of Robert and Hannah Mitchell Coe, married Henry John Allen. (See Allen.)

4. Susanna[4] Allen m. Capt. John White.
5. Dea. John White m. Mary Dodge[illegible].
6. Hannah White m. Robert [illegible].
7. Nancy Townsend m. Augustus Maltby.
8. George Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogart.

COIT.

1. John[1] Coit, the first of the name in America, came probably from Glamorganshire, Wales, between 1630 and 1638. He had a grant of land at Salem, Mass., in 1638. In 1644 he removed to Gloucester; see [illegible] in 1648. His son John's [illegible] of the records at the same time. John Coit, Sen., [illegible] and the [illegible] of home lots now called Winthrop's Point, and on Plaister's Neck had [illegible] grant of [illegible] New London, Conn., in 1651. He married Mary Gardners, or Jenners, in [illegible]. His will provides for a son, Joseph, and daughters, Mary and Martha.

2. Martha[2] Coit, daughter of John and Mary Jenners Coit, married 1st, Hugh Mould, of New London, a famous ship builder; 2d, Nathaniel White. (See Mould.)

3. Susanna[3] Mould m. Ensign Daniel White.
4. Capt. John White m. Susanna White.
5. Dea. John White m. [illegible] Dodge.
6. Hannah White m. Robert [illegible].
7. Nancy Townsend m. Augustus Maltby.
8. George Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogart.

COOPER.

1. JOHN[1] COOPER, New Haven, 1639, was agent for iron works. Representative, 1661-7. He died Nov. 25, 1689.

CHILDREN:

MARY,[2] b. in England, probably; bapt. 1643.
HANNAH,[2] b. 1648, m. John Potter.
SARAH,[2] m. Samuel Hemingway.

2. MARY[2] COOPER, daughter of John Cooper, married Lieut. Abraham Dickerman, Dec. 2, 1668. See Dickerman.

3. CAPT. ISAAC[3] DICKERMAN m. Mary Atwater.
4. MARY[3] DICKERMAN m. Dea. John White.
5. HANNAH[4] WHITE m. Robert Townshend.
6. NANCY[5] TOWNSHEND m. Augustus Maltby.
7. GEORGE[6] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

CRUTTENDEN.

1. ABRAHAM[1] CRUTTENDEN, settler Guilford, 1639. His wife was Mary ———. He died Jan., 1683. His name appears in the list of treasurers for the plantation of Guilford.

2. MARY[2] CRUTTENDEN, daughter of Abraham,[1] married Dea. George Bartlett; died Sep. 11, 1699. (See Bartlett.)

3. ELIZABETH[3] BARTLETT m. Abraham Fowler.
4. JOSIAH[4] FOWLER m. Hannah Middlebrook.
5. ELIZABETH[5] FOWLER m. Dea. Benjamin Maltby.
6. COL. SETHIEL[6] MALTBY m. Abigail Williams.
7. AUGUSTUS[7] MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
8. GEORGE[8] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

DAVENPORT.

(Taken from the Davenport Gen.—*A. B. Davenport.*)

Arms of Davenport: Argent, a chevron sable between three cross crosslets fitchee of the second.

Crest: On a wreath, a felon's head, couped at the neck proper, haltered Or.

Office indicated: Magisterial Serjeancy.

1. Ormus de Davenporte, born in 1086, and assumed the local name in the County of Chester, England. This is the date assigned to him by some pedigrees in the British Museum, and by the Brancaster pedigree, collected from the records of the College of Arms, Harl. MSS. 2119, etc., and which made him fifty years old at the birth of his son Richard. He witnessed a charter of confirmation of Gilbert Venables in the time of William II, or Henry I.

2. Richard de Davenporte, born in 1136, to whom Hugh Kevelioc, Earl of Chester, granted by charter the *chief forestership* of the forests of Leek and Macclesfield, 1166. His wife was Amabilia, the daughter of Gilbert Venables, baron of Kinderton, whose father, Gilbert Venables, was the Norman grantee of Kinderton, Davenport, etc., before 1086. This Richard de Davenporte had also, in marriage with Amabilia, about 1176, a moiety of the township of Marton by grant from her brother William de Venables. This township is noticed in the Domesday survey and was held, together with other estates, by the Saxon thane Goderic. From various coincidences in the Domesday account, it appears that Wulfric, who lived at the time of Edward the Confessor, 1049, and who was grandfather to Margaret Venables, the mother of Amabilia, was heir presumptive to the thane Goderic, and that the Norman Conqueror, who had dispossessed the family in the first instance, restored them to Marton, Cranage, etc.

3. Thomas de Davenporte, living in the time of Henry II, or before 1189.

4. Richard de Davenporte, to whom Randle Blundeville, Earl of Chester, granted by charter acquittance from suit in the Shire and Hundred Court, for himself and heirs, between 1209 and 1226.

5. Vivian de Davenporte, to whom Randle Blundeville, Earl of Chester, granted by charter the Grand Sergeancy of the forests of Leek and Macclesfield between 1209 and 1226, and also acquittance of juris. of County and Hundred.

He married Beatrix, daughter of Bertrand de Hulme, Harleian MSS. 2004.

It appears that this grant of the office of grand sergeancy was made to William Davenporte, consisting of [illegible] as a compensation for [illegible] and [illegible] of Macclesfield, of which the earl had [illegible] which Vivian did not consider [illegible]

The powers of this office were the highest which the earl could [illegible] the disposal of the sergeant and his [illegible] the lives of his subjects, without [illegible] and without appeal.

At this period the [illegible] of the Davenportes is said to have been first adopted, and to have been borne upon the helmets of the [illegible] sergeants in their [illegible] through the peak hills and the forests of Leek and Macclesfield, to the terror of the numerous gangs of banditti which then infested those wild districts.

There is now in possession of the family at Capesthorne, a long roll (without date, but very ancient) containing the names of the master robbers who were taken and executed in the time of Vivian, his son Roger, and grandson Thomas de Davenporte, and also of the fees paid to them in right of this sergeancy. From this it appears that the fee paid for a master robber was 2s. and one salmon, and for their companions 12 pence each. There is also an account of the master robbers and their companions slain by the sergeants, and the fees thereon.

6. Roger Davenporte, of Davenporte, who married Mary, daughter of Robert Solemne of Worthington, with whom her husband had a moiety of Worthington, also a part of Tunstede and Wulfrooke, (Worthington).

By an inquisition taken before Reginald de Grey, 16 year of Edward I. (1288) it is found that Roger de Davenporte held his sergeancy in the Hundred of Macclesfield in the Bach, etc., and that he shall find eight sergeants (one a horseman) to keep the peace, who shall come at the King's summons, at their own cost in the county, and at the King's cost when they shall have posse of the Dead, or go out of the county. The same Roger, in 1248, witnessed a deed of Alexander Wythington. He seems to have died in 1291.

7. Sir Thomas Davenport, of Davenport, Knight, married 1st, Agnes, [illegible] of Thomas de Malpas of [illegible] in 1287. [illegible] who was Rose, daughter of Richard de Vernon, and widow of Sir William de [illegible].

Sir Thomas died in 1329, and his wife survived him in 1339.

8. Thomas Davenport de Wheldrake, to whom his father gave lands in [illegible], Wheldrake, [illegible], who became the ancestor of the Davenports of Wheldrake, Spring-hall, Henbury, Coventry, and Woodford (now also Cangethorne). He married Elizabeth ———, who survived her husband in 1379.

9. Sir John Davenport, called also Jenkin, to distinguish him from his father, knight of the [illegible] Lancashire, 1381, [illegible] Henbury. He married Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Peter Legh, of Bercherton.

10. Nicholas Davenport de Wilford, ancestor of the Davenports of Woodfield, etc., living in 1371, and had lands as by indenture in 1413 in Bradley, Rowley, etc.

He married Ellen, widow of Richard Massey, of Timberley, in 1371. She died under 1 Henry [illegible].

11. Christopher Davenport, of Woodfield, eldest surviving heir, inherited, [illegible] the father's estate, [illegible] of the will of [illegible] Henry V. [illegible]. He married Alice, daughter of Thomas Ardern, of Hale, [illegible] Alvanley, [illegible] Roger de Hale. [illegible] articles date 1 2 Henry V. (1415).

12. John Davenport, of Woodfield, died before Christopher, his father, 16 Edward IV. (1477). Married Alice, daughter of Ralph Prestwich.

13. Nicholas Davenport, of Woodfield, [illegible] intestate before Feb. 9, 1522. His wife was Margaret, [illegible] of Sir Christopher Savage, of Clifton, Knt., [illegible] joint-[illegible], Feb. 3, 1490. Surviving her husband, she [illegible] appointment

to her son John, 16 Henry VIII. (1525). Testament dated Dec. 12, 1542. Buried with her ancestors at Macclesfield.

14. Christopher Davenport, ancestor of the Davenports of Lowerise and Coventry. He married Emma, daughter and heiress of John Blunt, of Benton-on-Trent, County of Stafford—about midway between Woodland and Coventry. Harl. MSS. 2094. His settlement in Coventry must have been about 1500.

15. Edward Davenport, of Coventry, pewterer, who married a daughter of John Harford, Alderman of that city. In 1534 he was chosen to the office of City Chamberlain, and in 1540, to that of Sheriff.

In 1550 he was chosen Mayor of Coventry, and during his Mayoralty, overruled all the county.

16. Henry Davenport, of Coventry, who married for his 1st wife, Winnifred, daughter of Richard Barnabit. She was the mother of his children. His 2d wife was Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas of Gloucestershire. He was chosen Sheriff of Coventry in 1562, the same year that his younger brother, Christopher, was chosen to the Mayoralty, and whom he succeeded to that office in 1563.

For many years subsequently, and even as late as 1624, he was Alderman of the city—that station being filled for the most part by those who had formerly been Mayor—and implying a degree of honor and eminence which cannot be said to attach to that office in many of our American cities at the present day.

The Armorial bearings of the Davenport family were confirmed to Henry Davenport, of Coventry, Alderman, 3d in descent from Davenport, County of Chester, as follows:

Arms: Argent, a chevron between three cross crosslets, fitchée sable.
Crest: A man's head couped at the shoulders, face in profile, proper, a rope around the neck Ar.

Henry Davenport's ecclesiastical connection appears to have been with the Church of the Holy Trinity, in which his son John was baptized and which was erected some century or

two before, and has stood a monument of the founders, for about five hundred years, with unerring change and adversity.

17. 1. Rev. JOHN DAVENPORT, born 1597, and intended for preparation to settle in the Free Grammar School in Coventry. He entered Merton College, Oxford, in 1613. After passing five years at Merton, he removed to Magdalen Hall in the same University, where he remained a short time, when he became a licensed minister. After officiating for a few months as chaplain at Hilton Castle, he removed to the metropolis, and having performed service for some five years in St. Lawrence Church, Old Jewry, London, he was elected in 1624, vicar in the neighboring Church of St. Stephens, in Coleman St., where he became a minister of note. In 1625, he returned to Magdalen Hall, and for some time performed his exercises for the degree of Bachelor of Divinity, which he received June 28th of that year, and soon after returned to London, where he was esteemed a person of excellent gifts in preaching and other qualities belonging to a divine. Here he labored for some years, till becoming a decided non-conformist, he resigned his charge at St. Stephens in 1633, went into Holland, and after some time returned to England, and in 1637 sailed for America.

Of the causes which led to the emigration of Rev. John Davenport to America, the compiler of these pages will not speak, as it would be foreign in a field more suited for the purposes of this work. For some years he had been deeply interested, chiefly through his friend, Rev. John Cotton, with the weighty affairs transpiring in New England. He had taken an early interest in the formation of the Massachusetts colony and contributed £50 towards the procurement of its charter. He was present at the meeting of the company in London, March 23, 1629, and also at those of March 30, April 8, August 28, 29, and those of November and December following. Preparations, if not previously commenced, were at once entered upon for the formation of a colony to settle in New England, with Theophilus Eaton as their civil leader. Within the first two months of that year, this company had matured their plans, chartered a vessel—the "Hector"—and

made ready their provisions and passengers, getting back for the said voyage and protection, most of them having thereupon engaged their passage.

As the names of the emigrants in the "Hopewell" are not recorded in the passenger lists, we conclude that they not long sailed from some other port. They arrived at Boston on the 6th of June, 1637.

Mr. Davenport was heartily welcomed by Mr. Cotton and his associates, and more particularly as his assistance was now required in helping to stay the prevalence of Antinomian error, which seemed at this time, through the fanaticism of Ann Hutchinson and others, to have threatened the peace and purity of the churches. His preaching and also his counsels in the Synod of that year, evidently had a favorable influence in the suppression of those dangerous errors.

The wealth, intelligence, enterprise, and moral worth of this newly arrived company of emigrants, made it very desirable with the already organized colonies of Plymouth and Massachusetts, to retain them among them, and to this end very liberal offers were made them. But reasons existed in their own minds why these urgent invitations could not be complied with; "the refusal to accept which was regarded as almost an unkindness by those who expected this accession to their strength."

In the Fall of 1637, Mr. Eaton, and others of the company, made a journey into Connecticut, to explore the lands and harbors on the coast. They came to a place lying at the mouth of a river which sets up near five miles from Long Island Sound. This harbor made a good one. The explorers were much taken with the beauty and fertility of this tract of country, and most of them being Londoners, and accustomed to a commercial pursuits, they deemed it a desirable site for the establishment of a commercial town. This place was therefore fixed upon for the location of their colony. On what is now the corner of Church and Meadow streets, they erected a hut, in which a few men remained over the winter to make preparations for the commencement of the settlement, while the rest returned to Massachusetts.*

* Seven men were left by the company, as hewers for the settlement from which to receive Dr. Lyman Beecher descended, one of whom was drowned, Atwater, and another drained Brown. See Brown, Francis, Page 4.

Early in the Spring the colonists prepared to remove to their new home. In [illegible] they sailed from Boston on the 18th of March, 1638. The [illegible] on the 14th of April, 1638. The [illegible] are [illegible] and the [illegible] being of the [illegible] to God a new [illegible] from [illegible] darkness. The subject of Rev. Mr. Davenport's discourse at this time was "The Temperature of the Wilderness."

Soon after their arrival at Quinnipiac, the exiles formed and subscribed what they denominated a "planation covenant." This may be considered the original civil contribution of the New Haven colony.

Having given themselves time for mature deliberation and wise counsel, "all the freemen of the plantation"—by which was meant all who were engaged in planting the colony—on the 4th of June, 1639, convened in a large tent of Mr. Newman, and in formal manner proceeded to the organization of a civil government.

Having ordained their civil commonwealth, they proceeded to the organization of their church. On the 22d of August, 1639, seven persons chosen out of their number, among whom Mr. Davenport was one, entered into a covenant with one another, and with Christ, and thus was established the first Church of New Haven. Being thus organized, they proceeded to admit others of the company to their fellowship.

Shortly after the church was instituted, Mr. Davenport was chosen pastor.

Rev. John Davenport and his friend Gov. Eaton built their dwellings near [illegible] the church, but [illegible] apart. Their houses were large and commodious. Gov. Eaton's stood on the north corner of Elm and [illegible] streets. It was built in the form of a central E, [illegible] many apartments in it, and nineteen fireplaces. Mr. Davenport's house, on the opposite side of Elm street, was built in the form of a cross, with the chimney in the center. Mr. Davenport's house had also many apartments and fifteen fireplaces.

During the year 1642, letters were received, signed by Oliver Cromwell and several members of both houses of parliament, and by divines, some ministers in England, inviting

Mr. Davenport, with Mr. Hooker, of Hartford, and Mr. Cotton, of Boston, returned to their [illegible] to assist in setting [illegible] the great revolution, which was then in progress [illegible] with reference to [illegible] of the times.

Upon the question of this invitation the subject was duly weighed by the several ministers, and Mr. Davenport was strongly inclined to go. But his church, considering the case, came to the conclusion "that in regard they had but one officer, they could not see the way clear to spare him for so long a time as such a journey required."

In the cause of popular education, Mr. Davenport has justly been styled a leader. In 1654 he brought forward the plan of establishing a college in New Haven, for which the town made a donation of land. Through the respectable of Davenport and Eaton, a donation of £500 sterling was also made by Governor Hopkins, who soon [illegible] dead. With these funds the General Court erected a college school into a College for teaching the three learned languages, Latin, Greek and Hebrew, and for the education of youth in good literature, to fit them for the public service in church and commonwealth, and settled £40 a year out of the colony treasury, upon the rector, or rector, besides the salary from New Haven School, with £100 for a library. Mr. Davenport took the care of the school for several years, or in 1660, The Rev. Jeremiah Peck* was appointed to that post. The convulsions of the time in 1664, the small number of inhabitants in the colony, and the subsequent removal of Mr. Davenport to Boston, prevented the carrying out of their designs for a college, and left the institution to terminate in a Grammar School, which continued to hold the Hopkins fund.

The name of Mr. Davenport, more than that of almost any other man, has been associated with the history of those individuals commonly known as "the regicides." For more than a month they were hid in his house, when they removed across the street to Gov. Eaton's, then occupied by Mr. Jones. "Davenport's enlightened greatness, liberality and integrity saved the Judges."

* See pedigree.

In 1651 the second church in Boston, then just formed, extended a call to Mr. Davenport to settle among them, which, however, he felt it his duty to decline. In 1667 the Rev. John Wilson, who had been associated with the distinguished Cotton and Norton as pastor of the First Church in Boston, died. That was the oldest church, except the one at Plymouth, and the most influential in the colonies. On the death of Mr. Wilson, Mr. Davenport was thought best fitted to succeed the eminent character who had ministered there. On the 27th of September 1667, the call was made out, and a committee sent to New Haven to invite Mr. Davenport's removal to Boston. He looked upon the application with favor, and felt it his duty to accept. His removal from New Haven took place the last of April, just thirty years after the commencement of his ministry there. He arrived with his family at Boston on the 24 of May. He was installed on the 9th of December. He was at this time more than seventy years of age.

Mr. Davenport's ministry which had lasted nearly twenty years in England and thirty in New Haven, was of short duration in Boston. At the time of his removal his mental powers were in full vigor, and the church there anticipated the enjoyment of his ministry for many years. But his services on earth were fast drawing to a close. He had labored among them in the Gospel but about two years, when on the 15th of March, 1670, he was suddenly seized with an apoplexy in which he was dismissed from a life of faithful and unremitted labor, and entered to his eternal rest. He died in the seventy-third year of his age, and was buried with every testimonial of respect, in a tomb near the venerated Cotton. (This tomb is in the burying-ground of the Stone Chapel Church on Tremont street.)

It may be added of Mr. Davenport, that he was a most faithful patriot. He was engaged in all the great interests of the New England Colonies. His plans were laid, not for the good of the generation then existing alone—they embodied principles which were designed to develop their fruit for coming ages. But his efforts were more particularly directed to the welfare of the colony of which he and his associate, Eaton, were styled the Aaron and Moses.

The wife of Rev. John Davenport was Elizabeth Wolley, who is buried in the King's Chapel Burial Grounds, Boston, near the tomb of Gov. Winthrop, and not far from the grave of her husband. Her gravestone bears the inscription:

"HERE LYETH BURIED
ye body of
MRS. ELIZABETH DAVENPORT
WIFE OF MR. JOHN DAVENPORT
aged 73 years
dec^d September ye 15th 1676."

18. 2. JOHN DAVENPORT, of New Haven, was born, possibly during the residence of his father in London, possibly not till the return of his mother from Holland in 1635, and was an only child. He did not accompany his parents to Boston, in 1637, but remained in the care of kind friends in or near London, and was probably for the most part of that and the following year, under the charge of Lady Vere,* whose kindness the father acknowledges in a letter under date of Sept. 28, 1639.

He was brought to America by Mr. Fenwick in 1639, in one of the only two ships that ever came to New Haven from England.

During his residence in New Haven, the son does not appear to have been much engaged in public affairs, although Dr. Stiles, in his History of the Regicides, in speaking of the Courts in New Haven, about the year 1661, mentions him as one of the judges.

He was married Nov. 27, 1663, to Abigail, daughter of the Rev. Abraham Pierson, of Branford, Conn., who was a sister of Rev. Abraham Pierson, the first Rector of Yale College. In 1668 he removed with his family to Boston. After his removal to Boston, with his father, he was Register of Probate, from Jan. 31, 1675 to August 17, 1676, but at the time of his

* The Lady Mary Vere, [illegible] was a [illegible] the Long Parliament [illegible] I, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] which [illegible] the throne [illegible] II. [illegible]

DICKERMAN.

1. Thomas[1] Dickerman, Dorchester, came from England in 1635. He died in 1651.

2. Lieut. Abraham[2] Dickerman, son of Thomas, was probably born in England. He was in Dorchester about 1662 with his wife Mary, daughter of John Cooper, whom he married Dec. 2, 1658. He died Nov. 2, 1711.

3. Capt. Isaac[3] Dickerman, son of Lieut. Abraham,[2] was born Nov. 7, 1677, and married Mary Atwater, June 30, 1709. He was a representative.

4. Mary[4] Dickerman, daughter of Capt. Isaac[3] and Mary (*Atwater*) Dickerman, married Dea. John White. (See White.)

5. Hannah[5] White m. Robert Townshend.
6. Nancy[5] Townshend m. Augustus Maltby.
7. George[5] Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogart.

ELIOT.

Arms: Argent a fesse gules between double cotises wavy azure.
Crest: An elephant's head argent, collared gu. Supporters two eagles regardant wings displayed and inverted ppr. each charged on the breast with an ermine spot.
Motto: Occurrent nubes (Clouds will intervene).

In the N. Eng. Hist. and Gen. Register for July, 1894, under the head of "Genealogical Gleanings in England," (Henry F. Waters, A.M.) is a collection of Eliot notes relating chiefly to the family of which a pedigree is given in the Visitations of Essex, published by the Harleian Society, for it is to that family Mr. Waters is convinced "our beloved Apostle to the Indians belonged." These notes include several wills and extracts from parish registers, which show plainly how closely connected the family of the Apostle was with the places with which the family whose pedigree is given was also connected. By the aid of these wills he succeeds in placing two of the sons of Thomas and Elizabeth

(Wilson) Eliot of the pedigree, in Wickford, "a place so unimportant in the history of our Indian Apostle, that it was there that it was born in a surprise."

Amongst some old parish records taken from the Registers of the Parish of St. John the Baptist, Wickford, Essexshire, Eng., is found of "John Eliot, the son of Bennett Eliott, baptized the 6th day of August in the year of our Lord 1604." The marriage records show the marriage of Bennet Eliot and Leonese Aggar, Oct. 30, 1598. These were the parents of the Rev. John Eliot who was educated at the University of Cambridge, Eng., and who emigrated to America in 1631. He arrived at Boston in the ship "Lion," on the third of November, 1631, in company with Gov. Winthrop, his wife and children, and about sixty others. Immediately on his arrival he took charge of the First Church in Boston, the pastor, Mr. Wilson, having temporarily gone to England on business. Previous to his leaving England, Mr. Eliot had betrothed himself to a young woman whose name was Anne Mountfort, who followed him to New England and their marriage took place in October, 1632.

Mr. Eliot continued in charge of the church in Boston until his removal to Roxbury where he was ordained Nov. 5, 1632, (being the first minister in that place) and continued until his death, a period of nearly sixty years.

He soon conceived a strong passion for christianizing and improving the condition of the Indians, of whom there were a large number within the limits of the English plantation.

He commenced his labors among them at Nonantum, in Newton, on the 28th of October, 1646.

He executed several translations into the Indian language, the most noted of which is the Indian Bible. The New Testament was published at Cambridge in September, 1661, under the auspices of the Society for Propagating the Gospel. Three years after the Old Testament was published, and the whole Bible, with a Catechism and the Psalms of David in metre, was thus given to the Indians in their own language, in forty years after the settlement of the country.

Eliot's labors were far greater than those of any of the translators in Germany, France, or England, for they had

not only the facilities afforded by copies of the Bible in [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible] of the Bible [illegible] and other books for [illegible] to all these [illegible] but as indirectly [illegible]. Thus a humble and modest [illegible] Bible [illegible] of a small Circle [illegible] which [illegible] work which [illegible] spheres, [illegible] awards of [illegible].

The [illegible] of the [illegible] of the [illegible] may be inferred from the fact that [illegible] Hebrew in the University of [illegible] distinguished [illegible] English Pulpit, [illegible] the Bible, the Bible [illegible] and published [illegible] the Bible [illegible] in the Arguments in the [illegible].

Equally [illegible] temporaries, [illegible] illustrious [illegible] tiality to the [illegible] duties were performed with [illegible] the purest principles of [illegible] of benevolence. [illegible] ments of [illegible] wilderness, [illegible] precarious, and comfortless life of [illegible]. With such holy ardor and unwilling [illegible]

and commanded his efforts, as to have acquired the general title of "The Apostle to the Indians."

Mr. Eliot was anxious to promote the cause of education as well as religion, and in 1659, the year previous to his death, engaged an [illegible] for several years, [illegible] to certain persons and their heirs in trust, for "the benefit, support, and [illegible] of [illegible] and schooling near that part of Roxbury commonly called Jamaica, or the Pond Plains, for the teaching and instructing of the children of that end of the town [illegible] such Indians and proprietors as shall or may come to the said schools, and to no other use, intent or purpose whatever." This was the origin of the "Roxbury School Fund."

When Mr. Eliot became old and could no longer preach, and knowing that Roxbury had cheerfully supported two ministers by voluntary contributions for a long time, he requested permission to resign his ministerial compensation. But the society informed him that they considered his presence worth any sum granted for his support, even if he were superannuated, so as to do no further service for them.

Having presided over the church of Roxbury for nearly sixty years, this reverend pastor calmly ended his earthly existence on the 20th of May, 1690, in the eighty-sixth year of his age. His remains were placed in what was called the *Minister's Tomb*, in the first burying ground. Anne Mountfort, his wife, died March 24, 1687, aged 84.

(Note.—The above is taken in part from the Eliot genealogy.)

CHILDREN:

ANN[2], b. Sept. 17, 1633.
JOHN[2], b. Aug. 31, 1636; d. Oct. 11, 1668.
JOSEPH[2], b. Dec. 26, 1638; d. May 24, 1694.
SAMUEL[2], b. June 22, 1641; d. 1664.
AARON[2], b. Feb. 19, 1644; d. Nov. 18, 1655.
BENJAMIN[2], b. Jan. 29, 1647; d. Oct. 15, 1687.

2. Rev. JOSEPH ELIOT, son of Rev. John and Anne (*Mountfort*) Eliot, b. Dec. 26, 1638, was graduated at Harvard College in 1658. After preaching in Northampton for a year or two, he settled in Guilford, Conn. No detailed account of

his life has been transmitted, but he is referred to by his contemporaries as a man of strong mind and fervent piety. He delivered the sermon at the forty-fifth anniversary of the General Assembly, on the record of which body his name occurs several times, and from which body he received a grant of land, probably as an acknowledgment of his services upon the occasion referred to.*

The Rev. Joseph Eliot continued to discharge the pastoral office at Guilford until his death, which occurred on the 24th of May, 1694. His will is on record at the Probate Office in New Haven.

He married 1st, Sarah, daughter of Gov. William Brenton, of Rhode Island; he married 2d, Mary, daughter of Hon. Samuel Wolcott, of Hartford. Mary, his wife, died Oct. 11, 1729, aged 73.

CHILDREN (four by each wife):

MEHITABEL[3], b. Oct. 4, 1676; m. William Wilson.
ANNE[3], b. Dec. 12, 1677; m. Gov. Jonathan Law.
JEMIMA[3], m. Rev. John Woodbridge.
BARSHUA[3], m. Augustus Lucas, a French refugee.
JARED[3], b. Nov. 7, 1685; minister of Killingworth.
ABIAL[3], of Guilford.
MARY[3], b. 1688; m. Hawkins Hart, of Wallingford; she m. 2) Abraham Pierson, of Killingworth; she m. 3) Samuel Hooker, of Kensington.
REBECCA[3], b. 1690; m. John Trowbridge, of New Haven; she m. 2) Ebenezer Fisk, of New Milford; she m. 3) William Dudley, of North Guilford.

3. ANNE[3] ELIOT, daughter of Rev. Joseph[2] and Sarah (Brenton) Eliot, born Dec. 12, 1677; married Dec. 24, 1698, Hon. Jonathan Law, of Milford, Governor of Connecticut. She died Nov. 16, 1703. (See Law.)

4. ANNE[4] LAW m. Rev. Samuel Hall.
5. ANNE[5] HALL m. Rev. Warham Williams.
6. ABIGAIL WILLIAMS m. Col. Stephen Maltby.
7. AUGUSTUS MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
8. GEORGE[7] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

* At a Court of Election held at Hartford, May 1685, Mr. Joseph Eliot was one of a committee appointed to "consider some expedients for our peace," etc., and again in 1687, 1688, the same years as were appointed to settle some religious differences at Windsor.

FORD.

1. THOMAS[1] FORD came to this country in the "Mary and John," and settled, with the rest of the company, at new Dorchester of the new world.

"Great pains were taken" it is said in the History of Dorchester, "to construct this company of such materials as should compose a well-ordered settlement, containing all the elements of an independent community. Several gentlemen of a middle life, with adult families and good estates, were added: Henry Wolcott, Thomas Ford, and four others were of this class." He was one of the early settlers of Windsor, Conn. He was deputy to the General Court in 1637-8-9-40, and grand juror in 1643. His wife died in Windsor, Apr. 18, 1643, and he married 2d, Mrs. Ann Scott, wid. of Thomas Scott. He removed to Northampton, and probably at the same time with John Strong, in 1659. He died in Northampton, Nov. 28, 1676. He had four daughters, if not more, and what sons, if any, does not appear. His daughters were:

JOANNA,[2] who m. Nov. 6, 1633, Capt. Roger Clapp, of Dorchester.
ABIGAIL,[2] wife of Elder John Strong.
HEPZIBAH,[2] m. Richard Lyman, of Northampton.
ANOTHER DAUGHTER m. as his 3d wife Maj. Aaron Cook, Northampton.

2. ABIGAIL[2], daughter of Thomas[1] Ford, married Dec. 1630, Elder John Strong. She died July 6, 1688. (See Strong.)

3. THANKFUL STRONG m. Jonathan Baldwin.
4. HANNAH BARTON m. Joseph Fowler.
5. ELIZABETH FOWLER m. Benjamin Maltby.
6. COL. STEPHEN MALTBY m. Abigail Williams.
7. AUGUSTUS MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
8. GEORGE WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

FOWLER.

1. WILLIAM[1] FOWLER arrived at Boston from England, June 26, 1637. He came to New Haven with Rev. John Davenport, Theophilus Eaton, Peter Prudden, etc., leaving Boston March 30, 1638. A Deed of the town of Milford was

given William Fowler, et al. Feb. 12, 1639. A privilege of a mill was given him March 9, 1640—the first mill in the colony—in which he shares with others a new mill. Oct. 26, 1643, he was chosen Magistrate of the Colony of New Haven, with Edward Hopkins, William Fenwick, et al., imposed hands on the Rev. Peter Prudden at his installation Aug. 22, 1639.

From "Ye Story of ye Memorial"—*Nathan G. Pond.*

"A buttress extends from the Tower* toward the north, ending in a seat made from the first mill-stone used in the Colony, on which is inscribed:

MR. WILLIAM FOWLER.
Obit 1660.
THE FOUNDER OF THIS THE FIRST
MILL IN THE COLONY IN 1639.
WHEREIN HE USED THIS STONE.

Mr. Fowler held the three important positions of Trustee, Pillar of the Church and Judge.

At the combination of Milford and Guilford with New Haven, in 1643, and the establishment of the jurisdiction of "the New Haven Colony," Mr. Fowler was selected as the Chief Magistrate of Milford, which he held for several years, and was succeeded at his death by Mr. Benjamin Fenn. He was evidently a man of broad practical knowledge, energetic and persevering. He saw at a glance the advantages and facilities furnished for the welfare of a strong running through the town, and at once determined to secure them to the community.

Since that period the generations of the Fowlers have successfully conducted its operations, and recently the eighth William Fowler has completed the fifth mill in succession on the precise spot, confirming the wisdom of his honored ancestor whose keen eye discerned the advantages and facilities presented, when single handed in a wilderness scarcely a year old. He accepted the situation and at once proceeded to control the water power in its natural condition, to block out a location, to

* Memorial Stone Bridge, Milford, Conn.

build the dam, quarry out the [illegible] and other necessary materials, erect the mill, mount it, transport it to the [illegible] place, [illegible] in the midst of [illegible] difficulties, [illegible] and improvements in progress.

The stone [illegible] the foundation of the present [illegible] getic property, and bearing the inscription, as tradition says, has lain dormant upon the premises for centuries, and which on examination by [illegible] and antiquarians, has been pronounced as doubtless the original millstone quarried and hewn out by Mr. Fowler and used temporarily, until a better substitute could be obtained.

It is now acknowledged to be the oldest business establishment of its kind in the country; and the present proprietor's grandson is the 10th William Fowler in a direct line.

On the buttress is our Law, Order, Morality, Liberty, Charity, to typify the principles that buttress our institutions. The gift, a special contribution of Charles H. Trowbridge, Esq."

2. JOHN[2] FOWLER, son of William[1] married in 1647, Mary, daughter of George Hubbard. With his father-in-law John Fowler removed to Guilford, where he was an original planter. He was deacon of the church in 1664. He was Deputy to New Haven, and after the union of the colonies he was Deputy eight out of [illegible] years.

3. HON. ABRAHAM FOWLER, son of John and Mary (*Hubbard*) Fowler, married Elizabeth [illegible], daughter of Deacon [illegible] Bartlett, of Guilford, Aug. 29, 1677. He was in Durham in 1714, where he had a 400 acre farm. He was a member of each branch of the legislature, Judge of the Court, Representative and Assistant. His military rank was Captain. He died Sept. 30, 1719.

4. JOSIAH[3] FOWLER, son of Abraham and Elizabeth (*Bartlett*) Fowler, married June 8, 1723 Hannah, daughter of Jonathan and Thankful (*Strong*) Baldwin, of Milford. He died Sept. 7, 1757.

5. Elizabeth[5] Fowler, daughter of Joseph and Hannah (Baldwin) Fowler, married Dea. Benjamin Mulford of Northford. The grandfather died was a Captain in the Revolutionary War. (See Revolutionary Record p. 87.) (See Maltby.)

6. [illegible] Maltby m. Mary Wallace.
7. [illegible] Maltby m. Nancy Goodsell.
8. George Wallace Maltby m. Sarah Bogart.

GOLD.

1. Hon. Nathan[1] Gold, or as he was more frequently called, Major Nathan Gold, was one of the most prominent men of his time in this part of the country. Savage says of him, that he was Governor's Assistant 1657, and every year following named for some years for Royal Chief of 1672. In 1676 became the sole head of the colony. He died Mar. 4, 1694. His wife was Martha, widow of Edward Hawes.

The History of Fairfield—Stiles—gives an account of some of the services which he rendered his country, and from which the following extracts are taken.

In 1657 Nathan Gold was nominated to be made a magistrate, or one of the judges of the General Court. "Since Ludlow* left Fairfield in anger had escape over the town, such as is experienced when a great man, who has been a leader in a town quarrel, has been worsted, and for the first few years none appeared to take the place to take his place. Meanwhile Nathan Gold had probably soon the confidence of the people. He had been, since his arrival, a judge of the sessions court, and had gained a good knowledge of public business. From this time he became the leading spirit of the town. He was made an assistant of the General Court at the May election, and at the same time was appointed lieutenant of the militia of Fairfield." "At a General Court held at Hartford, March 16, 1658, the first cavalry force, consisting of thirty horsemen, was established in Connecticut." "At the May election 1660, Lieut. Nathan Gold was chosen one of the magistrates of the Gen. Court." . . . . "Liberty was granted to Fairfield,

* He was, to all intents and purposes, the first Governor of Connecticut.

Stratford, and Norwalk to gather out of the three towns a small cavalry troop of horse, with two meet officers chosen to exercise them, of their own choosing; & the troopers to be such as are approved by Lieut. Nathan Gold, Mr. Fairchild* & Ens. Camfield." . . . . "This was the first cavalry troop in Fairfield. Lieutenant Nathan Gold, William Hill, Hodges Alexander Knowles* and Camfield were appointed to settle the difference between the Norwalk inhabitants and the Indians in that place." . . . . "At the annual election, Nathan Gold (1662) was chosen at the Gen. Court." . . . . Assistant, May election, (1662). . . . . The name of Major Nathan Gold was included in the charter read at the assembling of the Gen. Court on the 9th of November (1662), when they met to hear the reading of the new charter granted by King Charles II." . . . . . "Nathan Gold and Assistants Camfield and Sherman* were appointed to hold a court at Fairfield, to settle all controversies according to the tenor of the charter; and the towns of Stamford, Greenwich and Westchester were referred to the said court for this purpose." "At the May election, Lieutenant Gold was elected a magistrate of the Gen. Assembly." . . . . In 1663–4 "Lieutenant Gold, of Fairfield, with three other gentlemen, were appointed to accompany Governor Winthrop to New York, to congratulate his Majestie's Honorable Commissioners; &, if a fitting opportunity offered, to settle the bounds between the Duke's patent, & that of Connecticut." Lieut. Gold was appointed one of a committee to settle with the Indian chief, Hammonasset, in regard to his lands in the eastern part of the colony. . . . . He was also made one of another committee to settle troubles which had arisen about the towns of Stamford and Westchester. . . . . "An important town meeting was held at Fairfield, Feb. 15th. Lieut. Gold was chosen moderator." . . . . At May election, 1665, Lieut. Gold elected assistant. . . . . "Lieutenant Gold, Assistants Sherman,* Camfield, Judson, Laws,* and Lieut. Olmstead,* or any three of them, were appointed a committee to guard the towns from Stratford to Rye, and to order the best way for relief in case of an attack." . . . . . "At the court of election in May (1666), Nathan Gold was made an

* See pedigree.

assistant of the Gen. Assembly." . . . . "About this time Nathan Gold received the title of Major."*

In October 1667, the General Assembly granted Major Gold three hundred acres of land for a farm, forty acres of which were to be cleared and fenced, if it is needed and to be used, provided it did not interfere with any previous grant, or be injurious to our plantation. In 1671 Thomas Fitch, John Burr and John Burr were granted liberty to purchase Wawenuck‡ and the lands adjacent for a plantation. Nathan Gold, John Burr and William Hill,* of Fairfield, Thomas Fairchild,* of Stratford, and Thomas Fitch,* of Norwalk, were appointed a committee "for the well ordering of the same, & also to entertain the inhabitants."

"In 1671, Major Gold was voted two hundred and fifty acres to be laid out in his proportion."

In 1672 "Major Gold was made commander-in-chief of the forces of Fairfield County." Major Gold was appointed on nearly every committee in the place, and in 1675 he gave very efficient aid in preparing for the war which seemed imminent. "His name was added to the council at this time." . . . . "The Indians throughout the western part of Connecticut, were more or less influenced by the war spirit of the eastern part of the colony. At Milford they became very troublesome. It does not appear, however, that the Indians about Fairfield ventured to offer hostilities.

The town of Fairfield was the military center of the country, and too strongly fortified for the Indians to attack it, even if they had the inclination. Major Gold was constantly engaged in forwarding men, packs, provisions and clothing for the troops to Hartford and New London. . . . . "On the 9th Major Gold and the 'gentry of that country' received orders to forward forthwith to New London, for the ramishing army, two hundred bushels of wheat baked into bread" . . . . "In all New England there was not a more energetic, constant laborer, in forwarding men, ammunition and supplies, for the united colonies than Major Gold" . . . . Dep. Gov. Bishop." Major Gold, Captain John Allen, and William Pitkin were

* *See pedigree.*

‡ Hereafter we shall not mention appointments to the Gen. Assembly.

‡ New Milford.

appointed a committee to visit Gov. Dongan, with instructions to extend to him the congratulations of the Assembly upon his arrival in New England, and his appointment to America." . . . . Major Gold was made a member of the committee "for the [illegible] of Fairfield." . . . . On the 10th of June (1689) the Gen. Court addressed a letter to Captain Leisler." . . . . In order to accomplish this, [illegible] that they had "appointed the Honored Major Nathan Gold, and Captain James Fitch" to go to New York, and report to them what help should be offered from Connecticut. Major Gold and Captain Fitch very soon after, rode on horseback to New York. News of their coming had preceded them, and mayor and aldermen of the city who had remained passive during the confusion of Leisler's remarkable proceedings, resolved to seek an interview with them before they reached the city."

At the first colonial congress held in America, Major Gold and William Pitkin represented Connecticut, 1690, May 1, at New York. "In response to a letter addressed to the Assembly from King William, for men and arms to be sent to fortify Albany, a special court was convened on the 7th of February." . . . . "Before another month passed, the inhabitants of Fairfield mourned with heartfelt grief the death of Major Nathan Gold. The town records give the following notice of his death: 'Major Nathan Gold departed this life into the mansions of rest, upon the Day of Rest, on the Sabbath, it being the 4 of March, 1695-4.' . . . . Since his coming to Fairfield, for nearly forty years, Major Gold had been a leader in the political, military, and ecclesiastical affairs of the town and county, a father to the town, and [illegible] in thrift and [illegible] under his guiding wisdom and influence.

His name for many years stood at the head of the list of assistant judges of the General Court. Under his supervision, band after band of soldiers was equipped with arms, ammunition and provisions, and sent to the various fields of action to which they had been ordered. He saw vessels laden with supplies for these expeditions sail out of Black Rock, Bridgeport, and Mill River harbors, for Saybrook, New London, Providence, Boston and New York. In every critical emergency, either in foreign or domestic relations, he was called upon to

take an active part. His native benevolence, courtly bearing, natural energy and winning manners, made him a [illegible] person to be [illegible] to the cares of a country of the [illegible] and of [illegible] of New York. He was frequently [illegible] the executive head of affairs when [illegible] New York, [illegible] for counsel and [illegible] from the colony; in civil life [illegible] as the leading judge and military commander of Fairfield county, which [illegible] he exercised an influence almost equal to that of the governor himself.

In the largeness of his executive ability, and in his quick conception of the best and most efficient way to promote the interests of the town and colony, he stood unrivaled.

In the [illegible] of his numerous offices, he tempered justice with mercy. No man in the country was more beloved and respected than Nathan Gold, and none in New England stood higher in the esteem of the Lords of the Council Chamber at Whitehall.

As a statesman he had but few superiors. He was keenly alive to the perplexities involved in establishing a republican form of government, and was cautious to preserve a respectful attitude toward orders of the reigning kings, which [illegible] the throne of England in the [illegible] of [illegible] colony. He accumulated a handsome fortune during his residence in Fairfield, and was one of the greatest landholders, and [illegible] the wealthiest man in the town. He was a staunch devotee of the Congregational church, the principles of [illegible] he defended with the earnestness [illegible] the Puritan [illegible]. He abhorred Popery, and was a bitter opponent of the Church of England.

Every tribute of respect was paid to the memory of this remarkable man, so much honored and beloved at home and by multitudes throughout the country. The day on which he died was made one of [illegible] lamentation in the church in which he had worshiped for forty-four years. Two funeral sermons were preached by the Rev. Joseph Willy, one in the morning and one in the afternoon of the following Sunday, from the 14th verse of the 13th chapter of II Kings: "Now Elisha

was fallen sick of his sickness whereof he died. And Joash, the King of Israel came down unto him & wept over his face, & said, O my father! my father! the chariot of Israel & the horsemen thereof."

It does not seem possible for the writer to give anything like a complete account of the services rendered by Nathan Gold to his country, but enough has been said to show that he was a man of uncommon ability and much distinction.

2. MARTHA, d. of Maj. Nathan Gold, m. (1) John Selleck; (2) Rev. John Davenport, of Stamford. (See Davenport.)

3. ABIGAIL DAVENPORT m. Rev. Stephen Williams.
4. REV. WARHAM WILLIAMS m. Anne Hall.
5. ABIGAIL WILLIAMS m. Col. Stephen Mairby.
6. AUGUSTUS MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
7. GEORGE WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah A. Bogert.

HALL.

Arms: Argent on a chevron sa. between three columbines stalked and leaved vert. a mullet of six points or.
Crest: A Talbot's head erased ppr.
Motto: *Tu spitsbaerd spert tu* (Despair is based).

1. JOHN[1] and JOANNE (WEAVER) HALL were the progenitors of the Halls of Wallingford, Conn.

John Hall in his "Narrative of the Colonial wars," in 1698 we find a record of fifty acres of land being donated to Thomas Hall "in consideration of his father's services in the Pequot war, 1637."

In the original distribution of home lots at Wallingford, we find lots of eight to twelve acres assigned to John Hall, also, to his two sons, Samuel and Thomas.

It is thought that the John Hall who first came to Boston, thence to New Haven, and finally to Wallingford, arrived in the ship "Griffin," in 1633. He, in company with John Walker,* William Brenton,* Thomas Hubbard, and John Baker, asked to be admitted as freemen in 1634. He resided in Boston on the advent of Davenport's New Haven Colony in 1637.

*See page three.

Having [illegible] in the Pequot war and having acquired some knowledge of the Connecticut country, he found that colony shortly after it had [illegible] family. In 1651 he [illegible] Colonial Records of New Haven or [illegible] signed the [illegible] which the [illegible] the year before. His autograph may be found on page [illegible] Col. Rec. N. H. Shortly after his arrival at New Haven he married Jeanne Wollen, a young girl of good family and education, who had come from England with the Wilkes family, who were relatives of hers. "The Wollen family bear the crest, "a dexter-hand, between its paws a crescent, tassled."

From what portion of England John Hall came we have no certain proof, though the indications point to Coventry, Warwick. We find the family located there at this period, and among them a very old [illegible], a profession which has been adopted by the Wallingford Halls to a surprising extent.

From Hall Genealogy:

"That the descendants of Hon. John Hall, of Wallingford, Conn., (1670-1750) should have made use of armorial bearings was not strange, as the father occupied an exceptionally prominent civil and military position in Colonial days. The arms and crest are given the line of 'Mr.' and Esq. [illegible] Hall, the Hon. John, was a leading [illegible] in the colony and father of Lyman Hall, signer of the Declaration, and Governor of Georgia. Another son, Col. Joel Hall, [illegible] in the Revolutionary army. Another [illegible] President Oglethorpe, was King's secretary, and a man of great wealth. He resided in London, England, [illegible] death. Was a decided loyalist."

Besides Dr. Lyman Hall, the signer of the Declaration, Dr. William Brent Hall, Dr. Theophilus Hall, and several others gained distinction in the profession. We note in the family of Hon. N. K. Hall, four physicians in a direct line.

John Hall was born in England, 1605; died at Wallingford, Conn., 1676; m. 1641, Jeanne Wollen, born in England. Their children, all born in New Haven, were:

JOHN, b. 1641; d. 1721; m. Mary Parker. He was descendant of the first Wallingford Hall; deputy, 1675; deputy of General Court at Hartford, 1687.

RICHARD, b. July 11, 1645; d. 1726; m. Hannah Hall.

SAMUEL[3], b. May 21, 1648; d. Mar. 5, 1725; ancestor of Hon. Lyman Hall, of Georgia, and Hon. S. H. P. Hall, of Binghamton, N. Y.; m. Hannah Walker.

THOMAS, b. Mar. 25, 1650; d. Sept. 17, 1731; ancestor of Hon. Nathan K. Hall, Buffalo, N. Y.; m. Grace Wilson.

DAVID, b. Mar. 12, 1652; d. July 17, 1727; m. Sarah Rockwell.

2. SAMUEL, son of John and Joanna (Wolcott) Hall, born May 21, 1648; married, May 1668, Hannah, daughter of John and Grace Walker, Sept. 1649. Samuel Hall was Deputy, General Court, 1695-1700-01-02-03. In 1693 was appointed lieutenant and in 1704, captain of the Train band of Wallingford. (For Pequot war 1636 and '37, see vol. 2, Bryant's History of the U. S., chap. iii; for King Philip's war, chap. xviii). He was selectman and also a large landholder.

The children of Samuel and Hannah (*Walker*) Hall were:

JOHN[4], b. Dec. 23, 1670; d. Apr. 29, 1730.
HANNAH, b. Mar. 11, 1673; m. Ebenezer Doolittle.
SARAH, b. June 20, 1671; d. Mar. 18, 1732.
SAMUEL, b. Dec. 10, 1680; d. June 15, 1770.
THEOPHILUS, b. Feb. 5, 1686.
ELIZABETH, b. Mar. 6, 1690; m. John Moss.

3. HON. JOHN[4] HALL, son of Samuel and Hannah (*Walker*) Hall, was born Dec. 23, 1670; died Apr. 29, 1730.

He was a man of prominence in his day, a representative from his town, and Governor's assistant from 1722 to 1730. He married, 1694, Mary Lyman, born 1667, died 1740; daughter of John Lyman, and married Dorcas Plumbe, daughter of John Plumbe, of Wethersfield. Dorothy Lyman, sister of Mary, married, probably at the same time, Jabez Brockett, of Wallingford.

The Hall Genealogy says of the Hon. John Hall:

"A relic of his days has been placed in the rooms of the New Haven Historical Society, by a descendant, Mrs. Israel Harrison. It is a long spear with a wooden handle, called a "Spontoon," and was carried by John Hall in the Indian Wars. It was used by officers to direct the movements of troops; when brought to the ground it signified halt; pointed forward, to advance; backward, to retreat!

"Many of the Hon. John Hall's descendants seem to have inherited their ancestor's "virtues." They intermarried with the most prominent families of the state, such as the Law's, Pitkins, Chauncys, Streets, Beachs, Atwaters, Potts, Parsons, etc., etc., and exercised a marked social and political influence in Connecticut for several generations."

A funeral sermon by the Rev. Samuel Whitmore is given after the deceased, which gives a picture of Mr. Hall's character and services; also that, on pp. of his Will.

The children of Hon. John and Mary (Lyman) Hall were:

HON. JOHN[5], b. Sept. 15, 1692; m. Mary Street.
ESTHER[4], b. Aug. 20, 1694.
REV. SAMUEL[5], b. Oct. 4, 1695; ancestor of Hon. S. H. P. Hall.
CALEB[4], b. Sept. 14, 1697.
EUNICE[4], b. Mar. 17, 1700.
BENJAMIN[4], b. Aug. 28, 1702; d. in infancy.
BENJAMIN[4], b. Dec. 17, 1704.
SARAH[4], b. Apr. 15, 1706.
ELIZEM[4], b. Aug. 9, 1711.
ELIHU[4], b. Feb. 17, 1714.
NANCY[4].

4. REV. SAMUEL[5] HALL: son of Hon. John[4] and Mary (Lyman) Hall, was born Oct. 4, 1695; died Feb. 26, 1776. He married, Jan. 25, 1727, Anne Law, daughter of Governor Jonathan Law, of Connecticut, by Anne (Eliot) Law, his first wife. She was granddaughter of Rev. Joseph Eliot, and great-granddaughter of Rev. John Eliot (the Apostle) and of Gov. William Brenton, of Rhode Island.

Rev. Samuel Hall was graduated at Yale College in 1716; became first pastor of the church in Cheshire in 1721. His church was organized with only eleven members, and in 1770 had three hundred.

Mr. Hall was an ardent patriot and no doubt his pupil and nephew, Lyman Hall, imbibed much of his patriotic sentiments. Dexter's Annals and Biog. of Yale Col. has quite an account of him.

CHILDREN:

SAMUEL[5], b. July 23, 1727.
JONATHAN[5], b. July 11, 1728; d. July 12, 1728.
BENONI[5], b. Nov. 1729; d. Nov. 19, 1729.
LUCY[5], b. Sept. 11, 1730; m. June 13, 1751, Charles Whittlesey, son of Rev. Samuel and Sarah (Chauncey) Whittlesey. Sarah was dau. of Rev. Nathan, son of Rev. Chas. Chauncey, president of Harvard College.
SAMUEL[5], b. Jan. 11, 1732.
ANNE[5], b. May 19, 1734; d. 1776; m. Rev. Wareham Williams.
SAMUEL[5], b. May 31, 1735.—Yale Coll. 1754.
MARY[5], b. Nov. 5, 1736.

Elizabeth[5] b. April [illegible] 1758; d. Nov. 25, 1848; married Hon. S. M. P. Hall.

Eunice, b. May [illegible] 1760.—Yale Coll. 1781.

Susanna b. Aug. [illegible] 1762.

Jonathan, b. [illegible] 1765.

Abigail, b. [illegible] 1767; m. Rev. [illegible]; [illegible] Samuel was [illegible]; [illegible] was father of Rev. Andrew Foster, U. S. N., b. 1808; d. [illegible].

5. Anne[4] Hall, daughter of Rev. Samuel[3] and Anne (*Lane*) Hall, born May 10, 1735, married the Rev. Warham Williams; died 1776. (See Williams.)

6. Abigail[5] Williams m. Col. Stephen Maltby.
7. Augustus[5] Maltby m. Nancy Townshend.
8. George[5] Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogart.

HODGETTS.

Mary Hodgetts was the wife of Nicholas Baker. (See Baker.)

HOLGRAVE.

1. John[1] Holgrave, Salem, freeman 1633. He was a Representative.

2. Martha[2] Holgrave, daughter of John[1] Holgrave, married William Park. (See Park.)

3. Theoda[3] Park m. Rev. Stephen Williams.
4. Rev. John[4] Williams m. [illegible] Mather.
5. Rev. Stephen[5] Williams m. [illegible] Davenport.
6. Rev. Warham[6] Williams m. Anne Hall.
7. Abigail[7] Williams m. Col. Stephen Maltby.
8. Augustus[8] Maltby m. Nancy Townshend.
9. George[8] Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogart.

HOLT.

Catherine Holt, daughter of Edmund Holt, of Bury, Eng. married Rev. Richard Mather, Dorchester, Mass. (See Mather.)

HUBBARD.

1. Dea. George Hubbard, Boston 1633; Wethersfield 1635; Milford 1646; Guilford 1650; married Mary, daughter of John Bishop, Guilford, Sept. 11, 1654. He was repeatedly chosen town clerk, Ct. Hubbard Reg. p. 1884.

2. Mary Hubbard, daughter of Dea. George and Mary (Bishop) Hubbard, born 1634, married John Fowler. (See Fowler.)

3. Abraham Fowler m. Elizabeth Bartlett.
4. Joseph Fowler m. Hannah Lathrop.
5. Elizabeth Fowler m. Dea. Joseph Maltby.
6. Col. Stephen Maltby m. Abigail Williams.
7. Augustus Maltby m. Mary Tousley.
8. George Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogart.

JENNERS (or Ganners.)

Mary Jenners married John Coit, who came to America 636–38. (See Coit.

KILBOURN.

From the Kilbourn Genealogy.

1. Thomas Kilbourn, born in the Parish of Wood Ditton, Co. Cambridge, Eng. 1578; baptized May 5. Unlike most of the pilgrims of New England, he was an adherent of the Church of England; church warden of his native parish 1632. He married Frances ——— and had eight children: Margaret, Thomas; Elizabeth; George; Mary; Lydia; Frances; John. April 15, 1635, Thomas Kilbourn, with a portion of his family, embarked from London in the ship "Increase,"—Robert Lea master. The family settled in Wethersfield, where Thomas senior died previous to 1639, at which date he is recorded to "Frances Kilbourn, widow." Mrs. Frances Kilbourn died in 1650. "Nathaniel Goodwin, Esq., Hartford, May 22, 1848, says: Frances Kilbourn . . . . had a home lot of three acres

on the West side of Broad St., [illegible] with another lot [illegible] adjoining on the south [illegible]. Samuel [illegible] Plain" [illegible] The Killingworth [illegible] whole or in part [illegible] to, and including two [illegible] generations."

2. MARGARET[2] KILLINGWORTH, born in Wood Ditton, County Cambridge, Eng., 1607, baptized Sept. 23, came to New England with her parents in the "Bonadventure" 1635; married Richard Law, Esq., then of Wethersfield, afterwards an early and prominent citizen of Stamford. (See Law.)

3. REV. JONATHAN[3] LAW m. Sarah Clark.
4. GOV. JONATHAN[4] LAW m. Anne Eliot.
5. ANNE[5] LAW m. Rev. Samuel Hall.
6. ANNE HALL m. [illegible] Williams.
7. ABIGAIL WILLIAMS m. Col. [illegible].
8. AUGUSTUS MALTBY m. [illegible].
9. GEORGE[9] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

KITCHELL.

1. ROBERT[1] KITCHELL, the first name, says Cooper, in the Convenant of [illegible], 1639, at New Haven; one of the fifty men who purchased the town of Guilford. (See John Pickett's Representative Men of Guilford, 1850 & 71-92 [illegible]). His wife was Margaret, daughter of Dr. Edward Shaw, of Canterbury, Kent Co., Eng. In 1667 he was sent with power to form a town in Guilford, but [illegible] of Newark, N. J., where he was first [illegible] in its history, "the benefactor of Newark."

2. JOANNA[2] (or Hannah), daughter of Robert[1] and Margaret (Sheafe) Kitchell, married Rev. Jeremiah Peck. (See Peck.)

3. RUTH[3] PECK m. Jonathan Atwater.
4. MARY[4] ATWATER m. Capt. [illegible].
5. MARY[5] DUTTON m. [illegible] White.
6. HANNAH WHITE m. [illegible].
7. NANCY [illegible] m. [illegible].
8. GEORGE WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

LAMBERTON.

1. GEORGE LAMBERTON, New Haven, 1641. [illegible] [illegible] of the [illegible] Ship" of Longfellow's poem. His wife was Margaret ———.

2. MARY, daughter of Capt. George Lamberton, married Dep. Gov. James Bishop. (See Bishop.)

3. ABIGAIL BISHOP m. Judge William Maltby.
4. DANIEL MALTBY m. [illegible]
5. BENJAMIN MALTBY m. [illegible] Fowler.
6. COL. STEPHEN MALTBY m. [illegible] Williams.
7. AUGUSTUS MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
8. GEORGE WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

LARMON.

ELIZABETH LARMON born Sept. 6, 1715, married in Boston, Sept. 19, 1738, Ebenezer Townshend. (See Townshend.)

LAW.

1. RICHARD LAW, Esq., King's attorney, who probably came from [illegible] or [illegible], either during or before 1635, was the first of this family in America.

He settled first at Wethersfield, Conn., and subsequently at Stamford, Conn. He was a man of great prominence, and was often a representative, magistrate, and commissioner, under the jurisdiction of the New Haven Colony, and after the union held the same offices in Connecticut.

He married Margaret Kilbourn, the eldest daughter of Thomas and Frances Kilbourn. After living a short time at Wethersfield, Richard Law removed in 1640 to Stamford, where he permanently located and died.

He had one son, Jonathan, and two daughters, Abigail and Sarah, who married two brothers, Jonathan and John Selleck, sons of David Selleck, of Boston.

2. Hon. Jonathan[1] Law, son of Richard[1] and Margaret (*Allington*) Law, was born at Wethersfield, 1636, and died Jan. 9, 1711-12. On coming of age he removed from Stratford to Milford, where he married, June 1, 1664, Sarah Clark, daughter of Dea. George and Sarah Clark, of Milford. Dea. George Clark was ancestor of Abraham Clark, a signer of the Declaration of Independence from New Jersey. Hon. Jonathan Law was an attorney of wide repute, a prominent citizen of and representative from his town. He died Jan. 9, 1712. His only son by his wife Sarah Clark was Gov. Jonathan Law, Colonial Governor of Connecticut, born in Milford, Aug. 6, 1674.

3. Governor Jonathan[2] Law, son of Hon. Jonathan[2] and Sarah (*Clark*) Law, Colonial Governor of Connecticut, was born in Milford, Aug. 6, 1674; was graduated at Harvard College, 1695. He was Clerk and Speaker of the House of Representatives; Judge of the Superior Court 9 years; Chief Justice, 16 years; Lieut. Governor, 16 years; and Governor, 9 years. He died in office, Nov. 6, 1750. A Latin eulogy delivered by Pres. Stiles, of Yale, on the occasion of his death is extant.

On his extensive estate near Cheshire, Conn., he planted mulberry trees, and was among the first in this country to introduce the raising of silk-worms.

He was a man of broad views, and displayed his enterprise in various ways calculated to advance the interest of the Colony. His home was still in Milford.

He was married five times. First on the 9th of December, 1688, to Anne Eliot, daughter of Rev. Joseph and Sarah (*Brenton*) Eliot, of Boston. He had Anne, born 1702, died 1775. Anne was the third child, and the only one that lived to reach mature years.

Through Governor Law's marriage with Anne Eliot the family received considerable land and property.

Governor Jonathan Law's second wife was Abigail Arnold, of the well known Rhode Island family of that period. He married 3d, Abigail Andrew, daughter of Rev. Samuel Andrew, minister at Milford and Rector of Yale College. He married

4th, Samuel Barry, of Fairfield, Conn. His wife was born in 1729, was Evelyn Hall, sister of the Rev. Samuel Hall, (Rev. Samuel Hall [illegible]) and widow of Col. Lewis, by whom she previously married Rev. Law's daughter, Anne, by his first wife, Anne Lewis.

From "The Stone of Its Memorial."—*Nathan H. Parker.*

As the tower was a prominent feature in the work and was so lingly expensive, [illegible] for as to the [illegible] of the Committee to raise the [illegible] of the two governors, who buried in our Granary [illegible] in the history of the colony. The closest [illegible] Law's house had been [illegible] Hon. Thomas Stow, and [illegible] daughter, Mrs. Mary S. Pardee, wife of Hezekiah Pardee, refused to sell [illegible] use and [illegible] in the arch over the [illegible] other [illegible] it is preserved in its [illegible]. The inscription reads:

IN MEMORIAM
JONATHAN LAW
GOVERNOUR OF THE COLONY OF
CONNECTICUT
FROM 1742 TO 1750.
THIS STONE, ONCE HIS DOORSTEP.

4. ANNE[4] LAW, daughter of Governor Jonathan and Anne (Lewis) Law, b. 1702; m. 1721 Rev. Samuel Hall, of Cheshire. She died 1773. (See H. 3.)

5. ANNE[5] HALL m. Rev. Warren Williams.
6. ABIGAIL[5] HALL m. [illegible] Maliby.
7. AUGUSTUS[5] MALIBY m. Nancy Townshend.
8. GEORGE[5] WILLIAMS MALIBY m. Sarah Bogert.

LOTHROP—(Lathrop).

1. REV. JOHN[1] LOTHROP, first minister of Scituate, Mass., and afterwards of Pembroke was baptized in Egton, Eng., Dec. 29, 1584; [illegible] preached, perhaps at Egerton, in Kent, but certainly in London, where Bishop Laud [illegible] for two years, in which time his wife died.

On being [illegible] from prison he [illegible] for [illegible], in 1634, and went to [illegible] the same year, where he [illegible] a [illegible] ———.

He removed to Barnstable with a large [illegible] of the flock, Oct. 14, 1639, [illegible] Nov. 8, 1653. His will [illegible] of August before, [illegible] his wife, the [illegible], and [illegible], who was in England, and daughters Jane and Barbara. Jane married 1635 Samuel Fuller. Barbara married, 1638, ——— Emerson, and Abigail married 1657, James Clark.

"It is much regretted that no better account of this eminent confessor is obtainable than a descendant of our days compiled in 2 Hist. Coll. i, 163." Children besides those mentioned were his second and third sons Samuel and Joseph, both brought from England.

2. SAMUEL,[2] son of Rev. John,[1] born in England, one of the first settlers of New London, 1648, had married at Barnstable, Nov. 28, 1644, Elizabeth Scudder (probably sister of John). He was of high esteem. In 1668 he removed to Norwich. He had nine children; five daughters, and sons: Samuel 1650; Israel 1655; Joseph, 1661.* One of the daughters, Elizabeth, married 1669, Isaac Royce of New London; and Ann married William Hough.

Samuel Lathrop died Feb. 19, 1701.

3. MARY[2] (or Marian) Lathrop, daughter of Samuel,[1] married [illegible] 24, and had a daughter Esther, b. Jan. 5, 1678. (See Maltby.)

4. ESTHER[3] Moss m. Daniel Maltby.
5. BENJAMIN[3] MALTBY m. Elizabeth Fowler.
6. COL. STEPHEN[3] MALTBY m. Abigail Williams.
7. AUGUSTUS[3] MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
8. GEORGE[3] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

* I find no mention of the 9th child. G. L. M.

LYMAN.

Arms: Gules [illegible].
Crest: A [illegible] at [illegible].
Motto: [illegible] What is true is sure.

1. Richard[1] Lyman, Roxbury, 1631, was born at [illegible] Ongar, baptized [illegible], 158[illegible], and came in ship "Lion" with Elder, bringing with him other children. John[2] born Sept. 1623. He was an original proprietor of Hartford where he died in 1640. His will, of the 22d of April that year, is first in the valuable work of Trumbull, Col. Rec., I, 442-3. Inventory by the inventory. His wife, Sarah Osborne, died soon after.

2. John[2] Lyman, son of Richard[1] and Sarah (Osborne) Lyman, married Dorcas, daughter of John Plumbe. He was Lieutenant and [illegible] in the famous Fort Fight.

3. Mary[2] Lyman, daughter of John[1] and Dorcas (Plumbe) Lyman, married Hon. John Hull. (See Hull.)

4. Rev. Samuel[3] Hall m. Anne Law.
5. Anne[3] Hall m. Rev. Warham Williams.
6. Abigail[3] Williams m. Col. Stephen Maltby.
7. Augustus[3] Maltby m. Nancy Townshend.
8. George[3] Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogart.

MALTBY.

Arms: Argent, upon a bend gules three [illegible].
Crest: Upon a [illegible] a garb [illegible] gules.

1. William[1] Maltby, the [illegible] ancestor, has been sufficiently described in the part of this work pertaining especially to the Maltby family.

He was an important man in his time, and repeatedly representative or deputy to the General Court; magistrate; commissioner; town clerk for many years; Justice of the Quorum; Captain; and [illegible] called Judge Maltby, although sometimes spoken of as Captain Maltby. Savage says, "He was Captain of the New Haven troop. He was [illegible] of large means." For anything further concerning him see the notes in regard to

him in the first part of this book. His wife was Abigail, daughter of Dep. Gov. James Bishop. She died leaving him a second wife; he, at his first wife was probably Dorothy ——. William Maltby died 1710, aged 65.

2. Daniel Maltby, son of William, born May 19, 1679, is said to have been a prominent man, but the writer has not been able to discover particulars. He married, Oct. 27, 1702, Esther, daughter of John and Mary (*Lathrop*) Moss; died Dec. 26, 1731.

3. Dea. Benjamin Maltby, son of Daniel, born June 26, 1716–17, removed to Northford, and was held in high esteem. He was twice married, 1st, to Sarah Harrington; 2d, 1753, to Elizabeth, daughter of Josiah and Hannah (*Baldwin*) Fowler. His children were all by his second wife.

For accounts of his sons, Capt. Timothy, Rev. Ward; Rev. Jonathan; General Isaac and Col. Stephen, see appendix 5, 6, pp. 37, 38, 39, 40, 41. Dea. Benjamin Maltby died July 9, 1796.

4. Col. Stephen[4] Maltby, son of Benjamin[3] and Elizabeth (*Fowler*) Maltby, born July, 1769, married Abigail Williams, daughter of Rev. Warham Williams, grandson of the "Redeemed Captive", which marriage brought many distinguished lines of ancestry into this branch of the family.

With much military spirit, it was his misfortune to have been too young to take part in the Revolutionary War, and to die at the beginning of the War of 1812, where his brother, Gen. Isaac, died a prisoner. Col. Stephen died Jan. 22, 1812.

5. Augustus[5] Maltby, son of Col. Stephen[4] and Abigail (*Williams*) Maltby, born 1789, married Nancy, daughter of Robert and Hannah (*White*) Townsend. He was a man of education and at one time kept a school. He died while quite a young man, soon after the birth of his third son, George Williams Maltby. His wife survived him, and died in Dundee, New York, at the home of one of her sons. Augustus Maltby died Dec. 21, 1821.

6. GEORGE WILLIAMS MALTBY, son of Augustus and Nancy (*Townsend*) Maltby, born Sept. 11, 1820, married Sarah A. [illegible], daughter of [illegible] (*Fisher*) [illegible], Feb. 14, 1846. He was for a number of years a prominent citizen of [illegible] M. Township,—now firm name is Maltby & Maltby; in recent years, however, he has been associated with his eldest son, Theodore A. Maltby, under the firm name of Maltby & Son. He was for many years a local preacher of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and was frequently called upon to fill the various pulpits throughout New Brunswick, when the churches chanced to be without their regular supply.

7. GEORGE ELLSWORTH MALTBY, born Feb. 9, 1852, son of George Williams and Sarah (*Bogert*) Maltby, married Nov. 6, 1872, Georgia Loch, daughter of Louis Peck and Harriet (*Bruen*) Morehouse. At the age of 17 he entered the employ of the old established coal firm of H. W. Benedict & Co., and at the age of 21 he was admitted as a partner in the then recently organized wholesale coal firm of Benedict, Pardee & Co., of which he is still a member.

8. MAUDE ELVELYN TOWNSHEND MALTBY, and DOROTHY LORD MALTBY, are the only children of George Ellsworth and Georgia Loch (*Morehouse*) Maltby.

MATHER.

(Taken from the Mather Genealogy.—*Hon. E. M. Poor.*)

The following is a description of the arms of the early Mathers of Boston:

Arms: Ermine on a fesse wavy Azure, three lions rampant Or.
Crest: a lion sejant, Or.
This coat of arms is found in MS.: "*Peerage and Armorum,*" and is there recorded as the arms of Wm. Mather of Salop, 1602.
Motto: "Sunt Fortia Pectora Nobis."
This motto is also found: "Virtus Vera Nobilitas Est."

1. JOHN MATHER, of Lowton, Winwick Parish, Lancashire, England.

2. THOMAS MATHER, of Lowton, Winwick Parish, Lancashire, England.

3. 1. REV. RICHARD, of Lowton, Winwick Parish, & Toxteth Park; also of Dorchester, Mass. He was born in [illegible] in 1596, died in Dorchester, Mass., Apr. 22, 1669. He married Catharine, daughter of Edward Hollock, Esq., Sept. 2, 1624; she died 1655. He married 2d, Sarah Savage, widow of Rev. John Cotton, Aug. 29, 1656. The children of Rev. Richard and Catharine (*Holt*) Mather were:

REV. SAMUEL[4], b. May 13, 1626; m. Miss Stevens; d. Oct. 29, 1671.

TIMOTHY[4], b. 1628; m. 1st, Catharine, d. of Mr. G. M. Humphrey Atherton; 2d, Elizabeth Weeks; d. Jan. 14, 1684.

REV. NATHANIEL[4], b. Mar. 20, 1630; m. Maria, d. of Rev. William Bean, of Dorchester, Eng.; d. July 21, 1666.

JOSEPH[4], b. 1631; d. young.

REV. ELEAZER[4], b. May 13, 1637; m. Esther, d. of Rev. John Warham, of Windsor, Conn.; d. May 24, 1669.

REV. DR. INCREASE[4], b. June 21, 1639; m. 1st, Maria, d. of Rev. John Cotton, of Boston; 2d, Anna Lake, wid. of Rev. John Cotton, of N. H.

Among the vast number of writings which have given accounts of Rev. Richard Mather, perhaps none will be of greater interest than that which was published by the Dorchester Antiquarian Society in 1850, entitled, "Journal and Life of Richard Mather, 1596–1669."

4. 2. REV. ELEAZER MATHER, son of Rev. Richard and Catharine (*Holt*) Mather, was born May 13, 1637, in Dorchester, Mass. He married Esther Warham, daughter of Rev. John Warham, of Windsor, Conn., Sept. 20, 1659. He was a minister in Northampton, Mass., and died there June 24, 1669. He was graduated at Harvard College, 1656, and went to Northampton in May, 1658; was ordained June 18, 1661, the first minister of Northampton. He died the same year that his father died. It will be noticed that he commenced preaching at the early age of nineteen years.

It does not appear that Rev. Eleazer Mather published anything while he lived. After his death, there was published from his manuscripts, a work on the duties of Christian parents to their children, it being the substance of some of his last sermons.

Rev. Eleazer Mather was brother of the famous Rev. Increase Mather and uncle of the renowned Cotton Mather. So far as [illegible] has been ascertained, among them Rev. Richard Mather and his son, Rev. Eleazer Mather, first the colleague of [illegible] in Boston, [illegible] making more than a [illegible].

The children of Rev. Eleazer and Esther (Warham) Mather were:

EUNICE, b. Aug. 2, 1664; m. Rev. John Williams; d. Mar. 1, 1703-04.
REV. WARHAM, b. Sept. 7, 1666; m. Elizabeth Davenport; d. Aug. 12, 1745.
ELIAKIM, b. Sept. 22, 1668; d. about 1706.

After the death of Rev. Eleazer Mather, his widow, Esther (Warham) Mather, married Rev. Solomon Stoddard, the successor of Rev. Eleazer Mather, at Northampton.

5. 3. EUNICE MATHER, daughter of Rev. Eleazer and Esther (Warham) Mather, was born at Northampton, Mass., Aug. 2, 1664. She married Rev. John Williams, first minister of Deerfield. She was killed by the Indians at Deerfield, March 1, 1703-04. (An account of her tragic fate will be found under the head of Williams.)

"Mrs. Eunice Mather Williams was the mother of many quite eminent men. Among them were her sons:

REV. ELIAZAR WILLIAMS H. C. 1717, of Mansfield, Conn.
REV. DR. STEPHEN WILLIAMS H. C. 1713, of Long Meadow, Mass.
REV. WARHAM WILLIAMS H. C. 1719, of Westfield, New Windsor, Mass.

The sons of Rev. Dr. Stephen Williams and grandsons of E. M. W.:

REV. STEPHEN WILLIAMS (Y. C. 1741), of Woodstock, Conn.
REV. WARHAM WILLIAMS Y. C. 1745), of Northford, Conn.
REV. NATHAN WILLIAMS Y. C. 1755), of Tolland, Conn.
REV. SAMUEL WILLIAMS, LL.D., son of Rev. Warham and grandson of E. M. W. H. C. 1761), of Bradford, Mass., and then Professor in Harvard College.
REV. CHARLES KILBOURNE WILLIAMS, LL.D., son of above, and great-grandson of E. M. W. Williams College, 1800, was Chief Justice, also Governor of State of Vermont.
REV. RICHARD SALTER STORRS (Y. C. 1787), of Long Meadow, Mass., was great-grandson to E. M. W.

REV. STEPHEN* SALTER STORRS, Jan. [illegible] D. Williams Co. [illegible] 1807. [illegible]
[illegible] Brooklyn, N. Y. [illegible]
[illegible] Cong. [illegible]

(See Williams.)

6. 4. REV. STEPHEN WILLIAMS m. Abigail Davenport.
7. 5. REV. WILBUR WILLIAMS m. Anne Hall.
8. 6. ABIGAIL WILLIAMS m. Col. Stephen Maltby.
9. 7. AUGUSTUS [illegible] m. [illegible]
10. 8. GEORGE WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

MITCHELL.

1. MATTHEW† MITCHELL, Charlestown, came in 1635, with Rev. Richard Mather,* in the "James" from Bristol. Adhering wife [illegible] Dorchester [illegible] Springfield where he signed the compact with Pynchon. Mar. 1656. He was afterwards at Saybrook for a short time. In 1667 he was at Windsor, Conn., and the next year at New York. In 1741 he was one of the inhabitants of Stamford, Conn.

On the 1st of October 1641, the proprietors were notified by a "notified at warning to meet in" [illegible] Mr. [illegible] Matthew Mitchell, Andrew Ward, Thomson Richard and Richard [illegible] "To [illegible] mission, [illegible] the [illegible]

[illegible] were: to order [illegible] "settle their [illegible] In November [illegible] was [illegible] Matthew Mitchell, Thomson [illegible] Andrew Ward, [illegible] were chosen. [illegible] 1642, Mr. [illegible] names of four others of our early ancestors: Robert Coe,

* See [illegible]

† The minister

Richard Law, Samuel Sherman and Thomas Morehouse. Huntington in his Hist. of Stamford says: Matthew Mitchell came with the settlers from Wethersfield. His name stands next, in the first list of the colony, to the minister's, and heads both the next two lists. He paid about three times as much as any other of the settlers towards the survey of the land, and received twenty-eight acres in the first division of the land. His land in Wethersfield, which seems to have been in extent much larger than that of the other proprietors, excepting one, was subsequently divided into four farms, and was taken by the Graves, Gershom Bulkeley, John Hollister and Robert Rose.

Savage says that Matthew Mitchell was representative in 1637, but not, as Mather makes him, Assistant of the Colony that year. He died in 1645. His son Jonathan was President of Harvard College.

2. HANNAH[2] MITCHELL, daughter of Matthew[1] Mitchell, married Robert Coe, Jun. She married (2) Nicholas Elsey. (See Coe.)

3. SUSANNA[3] COE m. Hon. John Alling.
4. SUSANNA[4] ALLING m. Capt. John White.
5. DEACON[5] JOHN WHITE m. Mary Dickerman.
6. HANNAH[6] WHITE m. Robert Townshend.
7. NANCY[7] TOWNSHEND m. Augustus Maltby.
8. GEORGE[8] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

MOSS.

1. JOHN[1] MOSS, New Haven, 1645 (perhaps before). He was a man of prominence and frequently representative; one of the first settlers of Wallingford. He died in 1707 aged 103 years.

He had two sons, Mercy and John.

2. JOHN[2], son of John[1], married Martha Lothrop (or Lathrop) and had a daughter Esther born Jan. 5, 1678.

3. ESTHER[3] MOSS, married Daniel Maltby, Oct. 27, 1702. (See Maltby.)

4. Dea. Benjamin[4] Maltby m. Elizabeth Fowler.
5. Col. Stephen[5] Maltby m. Abigail Williams.
6. Augustus Maltby m. Nancy Townshend.
7. George[7] Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogert.

MOULD.

1. Hugh[1] Mould of New London, was a noted ship-builder. He married Martha, daughter of John Coit.

2. Susanna[2] Mould married Ensign Daniel White. (See White.)

3. Capt. John[3] White m. Susanna Alling.
4. Dea. John[4] White m. Mary Dickerman.
5. Hannah[5] White m. Robert Townshend.
6. Nancy[6] Townshend m. Augustus Maltby.
7. George[7] Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogert.

MOUNTFORT.

Anne Mountfort married Rev. John Eliot, (the "Apostle") October 1632. She died 1687. (See Eliot.)

NASH.

1. Thomas[1] Nash landed with Rev. John Davenport at Boston, from the ship "Hector," July 26, 1637. It is possible that he was among the later emigrants of the Plymouth company, for in a letter signed by five of the Rev. John Robinson's congregation who remained behind at Leyden, Holland, and addressed to their dear brethren in the Lord at Plymouth, New England, dated Nov. 30, 1628, is to be found the name of Thomas Nash. He may have paid a visit to Holland, and returned with Davenport's company, or he may have been among those who joined the New Haven company from the Plymouth colony, during their sojourn in Massachusetts. (Mass. Hist. Collection, Vol. 1–4th, Series 1852.) He was accompanied to New England by his wife Margery (daughter of Nicholas Baker (eldest son of John Baker), and Mary Hodgetts).

and five children. In the list of names of subscribers to the fundamental agreement of the Colony, June 4, 1639, is that of Thomas Nash. In 1651 he was given charge of all the town muskets of New Haven. The tradition is that he was from Lancashire, Eng.

2. MARY,[3] daughter of Thomas[1] and Margery (*Baker*) Nash married Roger Alling. (See Alling.)

3. HON. JOHN[3] ALLING m. Susanna Coe.
4. SUSANNA[4] ALLING m. Capt. John White.
5. DEA. JOHN[5] WHITE m. Mary Dickerman.
6. HANNAH[6] WHITE m. Robert Townshend.
7. NANCY[7] TOWNSHEND m. Augustus Maltby.
8. GEORGE[8] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

OSBORNE.

Arms: On a shield quarterly ermine and gu. a cross or.

SARAH OSBORNE married Richard Lyman. (See Lyman.)

PARKE.

1. ROBERT[1] PARKE, Wethersfield, 1639, was a prominent man, and a representative.

2. WILLIAM[2] PARKE, son of Robert[1], came to America before his father, arriving in the "Lion" at Boston in February, 1631. He married Martha, daughter of John Holgrave, of Salem. He was deacon in the church, representative, belonged to the Royal Artillery, and a very wealthy and prominent man. He held office as member of the General Court of Massachusetts, for the longest term of any under the old constitution. He was one of the endowers of the Roxbury free school, the first in the United States.*

3. THEODA[3] PARKE married Dea. Samuel Williams. (See Williams.)

* See Robert Williams, p. 123.

4. Rev. John[4] Williams m. Eunice Mather.
5. Rev. Stephen Williams m. Abigail Davenport.
6. Rev. Warren Williams m. Anne Hall.
7. Abigail Williams m. Col. Stephen Maltby.
8. Augustus[7] Maltby m. Nancy Townshend.
9. George[8] Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogert.

PECK.

Peck Arms: Argent, on a chevron engrailed, Gules, three Crosses formée, of the first.

Branding Arms: Azure, two bars nebulé, Argent.

Heraldic Arms: Gules, a cross patonce, Or; on a chief, Azure; three round buckles of the second.

Crest: A cubit arm erect, habited, Azure; cuff, Argent; hand proper, holding on one stalk, enfiled with a scroll; three roses, Gules; leaves, Vert.

1. William[1] Peck, New Haven, born 1601, was a merchant who came from London in the "Hector," with Governors Eaton and Hopkins, and the Rev. John Davenport in 1637. He was one of the first compact for New Haven in June, 1639; an original proprietor, deacon from 1659 till his death. He brought with him from England his wife Elizabeth and son Jeremiah.

2. Rev. Jeremiah[2] Peck, son of William[1], was born in London, and married, Nov. 12, 1656, Joanna, daughter of Robert Kitchell. He was minister at Saybrook; in 1687 he removed to Newark, N. J., afterwards to Elizabethtown; then to Greenwich, where he was minister till 1689; then to Waterbury, as the first minister, where he died, June 7, 1699, aged 76 years.

3. Ruth[3], eldest daughter of Rev. Jeremiah[2] Peck, married Jonathan Atwater. (See Atwater.)

4. Mary[4] Atwater m. Capt. Isaac Dickerman.
5. Mary[5] Dickerman m. Dea. John White.
6. Hannah White m. Robert Townshend.
7. Nancy[7] Townshend m. Augustus Maltby.
8. George[8] Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogert.

PIERSON.

1. Rev. Abraham[1] Pierson, Bramford, was of Yorkshire, Eng., bred at Trinity College, Cambridge, where he took his A.B. in 1632. He was at Boston, 1640.

He, with Robert Kitchell, removed to Newark, N. J., where he was a man of much importance.

His son, Rev. Abraham Pierson, was the first President of Yale College.

2. Abigail[2] Pierson, daughter of Rev. Abraham[1] Pierson, married John Davenport. (See Davenport.)

3. Rev. John[3] Davenport m. Martha Goldwith of John Sheck).
4. Abigail[4] Davenport m. Rev. Stephen Williams.
5. Rev. Warham[5] Williams m. Anne Hall.
6. Abigail[6] Williams m. Col. Stephen Maltby.
7. Augustus[7] Maltby m. Nancy Townshend.
8. George[8] Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogart.

PLUMB.

(From the Plumb Genealogy.—*H. B. Plumb.*)

Plumb or Plume Arms: Ermine, a bend vair or and gules cottised vert. *Crest*, Eng.: Out of a ducal coronet or, a plume of ostrich feathers argent.

The first ancestor of the name of Plumb, Plume, or Plumme, of whom we have positive knowledge, is:

1. John Plumbe, of Toppesfield, Co. Essex, England, born about 1505. His wife was Elizabeth ———.

CHILDREN:

Robert.
John.
Alice.
Margaret.
A Daughter.
Thomas.
A Daughter.

2. Robert Plumb, eldest son of John and Elizabeth Plumb, born about 1530, married 1st, Elizabeth Purcas; 2d, Mrs.

Ethelfred Fuller. His children were probably all born in Great Yeldham, Essex, England. This Robert owned land in Great Yeldham, Little Yeldham, Tempsford, Walter Belchamp, Bulmer, Castle Hedingham, Hedingham Sible, and Halstead in Co. Essex, and Clare and other parishes in Suffolk. He gave Spaynes and Butlers manors, and many other lands to Robert, his eldest son; and he gave Yeldham Manor to Thomas, and Haveldon Hall, in Suffolk, to Edmund; and he gave land to his four married daughters, and to his brothers' and sisters' children he gave money.

CHILDREN:

MARGARET.
ROBERT.
ELIZABETH.
THOMAS.
MARY.
ANNE.
EDMUND.
INFANT SON.
JOSEPH.

3. ROBERT PLUME, "Gentleman," of Spaynes Hall, Great Yeldham, born about 1558, was son of Robert and Elizabeth (*Parvus*) Plume. His son Robert was the eldest son and heir, and the second son, John (who emigrated to America), received nothing but a small estate, with Ridgewell Hall, in Essex, and is named there in 1634 by the Visitation of Essex. Robert Plume, "Gentleman," married Grace Crackbone.

CHILDREN:

ROBERT.
MARTHA.
JOHN.
THOMAS.
MARY.
ETHELDRED.
FRANCES.
HANNAH.

4. 1. JOHN PLUME, son of Robert and Grace (*Crackbone*) Plume, was born in Great Yeldham, Essex Co., Eng., and in 1634 was seated in Ridgewell Hall. All his children were

born there except Dorcas, who must have been born at Wethersfield, Conn. John Plum was among the first settlers and proprietors of Wethersfield, Conn., in 1635, and it seems likely that he sold his property in Hatfield, Essex Co., Eng., early in 1635, and brought, if he had not previously owned, a ship, and engaged in trading in his own vessel, as he was from the first a ship-owner there, and sailed up and down the river with the Indians. It is also probable that it was his ship that was used in 1637 to carry the 77 men down the river and around to Narragansett Bay, from which the march was made to Pequot Hill—now in Groton—to surprise the Indians. The ship returned after landing the men at Narragansett, to the mouth of the Connecticut River in full view of the Pequots. The Pequots supposed the men had given up the war and gone home, so they had a drunken spree that night, and were taken by surprise by the English attack in the morning, just at daybreak. The Pequots were totally defeated, and the remnant driven west and either killed or captured in the Fairfield Swamp. This pursuit of the Indians showed the land to the whites, and in 1639 Milford was settled, and Robert Plume, the eldest son, was one of the settlers.

John Plum appears on the Colonial Records of Connecticut in 1636. Feb. 9, 1637, "Mr. Plum" is a member of the Court. He is a member of the Court off and on, and holds various other offices till 1644, in which year he removed to Branford. At the first town meeting in Branford he was elected town clerk, and held the office till his death. He was probably one of the soldiers in Capt. Mason's little army of 77 men who defeated the Pequots at Pequot Hill in 1637. The wife of John Plum was Dorothy ———. John Plum died in Branford, Conn., in 1648.

CHILDREN:

ROBERT[3], m. Mary Baldwin.
JOHN.[3]
WILLIAM.[3]
ANN.[3]
SAMUEL.[3]
DOROTHEA.[3]
ELIZABETH.[3]
DEBORAH.[3]
DORCAS[3], m. John Lyman.

5. 2. DORCAS[2] PLUMB, daughter of John[1] and Dorothy Plum, was married in Branford to John Lyman, Jan. 12, 1654–5.

CHILDREN:

ELIZABETH[3], b. Nov. 6, 1655, in Branford, Conn.
SARAH[3], b. April 11, 1658, in Northampton, Mass.
JOHN[3], b. Aug. 1, 1660, " " "
MOSES[3], b. Feb. 20, 1662–3, " " "
DOROTHY[3], b. June 3, 1665, " " "
MARY[3], b. June 2, 1667, " " "
EXPERIENCE[3], b. Jan. 8, 1669–70, " " "
JOSEPH[3], b. Feb. 17, 1670–71, " " "
BENJAMIN[3], b. Aug. 10, 1674, " " "
CALEB[3], b. Sept. 8, 1678, " " "

6. 3. MARY[1] LYMAN, born June 2, 1667; died, 1740; married Hon. John Hall, of Wallingford. (See Hall.)

7. 4. REV. SAMUEL[2] HALL m. Anne Law.
8. 5. ANNE[2] HALL m. Rev. Warham Williams.
9. 6. ABIGAIL[2] WILLIAMS m. Col. Stephen Maltby.
10. 7. AUGUSTUS[2] MALTBY m. Nancy Townsend.
11. 8. GEORGE[2] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

RANGER

1. CAPTAIN EDMUND[1] RANGER, Boston, had 1st wife Sarah; 2d Mary. He is called by Savage a "stationer."

The Townsend Genealogy states that Isaac Townsend (husband of Anne Ranger, daughter of Capt. Edmund Ranger above) witnessed the will of Gov. Bellingham. This is evidently a mistake, as the writer has before her, a copy of Gov. Bellingham's will (New Eng. Hist. and Gen. Reg. Vol. XIV, pp. 237, 238) and the names of the witnesses are Augustine Lyndon, William Killcup, Edmund Rayngcr.

2. ANNE[2] RANGER, daughter of Captain Edmund Ranger, married July 7, 1702, Isaac Townsend, and after his death sold the property on Winter street to John Clark, Esq., of Boston, for £88. Her sister Prudence Ranger married Mr. Ezekiel Chisby, and in her will proved Mar. 27, 1732, divides her estate between her "two kins-women, Prudence Ranger,

daughter of my brother John Ranger, and Anne Townshend, daughter of my sister Anne Townshend, deceased." Mrs. Townshend died at Boston, Nov. 8, 1726, aged 50. (See Townshend.)

3. EBENEZER[3] TOWNSEND m. Elizabeth Larmon.
4. PORTER[3] TOWNSEND m. Hannah White.
5. NANCY[3] TOWNSEND m. Augustus Maltby.
6. GEORGE[3] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

SAYRE.

1. THOMAS SAYRE (Say or Sayes, Savage says, was of Lynn, 1635, and a purchaser of Southampton, L. I., in 1640. The following is taken from the N. E. Hist. and Geneal. Register.

LONG ISLAND EARLY AFFAIRS.

(Communicated by G. R. Howell, of Southampton, L. I.)

THE DISPOSAL OF THE VESSELL, MARCH 10, 1639.

In Consideration that Edward Howell hath disbursed 15 lb and Edmond Farrington 10 lb, Joseph Stanborough 5 lb, George Webbe 10 lb, Job Sayre 5 lb, Edmond Nevill am 5 lb, Henry Walton 10 lb, Thomas Sayre 5 lb, Itt is Agreede upon that we the forenamed undertakers have disposed of our seuerall proportion of our vessell to Daniell Hoy. In consideration whereof hee is to transporte them soe many goods either to them their heirs executors & assignes as they shall Designe as their seuerall summes or sommes of money shall ammount unto, & moreover to each of these persons Aboue named or their Assignes, he shall transport to each man A Person and A Tunne of goods Free. But in case that any of the forenamed Persons shall not haue occasion for the transportation of soe many goods as his money shall Ammount unto, that then the said Daniell is to make them payment of the remainder of the money by the end of two years next ensueing the date hereof and likewise this vessell shall be for the use of the Plantacion and that the said Daniel shall not sell this vessel without the consent of the major pt of the Company. And that the vessell shall be redy at the Towne of Lynne to Transport such goods as the Afforesaid undertakers shall Appoint. That is to say, three tymes in the yeare.

Furthermore If In case that any person or persons shall not haue occasion to Transport any goods, that then the said Daniell is to pay them their sommes or summes of money together with Allowance for A Tunne of goods & A person within the space of two years next ensueing the date hereof . . . . (Six lines illegible and mutilated.)

Furthermore as it is expressed formerly that [illegible] our Intended Plantation three tymes in the yeere wee [illegible] expressed the tymes, viz: the first in ye [illegible] the eighth month.

Furthermore for the rates of person's goods and chattells that if there prove any Difference between us the said undertakers and the said Daniell How that then it shall be referred to two men whom they and he shall chuse.

Furthermore forasmuch as Allen Breed Thomas Halsey and William Harker Are by the Consent of the Company into and for undertakers with us, Wee Edward Howell, Daniell How & Henry Walton have consigned three of our pts, that is, to each man a house lott, planting lott and farm answerable to the rest of ye undertakers for their disbursements of thue pounds a man, totts thus a one sol under [illegible] that is to say whereas Edward Howell has 4 lotts shall haue but two & Henry Walton for 2 lotts shall haue but one.

EDWARD HOWELL
DANIELL HOW
HENRY WALTON.

Forasmuch as wee Edward Howell, Edmond Farrington, Edmond Needham, Daniell How, Josias Stanborough, Thomas Saires, Job Saires, Georges Weeke and Henry Walton & Thomas Holder, Allen Breede, William Harker have disbursed fourscore pounds for the settling the Edward A Plantation and in regard wee have taken upon us to transporte at our own proper costs and charges all such persons as shall goe in the first voyage wherein [illegible] of the Company [illegible] shall go upon Discovery and search [illegible] Plantation and for therunto in regard all such pts [illegible] in or vessell the [illegible] of ladings Tuchinge goods a person at [illegible] meete that wee the [illegible] undertakers should not at any tymes hereafter by [illegible] any rates taxes or Impositions [illegible] upon any fenceings [illegible] houses [illegible] of brigges [illegible] or otherwise charged for any causes or reasons whatsoever during the time of our disbursements in our intended Plantation except yt in the fencing lot of planting Lot every man shall with his neighbours fence or cause to be fenced by the first day of April in shall [illegible] 1641.

Furthermore [illegible] delayeing to lay out the bounds of townes and all suche lands within the [illegible] lands [illegible] generally the [illegible] of Townes in this Country, [illegible] wee the said undertakers have thought goode to take upon us the disposition of all lands within our said [illegible] soe yt yt will be lawfull for A house Lot shall at all tymes from tyme to tyme hereafter determine to be a house Lott and for an Dwellinge house shall be builde upon it and those Lots yt [illegible] out for planting Lotts shall [illegible] any tyme [illegible] house Lotts whereby no [illegible] inhabitants ought be [illegible] and Planting lotts to the ouer charge of commons and the [illegible] of the Towne and yt alsoe what is layed out for common shall continue common and noe

man shall [illegible] upon it [illegible] hereby
—where [illegible]
[illegible] tym to [illegible] the will [illegible] or executing [illegible]
shall be [illegible]
[illegible] in the [illegible] shall [illegible] together [illegible] intirely.

Moreover [illegible] much [illegible] foure acres [illegible] much [illegible] except [illegible] by A[illegible] or other [illegible]

Further [illegible] any proper [illegible] buildings or possessions [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] waters whatsoever.

And whosoever shall fell any tree or trees in highwayes is either to grubb them up [illegible] the ground and [illegible] either fell [illegible] the body or bodyes [illegible] heapes so as the [illegible] any annoyyance.

Likewise [illegible] any tree [illegible] highwayes [illegible] or mediew [illegible] for yt end.

Furthermore [illegible] composition [illegible] fest his or [illegible] God shall please [illegible]

And it come to pass [illegible] pay or [illegible] chattell finds or [illegible] proportionally to [illegible] within the [illegible] they shall [illegible] time to time [illegible] may be require [illegible] assis[illegible] and [illegible]

Lastly we [illegible] of Inhabitants to [illegible] that we without any

kinde of reservation have every man free to chose and [illegible] all cases and contingencies [illegible] among them [illegible] ever it shall [illegible] assaulted [illegible] that then we [illegible] ourselves doe [illegible] received as [illegible] work of God to [illegible] our hearts.

		Ye marke of
	EDWARD HOWELL	EDMOND FARRINGTON
	EDMOND NEDHAM	THOMAS SAYRE
JOHN	JOSIAH STANBOROUGH	DANIEL HOW
COOPER	HENE WALTON	JOB SAYRE
	ALLEN BREAD	GEORGE WEBBE
	WILLIAM HARKEP	THOMAS HALSEY
	The marke of	PHILLIP . . . .
	THOMAS NEWELL	NATHANIEL . . . .
	JOHN FARRINGTON	THOMAS PALLINGTON
	Ye mark of	THOM TERRY
	RICHARD (.) (.) YATT	

ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS IN SAME BOOK FOLLOWING THE PRECEDING.

These are to give [illegible] all concerned of the [illegible] doe fully and [illegible] give our consent that John Cooper shall [illegible] admitted on [illegible] with [illegible] ourselves in all cases ye may consern our [illegible].

	EDWARD HOWELL
The marke of	[illegible] FARRINGTON
	EDMOND NEDHAM
	THOMAS HALSEY
The marke of	ALLEN WEEADE
	DANIEL HOWE
	HEN WALTON

A DECLARATION OF THE COMPANY.

Know all men whom these presents may consern or whomsoever it is expressed in our Articles that the planters [illegible] of Inhabitants [illegible] of us the said [illegible] meanewhiles, [illegible] according to our [illegible] stituted [illegible] done our power [illegible] receiving of [illegible] goods and [illegible] provided that [illegible] not doe any thing contrary to the true meaninge of the former articles.

Furthermore [illegible] it is expressed in A [illegible] Articles [illegible] Order of inhabitants [illegible] any help to barr [illegible] or to demolish [illegible] the priviledges of highways [illegible] five [illegible] were [illegible] from the plantation [illegible] in force but two years [illegible] as there [illegible] and then those shall [illegible] only for the three years [illegible] back again. . . . 4th [illegible] of 4th. . . . .

In witness of these two articles for govrnge we have sett to our hands.

The mark of EDMOND HARRINGTON	EDWARD [illegible]ELL
JOHN COOPER	THOMAS H[illegible]SEY
EDMUND NEEDHAM	DANIELL [illegible]
HENR WALTON	THOMAS SAYRE

A LIST OF ALL THE TOWNSMEN MAY 10TH, 1649.

MR. RAYNER	JOSIAH STANBOROUGH		MR. HOWELL
M. ODELL	THOMAS TALMAGE	Justices	(Edward)
THOMAS HALSEY	SAMUEL DAYTON		MR. TOPPING
JOHN HOWELL	THOMAS HAYES		ISAKE WILLMAN
JOHN COOPER	RICH'D POST		RICHARD BARRETT
THOMAS COOPER	THOMAS HILLBRETH		RICHARD SMITH
THOMAS SAYRE	HENRY PEARSON		THOMAS BURRITT
JOB SAYRE	JOHN WHITE		GEORGE W[illegible]
EDWARD JOINES	ELLIS COOKE		JOHN GOSBER
			WILLIAM ROGERS

2. DAMARIS,[2] daughter of Thomas Sayre, married David Atwater. (See Atwater.)

3. JONATHAN[3] ATWATER m. Ruth Peck.
4. MARY[4] ATWATER m. Isaac Dickerson.
5. MARY DEKNOWLAN m. Dea. John White.
6. HANNAH WHITE m. Robert Townshend.
7. NANCY[7] TOWNSHEND m. Augustus Maltby.
8. GEORGE[8] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

SCUDDER.

ELIZABETH SCUDDER (who was probably sister of John Scudder), married Samuel Lathrop. (See Lathrop.)

SELLECK.

In Lambert's History of the Colony of New Haven, page 139, is the following:

"Governor Eaton was the only son of Jonathan and Sarah Eaton, and grandson of Richard Eaton, of the first settlers of Stamford, from Wethersfield. Jonathan Eaton, Sarah Eaton, was [illegible] grandfather, Jonathan Selleck Eaton, one of the planters of Stamford."

The above statement is not reconcilable with the other records of the Eaton family, as far as the writer has seen, but as the statement is made, it seems right to make note of it.

SHEAFE.

MARGARET, daughter of Dr. Edward Sheafe, of Cranbrook, Kent Co., Eng., married Robert Kitchell. (See Kitchell.)

STRATTON.

ELIZABETH STRATTON was the wife of Robert Williams, Roxbury, 1637. (See Williams.)

STRONG.

Taken in part from Dwight's Strong Genealogy.

The Strong family of England was originally located in the County of Salop. One of the family married an heiress of Griffith, of the County of Carmarthen, Wales, and went thither to reside in 1545. [illegible] Strong [illegible] of the family, and was born in the County of Carmarthen, in 1561. In 15[illegible] removed to Taunton, Somersetshire, where he died in 1615, leaving a [illegible] age, and a [illegible] Eleanor.

1. JOHN STRONG was born in Taunton, Eng., [illegible], whence he came [illegible] to Boston, [illegible] Having strong Puritan [illegible]

for the new world, March 20, 1630, in company with 140 persons, among them Rev. Messrs. John Warham and John Maverick, and Messrs. John Mason and Roger Clapp, in the ship "Mary and John," and arrived at Nantasket, Mass., (Hull) on Sunday, May 30, 1630. The original destination of the ship was Virginia; but an unfortunate misunderstanding which arose between the captain and the passengers, resulted in their being put summarily ashore by him at Nantasket. After searching for a few days for a good place in which to settle, they decided upon the spot which they called Dorchester.

The grandfather of Elder John Strong was, as tradition informs us, a Roman Catholic, and lived to a great age.

In 1635, after having assisted in founding and developing the town of Dorchester, John Strong removed to Hingham, Mass., and on March 9, 1636, took the freeman's oath at Boston. His stay at Hingham was short, as on Dec. 4, 1638, he is found to have been an inhabitant and proprietor of Taunton, Mass., and to have been made in that year a freeman of Plymouth Colony. He remained at Taunton as late, at any rate, as 1645, as he was a deputy thence to the General Court in Plymouth in 1641-3-4. From Taunton he removed to Windsor, Conn., where he was appointed with four others, Capt. John Mason, Roger Ludlow, Israel Stoughton, and Henry Wolcott, all very leading men in the Bay colony, to "superintend and bring forward the settlement of that place." In 1659 he removed from Windsor to Northampton, Mass., of which he was one of the first and most active founders, as he had been previously of Dorchester, Hingham, Taunton, and Windsor. In Northampton he lived for forty years, and was a leading man in the affairs of the town and of the church. He was a tanner and very prosperous in his business. He owned at different times, as appears by records in the county clerk's office, some two hundred acres of land in and around Northampton. How he obtained his official title as Elder John Strong will appear by the following quotation from the church records at Northampton: "After solemn and extraordinary seeking to God for his direction and blessing, the church chose John Strong ruling elder, and William Holton,

deacon. They were ordained 13 : 3 mo : '63" (or, the year beginning then in March, June 13, 1663, O. Y., or N. Y. June 24, 1663); "the elder", by the imposition of the hands of the pastor" Rev. Eleazer Mather; "and Mr. Russell, of Hadley—the deacon, were ordained by the imposition of the pastor and of the elder. Mr. Russell, Mr. Goodwin, and brother Goodman were present from Hadley: Dea. Clapin and Mr. Holyoke, from Springfield, who gave the right hand of fellowship to these delegates." How near to the minister himself, so greatly revered, the ruling elder stood in the thoughts of our Pilgrim fathers, is manifest from the functions of his office, as described in the following church record, under date of Sept. 11, 1672: "Solomon Stoddard was ordained pastor of the church in Northampton by Mr. John Strong, ruling elder, and Mr. John Whiting, pastor of the second church in Hartford."

His first wife, whose name and family are not known by the writer, he married in England. She died on the passage, or soon after landing. He married for a second wife, in December, 1630, Abigail Ford, of Dorchester, Mass. She died July 6, 1688. He died April 14, 1699.

CHILDREN:

JOHN[3], b. in Eng. 1626; d. at Windsor, Conn. Feb. 20, 1698.

AN INFANT, d. in Dorchester, Mass., 1630, a few months old.

BY 2D WIFE:

THOMAS, b. 1632; d. Oct. 3, 1689.

JEDEDIAH, b. May 7, 1637; d. May 22, 1733.

JOSIAH, b. a. 1640; d. young.

REUBEN, b. a. 1641; d. Aug. 9, 1726.

ELIZA ENDURED, b. 1643; d. Nov. 11, 1739.

ABIGAIL, b. a. 1645; m. Rev. Nathaniel Chauncey, of Hatfield, Mass.; and for 2d husband, Dea. Medad Pomeroy.

ELIZABETH, b. Windsor, Conn., Feb. 24, 1647; d. May 12, 1756; m. Joseph Parsons, Esq. of Northampton.

EXPERIENCE, b. Windsor, Conn., Aug. 4, 1650; m. Jerubbabel Filer.

SAMUEL, b. Aug. 5, 1652; d. Oct. 29, 1732.

JOSEPH, b. Aug. 5, 1652; d. young.

MARY, b. Oct. 26, 1654; m. Dea. John Clark, of Northampton; d. Dec. 8, 1738.

SARAH, b. 1656; m. Joseph Barnard, of Hadley, Mass.; d. Feb. 10, 1733.

HANNAH, b. May 30, 1659; m. William Clark, of Northampton (brother of Dea. John Clark); d. Jan. 31, 1693-4.

HESTER, b. Dec. 7, 1731, in Northampton; m. Thomas Griffith, of Windsor, Oct. 4, 1756.

THANKFUL, b. July 2, 1734; m. Jonathan Baldwin, of Milford, Conn.

JERIJAH, b. 1736; m. 1761; d. April 24, 1764.

2. THANKFUL[6] STRONG, born July 25, 1706; married Sergt. Jonathan Baldwin, of Milford, Conn. (See Baldwin.)

3. HANNAH[7] BALDWIN m. Jonah Fowler.
4. ELIZABETH[7] FOWLER m. Benjamin Maltby.
5. COL. STEPHEN[7] MALTBY m. Abigail Williams.
6. AUGUSTUS[6] MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
7. GEORGE[7] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

TOWNSHEND.

(From the Townshend Genealogy.—Capt. Charles Townshend.)

Arms: Az. a chev. erm. bet. three escallops Ar.
Crest: A stag. ppr.
Motto: Haec generi incrementa fides.

The Town-shend families of England and America are of mixed Saxon and Norman origin and of great antiquity in the County Norfolk, Eng.

Walter Atte Townshende, son of Sir Ludovic de Townshende, a Norman nobleman, whom Collins in his Peerage of England puts at the head of this family, flourished soon after the Conquest. Sir Ludovic married Elizabeth de Hauteville, sole heiress of the manors of Raynham, of the famous family of de Hauteville or Haville. This family was possessed of a considerable property, a portion of which by this marriage came to the Townshend family.

As the early records are somewhat disjointed this pedigree will begin with:

1. ROGER[1] DE TOWNSHENDE, who married Catharine, daughter of John Atherton.

2. SIR THOMAS[2] DE TOWNSHEND, son of Roger[1] de Townshend, who married Agnes, daughter of William Payne, gentleman. This Sir Thomas was buried in the choir of White Friar's Church in Fleet street, London, April 1, 1421.

3. Roger Townshend, son and heir of Sir Roger, married Eleanor, daughter of Sir Thomas Gigges, of Rougham, Norfolk.

4. John Townshend, second heir of Roger, married Joan, daughter and heir of Sir Robert Lunsford, of Raynham, in County Essex. He died February 16, 1463. He orders his "body to be buried in the middle of the chapel of St. Mary's, Raynham," etc. By this match the Townshend family have right to bear the arms of Lunsford, Barrington, Belhouse, Marcy, Manderville, Earl of Essex, &c.

5. Roger Townshend, Esq., son and heir, was entered a student of Lincoln's Inn, and elected a governor and lent reader 1431. In 1448 was trustee in purchasing the Lordship at Wickingham, St. Mary's. In 1472 was member of Parliament of Oakes, in Wiltshire; and in 1478 for purchased the remainder of the Lordship of Harvile, Raynham, so that the whole estate was then in the family.

In 1477 he was called to the degree of serjeant-at-law; in 1480 summoned to be an assistant to the House of Lords in Parliament; and in 1485 was made king's serjeant-at-law, and the year following was appointed a justice of the common pleas. King Henry VII renewed his patent, and knighted him in his chamber at Worcester, on Whitsunday before the coronation.

Sir Roger dates his will Aug. 14, 1492; proved 1495. He leaves legacies to his daughter, an infant son Thomas, and makes Eleanor, his wife, executrix and guardian to his eldest son Roger, in whom he entails his property.

6. Roger Townshend, eldest son of the Judge, was bred to the law, and among other gentlemen of worth and quality of the County Norfolk, was appointed a commissioner by act of Parliament for raising the sum of £100,000 by a poll-tax in 1513, for defraying the expense of taking Terouenne and Tourney. In 1518 he was appointed to serve the king with men-at-arms; was sheriff of Norfolk and Suffolk, 1511, 1515, 1525, an honor of the masters of the courts of request in 1529, serving also the same year as one of the King's Council with

the Bishop of Lincoln. On July 2, 1539, he attended the Duke of Norfolk at the marriage recount of King Henry VIII, and was knighted 1544, in the course of the king from Boulogne, and on the death of that monarch, was commissioned to take care of the coasts of the County Norfolk. He was a gentleman of great accomplishments, both at home and at court, and was a man of high rank and wealth. His wife was Anne, daughter and coheiress of Sir William de Brewse, who was from a very ancient family which held by descent a great estate, and brought with it high honors, she being connected by birth with many of the ancient nobility.

7. Sir Robert Townshend, 2d son of Sir Roger and Anne de Brewse, married Alice, daughter of Robert Poppy, Esq., of Twyford, County Norfolk. This Robert in his father's will is called, "Sir Robert Townshend, Kn.," and he be provided him his "Cheyne of Gold."

Sir Robert was of the Society of Lincoln's Inn, in the early part of the reign of King Henry VIII, becoming as eminent as his ancestor in the study of law, and with his father attended the Duke of Norfolk at the reception of Lady Anne, daughter of John, Duke of Cleves, who married King Henry VIII, Jan 1, 1539. He was afterwards made King's serjeant-at-law, 1541, and knighted by Henry VIII, at Hampton Court, on Trinity Sunday, 1545, and the same year made Lord Chief Justice of Chester, in which post he was continued by King Edward VI and Queen Mary. He deceased Feb. 8, 1556-6, possessed of the manor and rectory of Twyford and Gayst, an advowson of two rectories of the churches, the manors of Sergeaton, Fordley, and Stanfield in Norfolk, and the priory and manor of St. Augustine in Ludlow, Salop. Sir Robert was buried in the high chancel of Ludlow church, in an altar tomb which is a remarkable example of an early and very rich classic monument of the times. On the top of it, cut in marble, are the full-length recumbent figures of himself dressed in full armor, and his lady in the costume of the day, while figures of his children surround the base of the tomb. Over the mural tablet, built in the solid masonry of the chancel, is a beautiful Gothic arch, and the family crest, a lack trip-

pent crowns the whole fabric, which is decorated with escallop shells and other insignia of the family. Above the monument, on the walls are the Townsend arms, quartered with those of Harleville, de Bracon, Gobion, Lunsford, Sidebury, Cornwall, Carew, Poppy, Arundel, and others; and below, in the Gothic window of stained glass is this inscription: "Memento Mori Respice Finem," A. D. 1581, and around the coping of the top of the tomb: "Here lyeth the body of Sir Robert Townshende, Knight, Chief Justice of the Councill in the Marches of Wales & Chester, and Dame Alice, his wife, daughter and one of the heirs of Robert Poppy, Esq., who had between them 12 children, 6 sons and 6 daughters (wicfully forgotten." On the paneling of the monument are the names of his children, but time has obliterated most of them. The names, however, of Thomas, Robert, Isaac and Henry are still visible. This Sir Robert Townshend died at Salop, Feb. 8, 1576, and from an inquisition taken at Norwich, Norfolk, Apr. 26, 1555, and at Salop, 11th of August following, Thomas Townsend of Bracon-Ash, Norfolk, Eng., was found to be his heir, who was at that time "22 years of age and more," and was seized of the Manors of Sutton, Swanton and Folsham, in Folsham, with Foxley Manor in Twyford, which came to him by Alice, his mother, daughter and heir of Robert Poppy, Esq.

8. Thomas[8] Townshend, Esq., eldest son of Sir Robert,[7] in 1558 presented the advowson of the church of Twyford, and in 1568, he passed this Manor to Rowland Heyward. He was married at Bedingham, Nov. 27, 1558, to his first wife, the Lady Elizabeth Styles, daughter of George Pericute, Gentleman, of Digswell, County Hertford, grandson of Lavenham, County Suffolk, will proved A. D. 1532, and who was brother of Sir John Pericute, and descended from John Pericute, of Digswell, Esq., and wife Joan, daughter of Thomas Mauleverer, "a man of great name under King Henry IV, who married Matilda de Eure of noble seed in County York." Elizabeth Pericute was the widow of Sir Hamlet Styles.

He was afterwards Lord of the Manors of Hothill, Pennes, Stanfield Hall, Carlton Curson, Carlton Peverel, and held in-

terest in other manors, and the advowsons of the Church of Braceu-Ash. He [illegible] the [illegible] Hardy P[illegible] of [illegible] Norfolk, [illegible] year following. He [illegible] [illegible] the city. On Aug. [illegible] Queen Elizabeth at Br[illegible] [illegible] Queen her progress [illegible] for this family's Popish proclivities (See Fuller's Worthies) he would probably have been knighted.

9. HENRY[8] TOWNSHEND, "Gentleman," son of Thomas,[7] bapt. 1568; married Mary, [illegible] daughter of Robert Forbe, D.C.L., LL.D., Nov. 5, 1590; should [illegible] 1596. Family tradition informs us, and other evidences [illegible], that the estates of Henry Townshend [illegible] before the death of his father, and he sold Braceu-Ash to Sir Edward Forbe in 1598. A portion of the [illegible] of his life was probably spent at Gedding, near Edwardston and Groton, County Suffolk.

10. I. THOMAS[9], 3d son of Henry,[8] was born at Braceu-Ash, and after the sale of the Norfolk estates he resided at Gedding, County Suffolk, until his majority, when he moved to the neighborhood of Lynn, where his uncle, Thomas Forbe, Esq., resided. (Thomas Forbe was son and heir of Robert Forbe, D.C.L., LL.D., whose [illegible] was [illegible] at St. Gregory's Church, near St. Paul's, with heraldic [illegible] Oct. 13, 1576, at [illegible] aged 34 of [illegible] school of [illegible] estate in [illegible] [illegible] of Levehaes in [illegible] of Bower and [illegible] in Croydon, both [illegible] County, in Surrey.)

Tradition and family records inform us that Mr. Thomas Townshend came from London and settled at Lynn, in the colony of Mass., [illegible] 1637–8. He was granted 60 acres of land [illegible] and others for the [illegible] of Lynn in 1638, and [illegible] other lands near the iron-works and at Ramsey Marsh, Oakley.

He is called in the records "husbandman," which occupation many [illegible] of good families chose, and not being [illegible]

people, the most successful with their business. [illegible] a freeman March 14, 1690, and from [illegible] and [illegible] have [illegible]

[illegible] 12, 1677, [illegible] the house of his son Andrew, Feb. 28, 1692.

11. 2. S[illegible], born in [illegible] about 1688, settled in Wilmington or [illegible], Mass., where he held several important offices. He [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] and [illegible] 1688, of the family [illegible] and [illegible] we have [illegible] was a respected and prosperous man. He was [illegible] town [illegible]. From the [illegible] to have [illegible] property [illegible]

Mr. Tw[illegible] died [illegible] in [illegible] burying-ground at [illegible] March [illegible] graves [illegible] Dec. 21, 17[illegible]. His wife, Ab[illegible] D[illegible] of [illegible] Hoyt, [illegible] the Congr. [illegible] died Jan. 2, 1728-9, [illegible] other.

12. 3. Isaac [illegible] Andrew, [illegible] M[illegible] married Ann [illegible], Jan. 6, 17[illegible] [illegible] settled [illegible] He [illegible] County, [illegible] 10, 1717-18, [illegible] tain Edmund [illegible] Sir Alan of Boston, Nov. [illegible], 1726, aged 50.

13. 4. E[illegible], born in P[illegible], June 25, 1716; married Elizabeth Larimore; with his brother Jeremiah [illegible] to New Haven, Conn., in 1739. He was a soldier, and built the old court or colony house on the New Haven Green. He died Dec. 20, 1775. His wife died August 30, 1784.

14. 5. R[illegible], born Aug. 14, 17[illegible]; married [illegible] July 19, 1771, Hannah, daughter of John Willes; died Nov. 14, 1806.

15. 6. NANCY[6] TOWNSHEND, born Aug. 29, 1788; married Augustus Maltby. She died in Dobbs Ferr, New York. (See Maltby.)

16. 7. GEORGE[6] WILLIAMS MALTBY, m. Sarah Bogart.

WALKER.

1. JOHN[1] WALKER, settler of New Haven, had wife Grace ———. He died 1651–2, and his widow married Edward Watson.

2. HANNAH[2], daughter of John and Grace Walker, baptized 1646; married, May, 1668, Samuel Hall. (See Hall.)

3. JOHN[2] HALL m. Mary Lyon.
4. REV. SAMUEL[2] HALL m. Anne Law.
5. ANNE[3] H. m. 1st, Rev. Warham Williams.
6. ABIGAIL[3] WILLIAMS m. Col. Stephen Maltby.
7. AUGUSTUS[4] MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
8. GEORGE[5] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogert.

WARHAM.

(From Stiles' History of Windsor.)

1. REV. JOHN[1] WARHAM was an eminent minister of the Church of England, in Exeter, and eminent in character. The Rev. George C. Wilson (Hart. Co. Mem. Hist., 506) says: "Mr. Warham was doubtless descended from the same stock with William Warham, D.D. and LL.D., Archbishop of Canterbury, consecrated in 1502.

The Archbishop had a brother John, whose grandson also bore that name. A branch of this family settled in Dorset, where for several generations the name of John Warham is met with, until 1647, when one of that name sold an estate in that shire.

There can be but little doubt that he belonged to this family." He was a graduate of Oxford.

"Among the many noted persons who have descended from Rev. John Warham, may be mentioned Rev. Jonathan Edwards; Rev. Timothy Dwight, D.D.; Judge Joan Trum-

ball, LL.D.; Aaron Burr; Gen. William Williams, signer of the Declaration of Independence; Hon. John Sullivan; Rev. Samuel Wi[illegible], D.D.; Rev. Jo[illegible] Langdon Wood[illegible]bridge, D.D.; Ex-P[illegible] Albert Wo[illegible]; Hon. Gouverneur Morris; Henry Morris, S[illegible]; Rev. R. F. Stu[illegible], D.D.; [illegible] Stoddard; the historian; Grace Greenwood; Rev. Wa[illegible] T. Sherman; [illegible] Williams; [illegible] Colonel; Dr. wife of Prof. Yale; [illegible] of the Berkeley Divinity School, and her sister. Susan Coolidge; Aesop the poet; Dr. Gardiner Spring; Elizabeth Stuart Phelps; Rev. Dr. Todd, of New Haven."

2. Esther[2] Warham, daughter of Rev. John[1] Warham, married Rev. Eleazer Mather, of Northampton, Sept. 29, 1659. After his [illegible] married his success[illegible] in the ministry at Northampton, Rev. Solomon Stoddard. (See Mather.)

3. Eunice[2] Mather, only daughter of Rev. Eleazer and Esther (*Warham*) Mather, m. Rev. John Williams.

4. Rev. Stephen[3] Williams m. Abigail Davenport.

5. Rev. Warham[3] Williams m. Anne Hull.

6. Abigail[3] Williams m. C. I. Stephen Meldw.

7. Augustus[3] Maltby m. Nancy Townshend.

8. George[3] Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogart.

WHITE.

1. Elder John[1] White was one of the first settlers of Cambridge, Mass., of Hartford, Conn., and of Hadley, Mass. He was probably of Chelmsford, Essex Co., Eng., and came to America in the [illegible] "Lion," June, 1632. [illegible] Hall, the Library building of Harvard College, stands on what was once his cow-yard.

In February, 1635, Cambridge made its first election of a board of seven men to do the whole business of the town. John White was one of the number chosen. His associates were John Barnes, Simon Bradstreet, John Taylor, William Westwood, William Wi[illegible]wood, [illegible] John Cousland, all of them prominent and influential men. In 1636 he removed to Hartford, Conn. The Charter Oak cast its evening shadow on his house.

At Hartford he was again [illegible] in 1639 he was [illegible] to remove to Hadley, Mass. He was [illegible] in 1670 he [illegible] to Hartford [illegible] South Church.

His wife [illegible] Mary ———. Hadley, 1683-4.

CHILDREN:

MARY, b. in Essex, about 1625; m. [illegible]

NATHANIEL, b. in Essex, 1629; m. 1st, Elizabeth ———. 2d, Mrs. Martha Moulton, Aug. 27, 1701.

JOHN, b. about 1632; m. Sarah Barnes; d. Sept. 1667.

DANIEL, b. [illegible]; m. [illegible]; d. [illegible] 27, 1707.

SARAH, b. [illegible]; m. [illegible] Taylor; 2d, Benjamin Hinsdale; 3d, Walter Gleason.

JACOB, b. [illegible]; m. Elizabeth Barnes; d. 1701.

2. CAPT. NATHANIEL WHITE, Elder son of Ensign John White, [illegible] before the family [illegible] Nov. 4, [illegible]. He was an original proprietor and first settler of Middletown.

He early acquired great influence; was a magistrate and commissioner and [illegible] of the town. He was elected a Representative to the General Court [illegible] being [illegible] Aug. 27, 1711. He married [illegible], who was the mother of his eight children. He married 2d, Mrs. Martha Mould, widow of [illegible], and daughter of John Cole. She died April 14th, 1730, aged about eighty-six.

3. ENSIGN DANIEL WHITE, son of Capt. Nathaniel White, was born at Middletown, Upper Houses, Feb. 23, 1661. He lived in his native place and was chosen a townsman, or selectman of Middletown in 1690, and a juror [illegible] in 1701. He died Dec. 18, 1730. He married, March 16, 1683, Sarah Mould, daughter of Hugh Mould of New London. Her mother, Martha Cole, became the 2d wife of Capt. Nathaniel White.

4. CAPT. JOHN WHITE, son of Ensign Daniel, born Nov. 27, 1692, married Sustina [illegible] daughter of Hon. John Alling; died Jan. 15, 1773. He was a [illegible] captain.

5. Dea. John Wright, son of Capt. John Wright, [illegible], New Haven, Mar. 19, 1722; settled in Wallingford, [illegible] married Dec. 27, 1744. Mary died [illegible] Dec. 21, 1807. He was buried [illegible] cemetery.

6. Hannah, daughter of Dea. John Wright, [illegible] Nov. [illegible], 1749; died Sep. 20, 1803; married Robert Townshend. See Townshend.

7. Nancy Townshend m. Augustus Maltby.
8. George Williams Maltby m. Sarah Bogart.

WILLIAMS.

[Extract part from "History of the Ancient Family of Williams," p. 87, [illegible]]

"The [illegible] Gules. [illegible] shire, and Maria [illegible] same. [illegible] daughter [illegible] of Matthew, [illegible] This coat [illegible] This coat [illegible] Williams."

1. R[illegible] Williams, of Rodbury, [illegible] Norrice, in England, though there is no [illegible] of this. It's [illegible] probably [illegible] a freeman [illegible] in Wolbury, [illegible].

Robert Williams [illegible] free school, the [illegible] United States, and the [illegible] continued [illegible] Rodbury free school and Latin School fund is [illegible] the deed of Robert Williams and Wm. Pease [illegible] pay for [illegible] money, [illegible] figures.

His [illegible] Stratton. [illegible] her in [illegible] six years [illegible] Jan. [illegible] 1674. He married [illegible] Mary Strong, [illegible] in Feb. Mr. Robert Williams died at Rodbury, Sep. 4, 1683. His

graves [illegible] found in the Roxbury burying-ground, though those of Elizabeth, his wife, who died in 1676, and of his son, Samuel, who died in 1678, [illegible]. The children of Mr. Robert Williams and his wife, Elizabeth Stratton, were:

SAMUEL², b. 1632.
ISAAC², b. 1638.
STEPHEN², b. 1640.
THOMAS², d. young.

2. SAMUEL² eldest son of Robert¹ and Elizabeth (*Stratton*) Williams, was born in 1632, probably in England, as it cannot be positively ascertained that his father came to America before 1638. Samuel settled in Roxbury, and became a freeman in March, 1658. He was a man of considerable repute, and held the office of Deacon in the church in that place for many years, which was then considered a distinguished honor. He married Theodora Park, daughter of Deacon William Park, of Roxbury, who was a man of property and influence in that town, and represented the town in legislature for many years. Deacon Samuel Williams died Sept. 28, 1689. His widow married Stephen Peck, and died Aug. 23, 1718, aged 81. The children of Deac. Samuel and Theodora (*Park*) Williams were:

ELIZABETH³, b. Feb. 1, 1654; d. Mar. 10, 1674.
SAMUEL³, b. Apr. 15, 1655; d. Aug. 8, 1757; m. Sarah May. (2. Dorothy Dennison, a widow, whose children were Abel.
MARTHA³, b. Aug. 29, 1657; b. Feb., 1660.
ELIZABETH³, b. Feb. 11, 1660; m. Stephen Paine.
THEODORA³, b. May 21, 16[illegible]; d. 1685.
JOHN³, b. Dec. [illegible], 1670; [illegible] of Deerfield; Harv. Coll. [illegible]
EBENEZER³, b. Feb. 6, 1673; Rev. of Lyme, Conn.
DEBORAH³, b. Nov. [illegible], 1683; m. Joseph Warren. She was grandmother of Gen. Joseph Warren, who fell at Bunker Hill, June 17, 1775.
MARTHA³, b. May 19, 1671; m. Jonathan Hunt.
ABIGAIL³, b. July 12, 1674; m. Experience Porter.
PARK³, b. Jan. 11, 1676. Removed to Lebanon, Conn.; wife's name, Priscilla.

3. REV. JOHN³ WILLIAMS, the Redeemed Captive, son of Deac. Samuel² and Theodora (*Park*) Williams, was born at Roxbury, Mass., Dec. 19, 1664. He early directed his attention to study.

Through the munificence of his maternal grandfather, Dea. William Park, he was educated at Harvard College, [illegible] graduated there in the year 1683, at the age [illegible]. He soon after commenced the study of divinity, and became the first minister of Deerfield in the settlement there. [illegible] after Mr. Williams' settlement in Deerfield, he married Mrs. Eunice Mather, daughter of Rev. Eleazar and Esther (Hubbard) Mather, of Northampton. Mrs. Eunice Mather, on her mother's side was granddaughter of the Rev. John Wareham, of Windsor, Conn. The whole of the family of Rev. John Williams, with the exception of his oldest son, who was absent from Deerfield at the time, were captured by the French and Indians, Feb. 29, 1704. His two youngest children were murdered by them at the same time, as was also a faithful domestic. After plundering and burning the town, Major De Rouville collected the prisoners and commenced his march with them to Canada. On the second day of the journey, Mrs. Eunice Williams, being weak from a recent illness, and unable to travel further, the blood-thirsty savage tomahawked her who had the care of her sick child, and left her lying in the snow. Shortly after this her body was found by a party of men from Deerfield, brought back, and buried in the town burying ground, and the gravestone, containing the following inscription is still to be seen there: "Here lies the body of Mrs. Eunice Williams, the virtuous and amiable consort of the Rev. John Williams, and daughter of Rev. Eleazar and Mrs. Esther Mather, of Northampton. She was born Aug. 2, 1664, and fell by the rage of the barbarous enemy, March 1, 1704. Her children [illegible] collected [illegible]." The Rev. John Williams (with thirty-seven other prisoners, including two of Mr. Williams' children) was redeemed from captivity, and left Quebec on the 25th of October, 1706, and arrived in Boston on the 21st of November. His daughter Eunice still remained in captivity. Mr. Williams did not [illegible] return to Deerfield after his return from both the French and Indians. He probably had some [illegible] in the ministry [illegible] the 30th of November, 1706, three or four days after his arrival in Boston, the town of Deerfield chose commissioners to go [illegible] to the Bay for

them, and in their belief to act and [illegible] in order to his reconciliation with those [illegible] the work of the ministry. Mr. Williams, [illegible] the call, although [illegible] and the [illegible].

Mr. Williams married [illegible] a widow in Deerfield, Mrs. Abigail Allen, of Windsor, Conn., a cousin of his former wife.

About the year 1709, Mr. Williams was earnestly solicited to accept the office of Chaplain in the army in the expedition against Canada under Gen. Hill and Admiral Walker. He had been previously requested to accompany the expedition against Port Royal, under the command of Col. Marsh, with seven hundred men, in the year 1707. Soon after he was appointed Chaplain in the expedition to Canada, under the command of Col. Seymour, for the purpose of redeeming prisoners, but [illegible] was successful in redeeming many of his fellow-citizens, but he could not obtain Eunice, daughter of Mr. Williams.

Mr. Williams for many years [illegible] of his attention to the pursuits of science and literature. For the time in which he lived, he was a writer of no mean ability. One of his published works is the "Redemption Captive returning to Zion," in which he gives an account of his capacity and sufferings.

Mr. Williams died at Deerfield, on the 12th of June, 1729, in the 85th year of his age, and the 44th of his ministry. Abigail, his second wife, died June 21, 1734, and is buried by the side of her husband, the [illegible] at Deerfield. She was born Oct. 17, 1672. The children of Rev. John Williams were:

ELIAKIM, d. young.

REV. ELEAZER, b. July 1, 1685; d. Sept. 21, 1742; Harv. Coll. 1708; m. Mary H. [illegible].

SAMUEL, b. Jan. 4, 1689; d. June 19, 1713; taken captive with his father in 1704.

ESTHER, b. Apr. 10, 1691; d. Nov. 12, 1751; taken captive 1704; m. Rev. Joseph [illegible] of [illegible].

REV. STEPHEN, b. May 14, 1693; d. June 19, 1782; Harv. Coll. 1713; taken captive 1704; m. Abigail Davenport.

EUNICE[4], b. Sept. 26, 1696; d. in captivity about [illegible] 90.

REV. WARHAM[4], b. Sept. 7, 1698; d. June 22, 1771; Harv. Coll. 1719; captive in 1704; was [illegible] [illegible].

JOHN[4], b. Jan. 17, 1702-4; killed by the Indians, 1704.

ELIAKIM[3d], d. young. (Probably the other child who was killed by the Indians.)

The children of Rev. John Williams and his 2d wife, Abigail Allen, were:

ABIGAIL[4], b. Sept. 1708; d. Dec. 3, 1781; m. Col. Hinsdale, the [illegible] of Hinsdale, New Hampshire; 3d, Col. Benj. Hall, of Cheshire; 3d, Col. Benj. Silliman, of Fairfield, Conn., grandfather of Prof. Benj. Silliman, of Yale College.

JOHN[4], b. Nov. 23, 1709; d. June 11, 1714.

ELIAKIM[4], b. Feb. 8, 1711.

MAJ. ELIJAH[4], b. Nov. 13, 1712; d. July 10, 1771; Harv. Coll. 1732; m. Lydia Dwight, of Hatfield; m. 2d, Margaret Pyncheon, d. of Col. William Pyncheon.

SARAH[4], b. Sept. 1716; d. Jan. 25, 1734.

4. REV. STEPHEN[4] WILLIAMS, son of Rev. John[3] and Eunice (*Mather*) Williams, was born May 14, 1693. He was taken captive in 1704, with his father, and carried to Canada. He was redeemed and returned to Boston, Nov. 21, 1705.

Mr. Stephen W. Williams in his History of the Williams Family says:

"He wrote the following narrative of his captivity and sufferings soon after his return, which I copied from his own hand-writing, and published in the appendix to my Sermon of his father. It is certainly very curious, as being written by a boy, and well worthy of a place in this notice of him."

ACCOUNT OF THE CAPTIVITY OF THE REV. DR. STEPHEN WILLIAMS.

(*Written by himself.*)

WHAT BEFEL STEPHEN WILLIAMS IN HIS CAPTIVITY.

"On the last of February, 1703-4, the French and Indians came [illegible] surprised our fort [illegible] took us prisoners [illegible] then marched away with as much [illegible] our [illegible] and barn on fire, as they did the greatest part of the town.

When the greatest part of the enemy was gathered out of the town, there came some English from the next town that drove those Indians that [illegible] at the same [illegible] retreated. They then marched a little further and [illegible] several [illegible] they could [illegible] and they [illegible] they [illegible] about [illegible] master took [illegible] English [illegible] room of them [illegible] travel. [illegible] five or six [illegible] English-lishman ran back to Deerfield, which provoked them and they told us that if any more ran away they would burn [illegible]. Then they slew our negro man. The next morning we travelled about two or three miles [illegible] over a small river [illegible] being [illegible] nine miles further [illegible] for some had five or six [illegible] the captives [illegible] but I remained with my former master. [illegible] buckles which I had on my shoes [illegible] small river named West River [illegible] They murdered three persons [illegible] and dogs [illegible] men. They travelled, we thought [illegible], for they travelled thirty-five or forty miles a day.

Here they killed [illegible] women and children, for their manner was, if any [illegible] afraid they would kill me also. We rested on the Sabbath [illegible]; they gave [illegible] re-quested [illegible] The next day we travelled a great way farther than we [illegible] that were [illegible] in [illegible] up with them. [illegible] to prepare them-selves for [illegible] they shot a volley [illegible] not overtake them.

I, coming [illegible] he was taken [illegible] his ankle, [illegible] He said, likewise, he thought he should [illegible] to tell them [illegible] much, but it pleased the [illegible].

The next day [illegible] great [illegible] of my left [illegible] go down to the river [illegible] morning, which startled me, for he did [illegible] I went up one [illegible] and my master with my mother and sisters another.

I never saw my father for fourteen months. I did [illegible] the morning, yet [illegible] day. Yea, I trembled [illegible] old [illegible] mis- [illegible] corn, in [illegible] came to two [illegible] Indians, in [illegible] if perhaps they [illegible] so buried in the snow by the hooting Indians, but [illegible]

I wandered [illegible] myself, and hallooed. My master come to me, and was very [illegible] order to kill me, but God kept back his hand, for which I bless his name might be praised. [illegible] in the woods. To [illegible] wild creatures, which [illegible] Indian lad and I to [illegible] a hunting [illegible] that army. We [illegible] paunch and bones [illegible] boiled it with our [illegible] the broth. Then [illegible] two wigwams. My master [illegible] there. While we tarried [illegible] that were in the army [illegible] Within a day or [illegible] seven or eight miles [illegible] place where they [illegible] for their to [illegible] lie by them till [illegible] men of war to [illegible] come to [illegible] and [illegible] away alone that [illegible] Jacob Hix. [illegible] from hooting.

I went with [illegible] to my master's [illegible] tinued to [illegible] beavers. But when I first arrived there, they were [illegible] took care of my [illegible] work, gave me [illegible] but this [illegible] I travelled [illegible] wood, and [illegible] that manner I [illegible] but the [illegible]

We travelled with [illegible] rendezvous; but before [illegible] They told us that [illegible]

while a day or two [illegible] trees. [illegible] parting that place we [illegible] with [illegible] Indians, [illegible] Here [illegible] and skin and bones could [illegible] for he had been at [illegible] with the Indians [illegible] we suffered much for want of provision. [illegible] while I was hunting, we had meat enough, but neither bread nor salt to eat with it.

There was in company now, one Mr. Bradley of Haverhill and one Hannah E[illegible] Daniel A[illegible] and one Mrs. Jones, and Margaret Huggins, her maid, &c. who were taken at Northampton farms.

Now from hence we set away [illegible] my master had so much lumber to carry [illegible] a pack a mile or two, and go back and fetch another [illegible]. Jacob Hix died at the first carrying place [illegible] river. This was an exceedingly tedious march to me [illegible] loaded. The other Indians left us. I suffered much in this journey, for when we came to the French river, it was as much as our canoe could carry our lumber, the water was so shallow, so that I was forced to travel afoot on that bank, which cut out my shoes, my feet were sorely galled, and one of my toes almost cut off with stones. I had little or nothing to eat. My master killed a [illegible] which I laid [illegible] morsel to me. Then [illegible] we were supplied with [illegible]. The Indians [illegible] kill [illegible] with their bows and arrows [illegible]. Fish are easily taken with hooks. [illegible] fish with a [illegible] I arrived to [illegible] time I was taken. The French were kind to me, gave me bread, which I had not eaten in a great while. [illegible] brothers and sisters were got to Canada, which I was glad to hear of, for I was afraid my youngest brother was killed.

While I tarried here, a Frenchman came and desired the Indians to let me go with him, which they did. I went with the Frenchman, who gave me some victuals, and made me lie down on his couch, which my master's son perceiving, told his father, who thought he did it to hide me, and [illegible] carried me away, and would not let me go to the Frenchman's any more, for which I suffered. (While I was here the French dressed my feet that were wounded, at which the Indians seemed to be vexed.)

From hence we went to Sorel, but tarried a day [illegible] man's house, about three miles off, Shambloe, who was kind to me, [illegible] Sorel. [illegible] Frenchman's house, [illegible] Sorel and so [illegible] and so much to go [illegible]

[illegible] or two, not more, [illegible] visiting, which was about four score miles off. I went, and at a Frenchman's plantation tarried all night, and the next day about noon, when my master came for me; he was very angry with me, and [illegible] would never suffer me to go [illegible] St. Francis, the Indian fort. My master could ill [illegible] rites and customs, whereupon he went to Albany, and gave me to his kinsman, Sagamore George. Now this George when I was at Canada, told the French it was for that I was his property, [illegible] nothing to do with me, whereupon the Governor empowered one Mr. Shamblee, a certain, to buy me, who made a bargain with George, give him earnest money. Now being put into his house, [illegible] that the French would know it, but having a boat [illegible] to Shamblee, the place where [illegible] Shamblee [illegible] me with him, but will an ten miles [illegible] in the woods, while he, with those that were with him went to Shamblee.

After he came to Shamblee, we went a hunting, caught about eighty beaver in the creek which run into the river [illegible] Shamblee and Sorel. After we had done hunting we went again to St. Francis fort where I continued [illegible] smallpox was among the Indians, and my master's children had [illegible] it, so he [illegible] willing to go with him, at which the Indians were in [illegible] would not let [illegible] likewise threaten to kill me, and [illegible] who came and said [illegible]

It is no wonder that the children are shaid will not speak to their friends when they come to see them, but will scoff at and [illegible] them, because the Indians have so taught them, and will be angry if they do otherwise.

While I lived there, I observed that some English children would scoff at me when before the Indians, worse than the Indian children, but when alone they would talk familiarly with me in English, about their own country, &c., which was when before the Indians they would pretend that they could not speak English. Here the Indians did say something to me about [illegible] much, being eastern Indians were not so jealous as the Mattapassures.

The French governor when he heard I was in the country, because of my father's entreaties, was often sending to the Indians to buy me, [illegible] were quite wearied out, my master went to the Jesuits and got pen, ink, and paper, would have me write to my father for we had heard he was

learned, [illegible] I [illegible] and I [illegible] Indians [illegible] English [illegible] I [illegible] have [illegible]

My [illegible] with him. [illegible] time, he [illegible] buy [illegible] Canada, my [illegible] and lest the [illegible] up in the [illegible] might not [illegible] house to get [illegible] but it proves a [illegible] which is a [illegible] for [illegible] When she came [illegible] doing, [illegible] beat you [illegible] contrary, but will tell [illegible] word. He [illegible] several [illegible]

After a few days he comes again, and brings me a letter from my father, by which I understood he was a prisoner as soon as I [illegible] told the Indians, who said they believed it. He likewise said in his letter that [illegible] I would [illegible] redeemed.

Whilst I lived here, I put [illegible] weight of [illegible] with the sap of [illegible] Indians. [illegible] to go to Sorel, [illegible] to the sugar [illegible] I went [illegible] sugar, [illegible] it when it [illegible] would [illegible]

It being [illegible] we were [illegible] Sorel, and so soon as we got there, the [illegible] who [illegible] the river when I was there [illegible] and [illegible] to the fort, which [illegible] to do. [illegible] tarrying [illegible] leave. [illegible] them [illegible] fortnight, [illegible] provided [illegible] give [illegible] to carry to the Indians which pleased them well.

As we went back to St. Francis fort [illegible] told us that the French Governor [illegible] with me, [illegible] I was to [illegible].

When [illegible] I [illegible] the [illegible].

[illegible] several captives. [illegible] told me I [illegible] go home to New England with him. [illegible] and the Governor [illegible] until [illegible].

I went [illegible]. When I came to Quebec, I found several English people that were captives.

Here one Mr. [illegible] was like an [illegible]. He [illegible] shirt, and [illegible].

From hence on the [illegible] Chateauviche. [illegible] kind to [illegible] to me, [illegible] months. [illegible] up to Quebec. When we were at Quebec, [illegible] his house and entertained us very nobly. [illegible] at New England. While we were at Quebec, the Seminary, a famous building was burnt.

And upon Capt. Vetch and Mr. Dudley [illegible], the Governor gave me liberty to [illegible] on the [illegible] of October, 1705, but I [illegible] behind. And [illegible] in New England on the [illegible] be praised and adored [illegible] life, when I [illegible] the [illegible].

N. B. [illegible] drowned several times."

On his return from captivity he [illegible] at H[illegible] College, and was graduated from there in 17[illegible].

He was ordained [illegible] Long Meadow, [illegible] 1718. He served his country as chaplain for the armies in three campaigns: [illegible] 1745. [illegible] which he returned [illegible] of December, and [illegible] February, 1746.

He was at Lake George in the year 17[illegible], and was chaplain in the Regiment [illegible] Ephraim Williams [illegible]

the day on which he was killed, in the bloody battle of Lake George, Sept. 8, 1755. In 1753 [illegible] in the regular course, married Dr. Thomas Williams [illegible] 17[illegible]. He [illegible] home [illegible] [illegible] of Dartmouth College in 1773. He [illegible] manuscripts.

He was married soon after his graduation to Miss Abigail Davenport, of Stamford, daughter of the Rev. John Davenport of that place.

Their children were:

JOHN, b. Mar. 8, 1770; d. Apr. 1791; m. Ann [illegible].

REV. STEPHEN, b. Jan. 26, 1772; d. Apr. 1791; Y. C. 1742; m. Martha Ri[illegible].

EUNICE, b. Sept. 1, 1774; m. [illegible] 31, 1806; m. William Stebbins.

REV. WARREN, b. Jan. 5, 1776; [illegible]

ENSLEN SAMUEL, b. May 4, 1780; d. July 20, 1807; m. Lucy Burr. Their daughter Sarah m., 1798, Rev. Richard S. Storrs.

DAVENPORT, b. May 11, 1784; d. Oct. 18, 1[illegible]; [illegible] killed, as he was returning from the army, in which he held a Lieutenant's commission.

MARTHA, b. May, 1788; m. 1st Mr. Reynolds, 2d. Dr. Eve.

REV. NATHAN, D.D., b. Oct. 28, 1795; Y. C. d. 1[illegible]. Was minister at Tolland. He m. Mary, d. of Capt. Enoch Hall.

Abigail Davenport, wife of Rev. Stephen Williams, died Aug. 29, 1799. He married, 2d, Mrs. Sarah Bart, widow of Deac. Nathaniel Bart, and daughter of Deac. Joseph Chapin of Chicopee. The Rev. Dr. Williams died June 10, 1782, in his 90th year, [illegible] of his children.

Mrs. Sarah Williams died Nov. 19, 1799, aged 84. The Rev. Dr. Williams had seven sons, who were all present at his funeral.

5. REV. WARHAM WILLIAMS, son of Rev. Dr. Stephen and Abigail *Davenport* Williams, was born Jan. 7, 1726. He was graduated at Yale College, and settled in the Northfield parish in Deerfield, Conn., June 30, 1755, and was married Nov. 13, 1752, to Anne Hall, daughter of Rev. Samuel and Anne *Lord* Hall, of Guilford, and granddaughter of Gov. Jonathan and Anne *Leete* Law. She died March, 1776, and

the Rev. Dr. Williams married again to Mrs. Wilford, widow of Col. Nathan Wilford, who died in [illegible] Mr. [illegible] stall. Dr. Williams died April, 1788. He was for many years a member of the corporation of Yale College. The children of Rev. Dr. Warham and Anne (Hall) Williams were:

WARHAM[5], m. Ann Wilford.
SAMUEL[5] HALL.
JONATHAN[5] LAW.
DAVENPORT[5], m. Mary Atwater.
ANN[5], m. Rev. Jason Atwater; 2d. Rev. Lyndé Huntington; 3d. Rev. Mr. Barker.
WILLIAM[5] AUGUSTUS, m. Betsey Chapin, of Hatfield.
LUCY[5], m. Elihu Foote, of Northford.
ABIGAIL[5], d. ——.
ABIGAIL[5], b. 1772; d. Jan. 1, 1837; m. Col. Stephen Maltby.
EUNICE[5] KILBOURN COOK.
SAMUEL[5].
SARAH[5], b. Mar. 1776; m. Dr. Pyncheon.

6. ABIGAIL[5], daughter of Rev. Warham and Anne (Hall) Williams, born 1772; married Col. Stephen Maltby, of Northford, Conn. He was deacon in the church, and an eminent teacher of music, for those days. (See Maltby.)

7. AUGUSTUS[5] MALTBY m. Nancy Townshend.
8. GEORGE[5] WILLIAMS MALTBY m. Sarah Bogart.

WOLLEN.

JEANNE WOLLEN, born in England, married John Hall. (See Hall.)

WOLLEY.

ELIZABETH WOLLEY was the wife of Rev. John Davenport, Founder of New Haven, 1637. (See Davenport.)

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